

SHIRE OF EXMOUTH

# Attachments

Ordinary Council Meeting – 28 March 2019

Department of Local Government, Sport and Cultural Industries - Compliance Audit Return



# **Exmouth - Compliance Audit Return 2018**

# **Certified Copy of Return**

Please submit a signed copy to the Director General of the Department of Local Government, Sport and Cultural Industries together with a copy of section of relevant minutes.

No	Reference	Question	Response	Comments	Respondent
1	s3.59(2)(a)(b)(c) F&G Reg 7,9	Has the local government prepared a business plan for each major trading undertaking in 2018.	N/A	CEO	Michelle Head
2	s3.59(2)(a)(b)(c) F&G Reg 7,10	Has the local government prepared a business plan for each major land transaction that was not exempt in 2018.	N/A	CEO	Michelle Head
3	s3.59(2)(a)(b)(c) F&G Reg 7,10	Has the local government prepared a business plan before entering into each land transaction that was preparatory to entry into a major land transaction in 2018.	N/A	CEO	Michelle Head
4	s3.59(4)	Has the local government given Statewide public notice of each proposal to commence a major trading undertaking or enter into a major land transaction for 2018.	N/A	CEO	Michelle Head
5	s3.59(5)	Did the Council, during 2018, resolve to proceed with each major land transaction or trading undertaking by absolute majority.	N/A	CEO	Michelle Head



lo	Reference	Question	Response	Comments	Respondent
1	s5.16, 5.17, 5.18	Were all delegations to committees resolved by absolute majority.	N/A	CEO No delegation to committees where given.	Michelle Head
2	s5.16, 5.17, 5.18	Were all delegations to committees in writing.	N/A	CEO No delegation to committees where given.	Michelle Head
3	s5.16, 5.17, 5.18	Were all delegations to committees within the limits specified in section 5.17.	N/A	CEO No delegation to committees where given.	Michelle Head
4	s5.16, 5.17, 5.18	Were all delegations to committees recorded in a register of delegations.	N/A	CEO No delegation to committees where given.	Michelle Head
5	s5.18	Has Council reviewed delegations to its committees in the 2017/2018 financial year.	Yes	CEO Ordinary Council Meeting 22 August 2017	Michelle Head
6	s5.42(1),5.43 Admin Reg 18G	Did the powers and duties of the Council delegated to the CEO exclude those as listed in section 5.43 of the Act.	Yes	CEO	Michelle Head
7	s5.42(1)(2) Admin Reg 18G	Were all delegations to the CEO resolved by an absolute majority.	Yes	CEO	Michelle Head
8	s5.42(1)(2) Admin Reg 18G	Were all delegations to the CEO in writing.	Yes	CEO	Michelle Head
9	s5.44(2)	Were all delegations by the CEO to any employee in writing.	No	CEO Employee informed of delegations pertaining to the role, however no formal documentation was given at the time. Matter resolved and employee has written confirmation of delegation.	Michelle Head
10	s5.45(1)(b)	Were all decisions by the Council to amend or revoke a delegation made by absolute majority.	Yes	CEO	Michelle Head
11	s5.46(1)	Has the CEO kept a register of all delegations made under the Act to him and to other employees.	Yes	CEO	Michelle Head
12	s5.46(2)	Were all delegations made under Division 4 of Part 5 of the Act reviewed by the delegator at least once during the 2017/2018 financial year.	Yes	CEO	Michelle Head
13	s5.46(3) Admin Reg 19	Did all persons exercising a delegated power or duty under the Act keep, on all occasions, a written record as required.	Yes	CEO Exercised Delegation Register and Synergy	Michelle Head

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		Ouestion	Response Comments	Respondent



No	Reference	Question	Response	Comments	Respondent
1	s5.67	If a member disclosed an interest, did he/she ensure that they did not remain present to participate in any discussion or decision-making procedure relating to the matter in which the interest was disclosed (not including participation approvals granted under s5.68).	Yes	CEO	Michelle Head
2	s5.68(2)	Were all decisions made under section 5.68(1), and the extent of participation allowed, recorded in the minutes of Council and Committee meetings.	Yes	CEO	Michelle Head
3	s5.73	Were disclosures under section 5.65 or 5.70 recorded in the minutes of the meeting at which the disclosure was made.	Yes	CEO	Michelle Head
4	s5.75(1) Admin Reg 22 Form 2	Was a primary return lodged by all newly elected members within three months of their start day.	Yes	CEO	Michelle Head
5	s5.75(1) Admin Reg 22 Form 2	Was a primary return lodged by all newly designated employees within three months of their start day.	Yes	CEO	Michelle Head
6	s5.76(1) Admin Reg 23 Form 3	Was an annual return lodged by all continuing elected members by 31 August 2018.	Yes	CEO	Michelle Head
7	s5.76(1) Admin Reg 23 Form 3	Was an annual return lodged by all designated employees by 31 August 2018.	Yes	CEO	Michelle Head
8	s5.77	On receipt of a primary or annual return, did the CEO, (or the Mayor/ President in the case of the CEO's return) on all occasions, give written acknowledgment of having received the return.	Yes	CEO	Michelle Head
9	s5.88(1)(2) Admin Reg 28	Did the CEO keep a register of financial interests which contained the returns lodged under section 5.75 and 5.76	Yes	CEO	Michelle Head
10		Did the CEO keep a register of financial interests which contained a record of disclosures made under sections 5.65, 5.70 and 5.71, in the form prescribed in Administration Regulation 28.	Yes	CEO	Michelle Head
11	s5.88 (3)	Has the CEO removed all returns from the register when a person ceased to be a person required to lodge a return under section 5.75 or 5.76.	Yes	CEO	Michelle Head
12	s5.88(4)	Have all returns lodged under section 5.75 or 5.76 and removed from the register, been kept for a period of at least five years, after the person who lodged the return ceased to be a council member or designated employee.	Yes	CEO	Michelle Head



No	Reference	Question	Response	Comments	Respondent
13	s5.103 Admin Reg 34C & Rules of Conduct Reg 11	Where an elected member or an employee disclosed an interest in a matter discussed at a Council or committee meeting where there was a reasonable belief that the impartiality of the person having the interest would be adversely affected, was it recorded in the minutes.	N/A	CEO	Michelle Head
14	s5.70(2)	Where an employee had an interest in any matter in respect of which the employee provided advice or a report directly to the Council or a Committee, did that person disclose the nature of that interest when giving the advice or report.	Yes	CEO	Michelle Head
15	s5.70(3)	Where an employee disclosed an interest under s5.70(2), did that person also disclose the extent of that interest when required to do so by the Council or a Committee.	Yes	CEO	Michelle Head
16	s5.103(3) Admin Reg 34B	Has the CEO kept a register of all notifiable gifts received by Council members and employees.	Yes	CEO	Michelle Head

Disposal of Property							
No	Reference	Question	Response	Comments	Respondent		
1	s3.58(3)	Was local public notice given prior to disposal for any property not disposed of by public auction or tender (except where excluded by Section 3.58(5)).	Yes	CEO/DCEO	Michelle Head		
2	s3.58(4)	Where the local government disposed of property under section 3.58(3), did it provide details, as prescribed by section 3.58(4), in the required local public notice for each disposal of property.	Yes	CEO/DCEO	Michelle Head		

inar	nce				
No	Reference	Question	Response	Comments	Respondent
1	s7.1A	Has the local government established an audit committee and appointed members by absolute majority in accordance with section 7.1A of the Act.	Yes	CEO	Michelle Head
2	s7.1B	Where a local government determined to delegate to its audit committee any powers or duties under Part 7 of the Act, did it do so by absolute majority.	N/A	CEO no delegation to Audit committee	Michelle Head
3	s7.3	Was the person(s) appointed by the local government to be its auditor, a registered company auditor.	Yes	CEO/EMCS Office of the Auditor General contracted out to Moore Stephens.	Michelle Head
4	s7.3, 7.6(3)	Was the person or persons appointed by the local government to be its auditor, appointed by an absolute majority decision of Council.	Yes	CEO Appointment by Office of the Auditor General	Michelle Head



No	Reference	Question	Response	Comments	Respondent
5	Audit Reg 10	Was the Auditor's report for the financial year ended 30 June 2018 received by the local government within 30 days of completion of the audit.	Yes	EMCS	Michelle Head
6	s7.9(1)	Was the Auditor's report for the financial year ended 30 June 2018 received by the local government by 31 December 2018.	Yes	EMCS	Michelle Head
7	S7.12A(3)	Where the local government determined that matters raised in the auditor's report prepared under s7.9 (1) of the Act required action to be taken by the local government, was that action undertaken.	N/A	EMCS	Michelle Head
8	S7.12A (4)	Where the local government determined that matters raised in the auditor's report (prepared under s7.9 (1) of the Act) required action to be taken by the local government, was a report prepared on any actions undertaken.	N/A	EMCS	Michelle Head
9	S7.12A (4)	Where the local government determined that matters raised in the auditor's report (prepared under s7.9 (1) of the Act) required action to be taken by the local government, was a copy of the report forwarded to the Minister by the end of the financial year or 6 months after the last report prepared under s7.9 was received by the local government whichever was the latest in time.	N/A	EMCS	Michelle Head
10	Audit Reg 7	Did the agreement between the local government and its auditor include the objectives of the audit.	Yes	EMCS Shire of Exmouth Audit Strategy Memorandum	Michelle Head
11	Audit Reg 7	Did the agreement between the local government and its auditor include the scope of the audit.	Yes	EMCS Shire of Exmouth Audit Strategy Memorandum	Michelle Head
12	Audit Reg 7	Did the agreement between the local government and its auditor include a plan for the audit.	Yes	EMCS Shire of Exmouth Audit Strategy Memorandum	Michelle Head
13	Audit Reg 7	Did the agreement between the local government and its auditor include details of the remuneration and expenses to be paid to the auditor.	Yes	EMCS Shire of Exmouth Audit Strategy Memorandum	Michelle Head
14	Audit Reg 7	Did the agreement between the local government and its auditor include the method to be used by the local government to communicate with, and supply information to, the auditor.	Yes	EMCS Shire of Exmouth Audit Strategy Memorandum	Michelle Head
15	Audit Reg 17	Has the CEO reviewed the appropriateness and effectiveness of the local government's systems and procedures in accordance with regulation 17 of the Local Government (Audit) Regulations 1996.	Yes	EMCS Regulation 17 Review	Michelle Head



No	Reference	Question	Response	Comments	Respondent
16	Audit Reg 17	If the CEO has not undertaken a review in accordance with regulation 17 of the Local Government (Audit) Regulations 1996, is a review proposed and when.	N/A	EMCS	Michelle Head

lo	Reference	Question	Response	Comments	Respondent
1	s5.56 Admin Reg 19DA (6)	Has the local government adopted a Corporate Business Plan. If Yes, please provide adoption date of the most recent Plan in Comments. This question is optional, answer N/A if you choose not to respond.	Yes	CEO Adopted 26/07/18	Michelle Head
2	s5.56 Admin Reg 19DA (6)	Has the local government adopted a modification to the most recent Corporate Business Plan. If Yes, please provide adoption date in Comments. This question is optional, answer N/A if you choose not to respond.	N/A	CEO	Michelle Head
3	s5.56 Admin Reg 19C (7)	Has the local government adopted a Strategic Community Plan. If Yes, please provide adoption date of the most recent Plan in Comments. This question is optional, answer N/A if you choose not to respond.	Yes	CEO Adopted 28/06/18	Michelle Head
4	s5.56 Admin Reg 19C (7)	Has the local government adopted a modification to the most recent Strategic Community Plan. If Yes, please provide adoption date in Comments. This question is optional, answer N/A if you choose not to respond.	N/A	CEO	Michelle Head
5	S5.56	Has the local government adopted an Asset Management Plan. If Yes, in Comments please provide date of the most recent Plan, plus if adopted or endorsed by Council the date of adoption or endorsement. This question is optional, answer N/A if you choose not to respond.	N/A	EMCS	Michelle Head
6	S5.56	Has the local government adopted a Long Term Financial Plan. If Yes, in Comments please provide date of the most recent Plan, plus if adopted or endorsed by Council the date of adoption or endorsement. This question is optional, answer N/A if you choose not to respond.	N/A	EMCS	Michelle Head
7	S5.56	Has the local government adopted a Workforce Plan. If Yes, in Comments please provide date of the most recent Plan plus if adopted or endorsed by Council the date of adoption or endorsement. This question is optional, answer N/A if you choose not to respond.	N/A	EMCS	Michelle Head



No	Reference	Question	Response	Comments	Respondent
1	Admin Reg 18C	Did the local government approve the process to be used for the selection and appointment of the CEO before the position of CEO was advertised.	N/A	HRM No recruitment for CEO during the period of audit.	Michelle Head
2	s5.36(4) s5.37(3), Admin Reg 18A	Were all vacancies for the position of CEO and other designated senior employees advertised and did the advertising comply with s.5.36(4), 5.37(3) and Admin Reg 18A.	N/A	HRM No recruitment for CEO or senior employees during the period of audit.	Michelle Head
3	Admin Reg 18F	Was the remuneration and other benefits paid to a CEO on appointment the same remuneration and benefits advertised for the position of CEO under section 5.36(4).	N/A	HRM No recruitment for CEO during the period of audit.	Michelle Head
4	Admin Regs 18E	Did the local government ensure checks were carried out to confirm that the information in an application for employment was true (applicable to CEO only).	N/A	HRM No recruitment for CEO during the period of audit.	Michelle Head
5	s5.37(2)	Did the CEO inform council of each proposal to employ or dismiss a designated senior employee.	N/A	HRM No recruitment or dismal for senior employees during the period of audit.	Michelle Head



Offici	al Conduct				
No	Reference	Question	Response	Comments	Respondent
1	s5.120	Where the CEO is not the complaints officer, has the local government designated a senior employee, as defined under s5.37, to be its complaints officer.	N/A	CEO CEO IS THE Complaints Officer	Michelle Head
2	s5.121(1)	Has the complaints officer for the local government maintained a register of complaints which records all complaints that result in action under s5.110(6)(b) or (c).	Yes	CEO	Michelle Head
3	s5.121(2)(a)	Does the complaints register maintained by the complaints officer include provision for recording of the name of the council member about whom the complaint is made.	Yes	CEO	Michelle Head
4	s5.121(2)(b)	Does the complaints register maintained by the complaints officer include provision for recording the name of the person who makes the complaint.	Yes	CEO	Michelle Head
5	s5.121(2)(c)	Does the complaints register maintained by the complaints officer include provision for recording a description of the minor breach that the standards panel finds has occured.	Yes	CEO	Michelle Head
6	s5.121(2)(d)	Does the complaints register maintained by the complaints officer include the provision to record details of the action taken under s5.110(6)(b) or (c).	Yes	CEO	Michelle Head

No	Reference	Question	Response	Comments	Respondent
1	s3.57 F&G Reg 11	Did the local government invite tenders on all occasions (before entering into contracts for the supply of goods or services) where the consideration under the contract was, or was expected to be, worth more than the consideration stated in Regulation 11(1) of the Local Government (Functions & General) Regulations (Subject to Functions and General Regulation 11(2)).	Yes	DCEO	Michelle Head
2	F&G Reg 12	Did the local government comply with F&G Reg 12 when deciding to enter into multiple contracts rather than inviting tenders for a single contract.	N/A	DCEO	Michelle Head
3	F&G Reg 14(1) & (3)	Did the local government invite tenders via Statewide public notice.	Yes	DCEO	Michelle Head
4	F&G Reg 14 & 15	Did the local government's advertising and tender documentation comply with F&G Regs 14, 15 & 16.	Yes	DCEO	Michelle Head



No	Reference	Question	Response	Comments	Respondent
F&G Reg 14(5)  If the local government sought to vary the information supplied to tenderers, was every reasonable step taken to give each person who sought copies of the tender documents or each acceptable tenderer, notice of the variation.		Yes	DCEO	Michelle Head	
6	F&G Reg 16	Did the local government's procedure for receiving and opening tenders comply with the requirements of F&G Reg 16.	Yes	DCEO	Michelle Head
7	F&G Reg 18(1)	Did the local government reject the tenders that were not submitted at the place, and within the time specified in the invitation to tender.	N/A	DCEO	Michelle Head
8	F&G Reg 18 (4)	In relation to the tenders that were not rejected, did the local government assess which tender to accept and which tender was most advantageous to the local government to accept, by means of written evaluation criteria.		DCEO	Michelle Head
9	F&G Reg 17	pg 17 Did the information recorded in the local government's tender register comply with the requirements of F&G Reg 17.		DCEO	Michelle Head
10	F&G Reg 19	Was each tenderer sent written notice advising particulars of the successful tender or advising that no tender was accepted.	Yes	DCEO	Michelle Head
11	F&G Reg 21 & 22	Did the local governments's advertising and expression of interest documentation comply with the requirements of F&G Regs 21 and 22.	Yes	DCEO	Michelle Head
12	F&G Reg 23(1)	Did the local government reject the expressions of interest that were not submitted at the place and within the time specified in the notice.	N/A	DCEO	Michelle Head
13	F&G Reg 23(4)	Reg 23(4) After the local government considered expressions of interest, did the CEO list each person considered capable of satisfactorily supplying goods or services.		DCEO	Michelle Head
14	F&G Reg 24	Was each person who submitted an expression of interest, given a notice in writing in accordance with Functions & General Regulation 24.	N/A	DCEO	Michelle Head
15	F&G Reg 24AD(2)	Did the local government invite applicants for a panel of pre-qualified suppliers via Statewide public notice.	N/A	DCEO	Michelle Head
.6	F&G Reg 24AD(4) & 24AE	Did the local government's advertising and panel documentation comply with F&G Regs 24AD(4) & 24AE.	N/A	DCEO	Michelle Head



No	Reference	Question	Response	Comments	Respondent
17	F&G Reg 24AF	Did the local government's procedure for receiving and opening applications to join a panel of pre-qualified suppliers comply with the requirements of F&G Reg 16 as if the reference in that regulation to a tender were a reference to a panel application.	N/A	DCEO	Michelle Head
18	F&G Reg 24AD(6)	If the local government to sought to vary the information supplied to the panel, was every reasonable step taken to give each person who sought detailed information about the proposed panel or each person who submitted an application, notice of the variation.	N/A	DCEO	Michelle Head
19	F&G Reg 24AH(1)	Did the local government reject the applications to join a panel of prequalified suppliers that were not submitted at the place, and within the time specified in the invitation for applications.	N/A	DCEO	Michelle Head
20	F&G Reg 24AH(3)	In relation to the applications that were not rejected, did the local government assess which application (s) to accept and which application(s) were most advantageous to the local government to accept, by means of written evaluation criteria.	N/A	DCEO	Michelle Head
21	F&G Reg 24AG	Did the information recorded in the local government's tender register about panels of pre-qualified suppliers, comply with the requirements of F&G Reg 24AG.	N/A	DCEO	Michelle Head
22	F&G Reg 24AI	Did the local government send each person who submitted an application, written notice advising if the person's application was accepted and they are to be part of a panel of pre-qualified suppliers, or, that the application was not accepted.	N/A	DCEO	Michelle Head
23	F&G Reg 24E	Where the local government gave a regional price preference in relation to a tender process, did the local government comply with the requirements of F&G Reg 24E in relation to the preparation of a regional price preference policy (only if a policy had not been previously adopted by Council).	N/A	DCEO	Michelle Head
24	F&G Reg 24F	Did the local government comply with the requirements of F&G Reg 24F in relation to an adopted regional price preference policy.	Yes	DCEO Policy Adopted 18/09/14 and reviewed 22/11/18	Michelle Head
25	F&G Reg 11A	Does the local government have a current purchasing policy in relation to contracts for other persons to supply goods or services where the consideration under the contract is, or is expected to be, \$150,000 or less.	Yes	DCEO Policy adopted 10/10/17	Michelle Head

Department of Local Government, Sport and Cultural Industries - Compliance Audit Return



I certify this Compliance Audit return has been adopted	by Council at its meeting on
0	
Signed Mayor / President, Exmouth	Signed CFO, Exmouth

# 2.16 - Record Management Policy

Adoption	Adoption				
Date	Meeting	Council Decision			
28/02/19	ОСМ				
Review	Review				
Date	Meeting	Council Decision			
Delegation	Delegation				
No.	Title				

#### **PURPOSE**

The purpose of this policy is to define the principles of the Shires Record keeping functions and the roles and responsibilities of those individuals who manage or perform record keeping processes on behalf of the Shire.

All records received or compiled remain the property of the Shire of Exmouth.

#### **POLICY**

This Policy is the framework for reliable and systematic management of the Shire's records in accordance with legislative requirements and best practice standards.

This Policy applies to all Shire of Exmouth Employees, Elected members and Contractors.

#### Roles and Responsibilities

Chief Executive Officer (CEO)

In accordance with section 5.41(h) of the Local Government Act 1995 the CEO is to ensure that records and documents of the local government are properly kept for the purposes of this Act and any other written law

#### **Elected Members**

Elected Members must create and keep records of communications or transactions relating to their role as Councillors, which convey information relating to the Shire's business or functions.

#### Managers

All Managers are to ensure that the Record Keeping Policy and procedures are known and adhered to in their area of responsibility. They are also to ensure that all new staff are inducted as to their records keeping responsibilities.

#### All Staff

All staff (including contractors) are to create, collect and retain records relating to business activities they perform. They are to:

- Identify significant and ephemeral records ensuring the significant records are captured in to the ERMS and that all records are handled in a manner compliant with legislation and the Shire's Record Keeping Plan, policy and procedures.
- Ensure that only authorised disposal of records occur in accordance with the GDALG.

## **Record Officers**

Designated Records Officers are responsible for maintaining thesaurus, file securities, disposal/retention with ERMS whilst ensuring that all records are handled in a manner compliant with legislation and the Shire of Exmouth's Record Keeping Plan, policy and procedures.

## **Creation and Capture of Records**

All Staff and contractors will create full and accurate records, in the appropriate format, in accordance with legislation and the Shire of Exmouth's business decisions and Record Keeping Plan to meet all legislative business, administrative, financial, evidential and historical requirements.

All records created and received in the course of the Shire's business are to be captured at the point of creation, regardless of format, with in the required metadata, into the appropriate recordkeeping and business systems that are managed in accordance with sound recordkeeping principles.

# Security and Protection of Records

All records are to be categorised as to their level of sensitivity and adequately secured and protected from violation, unauthorised access and destruction, and kept in accordance with necessary retrieval, preservation and storage requirements.

#### Access to Records

Access to Shire of Exmouth records by staff and contractors will be in accordance with designated access and security classification. General public access to the Shire's records will be in accordance with the Freedom of Information Act 1992 and other relevant legislation and policies. Elected Members may have access to Shire records via the Chief Executive Officer in accordance with the Local Government Act 1995.

#### Appraisal, Retention and Disposal of Records

All records kept by the Shire of Exmouth will be retained and disposed of in accordance with the General Disposal Authority for Local Government Records (GDALG), produced by the State Records Office of Western Australia.

#### State Archives awaiting Transfer

As part of the regular retention and disposal exercise, the Shire of Exmouth will identify all hardcopy electronic State archives to transfer. Where the Director of State Records is unable to accept the transfers of State Archives the records will be held in safe keeping by the Shire of Exmouth.

#### Storage of Records

Confidential personnel and payroll records are kept locked in the Human Resource and Payroll Offices.

Vital Records including but not limited to, Rates Books, Leases and Agreements, Minutes and other significant or permanent records are kept in fire resistant walk in Archive Room.

Non-Current (audited) financial records are stored in the Archive Room located off site awaiting disposal in accordance with the GDALG.

## **Legislation**

- State Records Act 2000
- Freedom of Information Act 1992
- Evidence Act 1906
- Local Government Act 1995
- Electronic Transactions Act 2011
- Limitation Act 1935

#### **DEFINITIONS**

#### **Definitions**

ERMS Electronic Records Management System (ERMS) is the Central Records

Module within the Synergy Soft Central Records program.

Ephemeral Records Ephemeral records are records that have no continuing value to the

Shire of Exmouth with no administrative, fiscal, legal, evidential or historical value. They may include duplicate copies, messages, promotional material or information material produced by other

organisations.

Record A record or significant record may be recorded information (in any

form) created or received and maintained by the Shire or person in the

transaction of business and kept as evidence of such activity.

the Shire of Exmouth during and after an emergency.

General Disposal Authority The General Disposal Authority for Local Government Records (GLALG)

is a management tool for identifying and determining the retention and

disposal of records.

Caravan Parks and Camping Grounds Regulations 1997

# Form 2 Licence

Caravan Parks and Camping Grounds Act 1995, sec. 7(4)

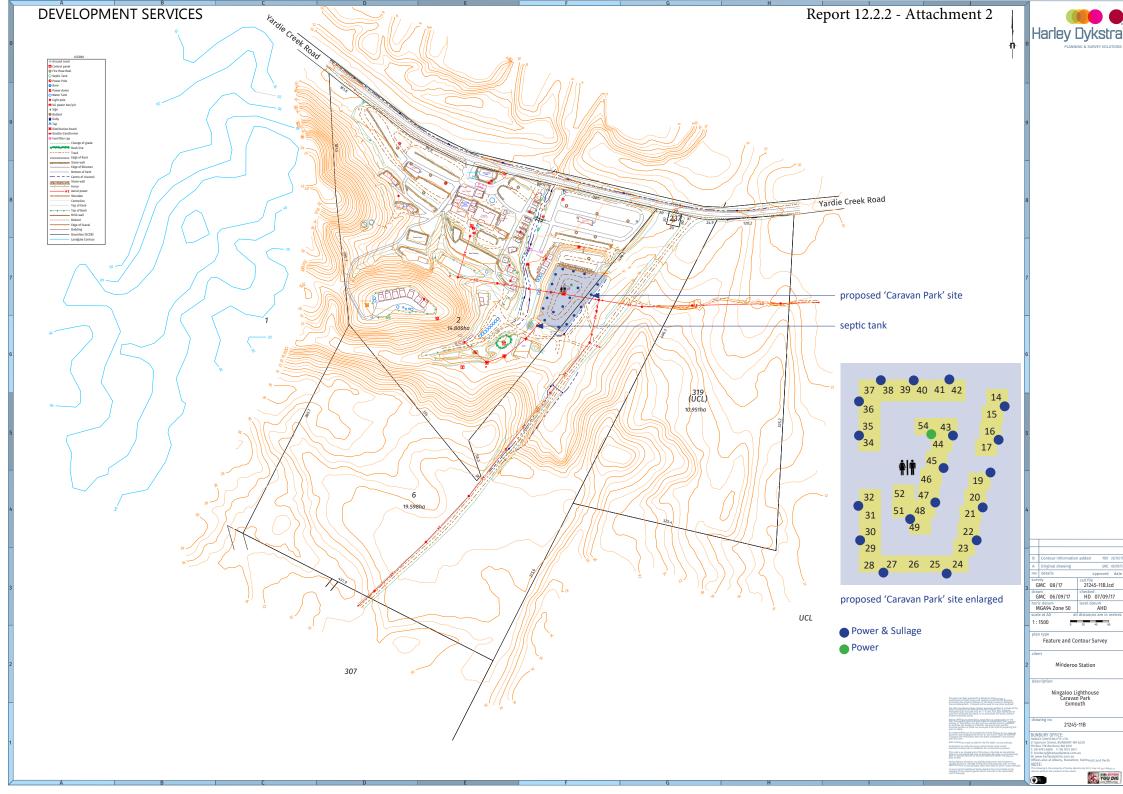
**30 SEPTEMBER 2019** 



# LICENCE

Expiry date

Local	Name of local govern	nment:				
Government	SHIRE OF EXMOUTH					
Type of licence	CARAVAN PARK					
Facility details	Name: NINGALOO LIGHTHOUSE HOLIDAY PARK					
	Address: 2 YARDIE CREEK ROAD, EXMOUTH WA 6707 Or Land description: LYNDON LOCATION 22					
τ.	E 1 N A	4 D 4 D 14	,			
Licence holder/s details	Family name : <b>North</b>	west Resorts Pty Lt	a			
	Other names: Ningalo	oo Lighthouse Holida	ny Park			
	Postal address	PO Box 3155	Broadway			
		Suburb: NEDLAN	DS WA	Postcode: 6009		
Phone: 6460 4949	Fax:		Email	: accounts@minderoo.com.au		
conditions	<ol> <li>Special conditions to which section 13 of the Act applies:         <ol> <li>Camping sites to be within 30m of portable water and sullage disposal point. Short stay sites to be within 50m of potable water.</li> <li>Approved signage to be installed throughout the facility identifying which taps are drinking water and which are not in accordance with Ministerial variation/exemption dated 2 November 2005.</li> <li>All sites to be within 90m of sanitary facilities.</li> </ol> </li> <li>An as constructed site map identifying camp and short stay sites to be submitted 30 days from the issue of this licence.</li> </ol>					
	•					
Details of sites Authorised (Maximum number and type)	158 Short Stay Sites 44 Camp Sites					
Overflow area details	No overflow located onsite					
Issued by:	Local Government: Date:					
	Cameron Woods CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER					
				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		



Taylor Burrell Barnett

Scheme Amendment Request Local Planning Scheme No. 4



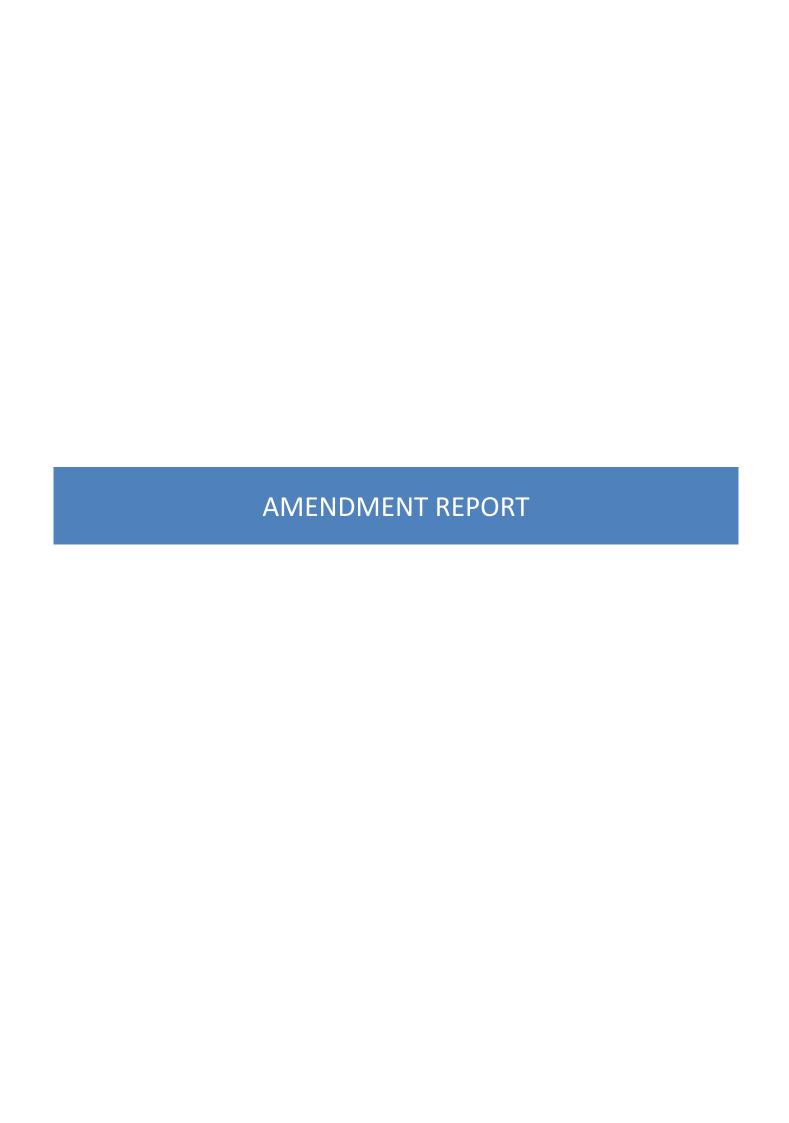
Prepared for **Subsea 7**Prepared by **Taylor Burrell Barnett** 



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# INTRODUCTION

This request is submitted to the Shire of Exmouth to amend the Local Planning Scheme No. 4 (LPS 4). The Amendment Request seeks to rezone part of Lots 233-235 and part of Lot 1586 Minilya-Exmouth Road, Learmonth, from the 'Rural' zone and 'Foreshore' reserve to a 'Special Use' zone, in order to facilitate the development for a Pipeline Fabrication Facility. The Scheme Amendment Request to LPS 4 is shown in Appendix A.

TBB had previously submitted a Scheme Amendment Request, which was Scheme Amendment 32 to the Town Planning Scheme No. 3. Amendment 32 was initiated at the Shire of Exmouth Council Meeting held in October 2017. Scheme Amendment 32 was not sufficiently processed in time and fell away commensurate with the gazettal of LPS 4 on 12 March 2019 and the revocation of the Shire of Exmouth Town Planning Scheme No. 3.

The boundary of the zone currently aligns with a 'project envelope' (refer to Appendix C) that is being used for a Public Environmental Review. The project site itself is subject to detailed design and so, in order to provide flexibility, the zoning covers a larger project envelope land area than what would be required for the development.

The 'Special Use' zoning will provide the ability to prepare and submit a Development Application within the zoned area for the buildings, incidental services and other works required for constructing and operating the Pipeline Fabrication Facility.

Our Client has referred the proposal to the Office of the Environmental Protection Authority (OEPA) under section 38 of the Environmental Protection Act 1986. 360 Environmental has prepared an Environmental Assessment Report (Appendix D) which has not identified any significant issues relevant to the rezoning.

It is critical that this Scheme Amendment be initiated and adopted for advertising so that it can be referred to the WAPC for consent to advertise and to the EPA for a decision under section 48A of the Environmental Protection Act 1986. This would facilitate concurrent advertising of the Scheme Amendment and the Public Environmental Review. We would seek the Shire's earliest initiation to allow concurrent advertising to occur.

This request is submitted in anticipation that the Shire can consider the proposal, and present it to its next Council Meeting for initiation and advertising. We would welcome the inclusion of this request on the Shire's next Council Agenda in order to proceed with necessary steps towards public advertising as a 'Complex' Amendment.

#### 1.1 THE PROPONENT

Subsea 7 is an engineering, construction and services company that serves the offshore oil and gas industry sector, and has a local office based in the Perth CBD. Subsea 7 provides seabed-to-surface engineering and construction services, including vessels, remotely operated vehicles, and land-based manufacturing facilities. Subsea 7 operates in all major oil and gas areas around the world, however also seeks to have a local operation based in the Learmonth locality, within the Shire of Exmouth.

A diverse project team is partnered with our client, Subsea 7. The project team partners include:

- GHD engineering and coordination of technical services/inputs, and environmental services; a)
- 360 Environmental and MBS Environmental environmental science and environmental approvals; b)
- C) Squire Patton Boggs – legal coordination for land tenure and native title; and
- d) **Taylor Burrell Barnett** – town planning.

#### 1.2 REPORT FORMAT

This Report outlines our Client's formal request to the Shire of Exmouth for considering a Scheme Amendment to the Local Planning Scheme No. 4 (LPS 4). The report is structured to provide a high-level description of the project, a description of the Project Area (from a land tenure, engineering and environmental perspective), and a description of the requested amendment. Supporting this request is an Environmental Assessment Report prepared by 360 Environmental, refer **Appendix D**.

#### 1.3 SCHEME AMENDMENT REQUEST

The requested amendment seeks to rezone the project site from 'Rural' zone and 'Foreshore' reserve to 'Special Use' zone on the Scheme Map. The Scheme Amendment Request is shown in **Appendix A** and a Scheme Map to indicate the rezoning is shown in **Appendix B**.

The 'Special Use' zone is advantageous for our Client and the Shire, as:

- This proposal is for a very unique development that does not comfortably sit within any other zone. There is only one such other facility that is permanently operating in the world, which is run by Subsea 7 in Scotland;
- The location for the proposal was selected following a very detailed site selection study. The Learmonth site
  represents the only viable site for the development, which reinforces the suitability of identifying this location
  as a 'Special Use' zone;
- The 'Special Use' zone ensures that the area is not exposed to a broadly defined industrial zoning. A 'Special Use' zone will provide the opportunity for the land use and works to proceed in an orderly and proper manner, with specific provisions in the Scheme Text to guide development; and
- The wide range of studies and environmental approvals that will underpin development of the site will be determined within similar timeframes as the Scheme Amendment. Therefore, development will not proceed without other approvals being in place.

This Scheme Amendment request will provide an appropriate zoning to provide certainty for our Client.

#### 1.3.1 OTHER APPROVAL PROCESSES

The Project Team is proceeding with a number of other approval processes as follows:

- Public Environmental Review by the Office of the EPA under the Environmental Protection Act 1986 (WA);
- Licence of Crown Land from the Department of Planning, Lands and Heritage (State Lands Services) under the Land Administration Act 1997 (WA); and
- Indigenous Land Use Agreement under the Native Title Act 1993 (Cth).

The Project Team has secured:

- An executed Infrastructure Heritage Agreement on 12 December 2017 under the *Aboriginal Heritage Act 1972* (WA); and
- A Controlled Action decision dated 24 February 2018 from the Department of the Environment and Energy (Federal) under the *Environmental Protection and Biodiversity Conservation Act 1999* (Cth).

# 2 PROJECT DESCRIPTION

#### 2.1 THE PROJECT

The project is described as a 'pipeline fabrication facility'. The initial project would be for constructing a large shed structure at the southern end of a 10-kilometre long linear corridor. Within this linear corridor, a series of roads and tracks would run in a relatively straight line from the manufacturing building to the coastline. The roads allow vehicles to travel alongside the track(s). The track(s) are used to convey the manufactured pipeline to the coast. A comparable example is our Client's Wester Site, near Wick in Scotland (refer **Figure 1**).

The area of the zoning is approximately 440 hectares, which reflects the size of the 'project envelope' (refer **Appendix C**). The project envelope is larger than the land area requirements of the project, in order to investigate and assess a wider area for environmental and Aboriginal Heritage matters. Should any such matters be identified and warrant protection, the zone would be sufficiently large enough for future flexibility in preparing detailed design drawings for a development application. By then, the design of the facility would avoid and mitigate against any such matters.

A pipeline is comprised of a number of pipes contained within a **(Wester Site, Scotland)** larger pipe casing. Short lengths of line pipe are shipped from



Figure 1 Example of comparable Subsea 7 facility (Wester Site, Scotland)

overseas to a material offloading facility, trucked to the site and welded together to the desired length as per contractual specifications. The inner pipes may be fitted for particular purposes such as telecommunications, water, electricity, gas, oil. Pressure testing is carried out on-site using water (to be sourced from bores) before a bundle pipeline is launched. Whilst the manufacturing of bundles is based on customer demand, it is estimated that two launches could occur per annum (on average).

A pipeline would be progressively manufactured as one long segment, and moved out from the manufacturing facility along the track(s). Once manufactured to its desired length (which can be up to 10km in length) and pressure tests have been carried out, the pipeline is then launched from the coastline and transported to where it needs to be installed. Once at its designated location the pipeline is lowered to the sea floor to connect with other pipeline segments or infrastructure. Each pipeline segment therefore would contribute to an integrated network laid on the sea floor for various uses and functions for the oil and gas industry sector.

Within the project site, there will be some structures at the coastline to ensure a launchway is maintained. Modelling is being undertaken to understand how the landform, coastline and topography of the site would work with the track(s), structures and launchway.

## 2.1.1 SITE SELECTION

Our Client has investigated a large number of coastal locations from the Mid West region to the south and all through the Gascoyne, Pilbara and Kimberley regions. Site selection is important as such a facility requires a number of essential characteristics, including a:

- 10 kilometre long stretch of straight and flat land for the pipelines to be fabricated and conveyed;
- Gentle sloping aspect of the landform to the ocean, a sandy beach and an acceptable seabed profile for launches; and
- Sheltered coastal location to mitigate against wind, waves, and swell.

Sites with the characteristics required for the project are very limited and the number of sites that are in proximity to a town and other facilities are almost non-existent. After an extensive site selection process, Learmonth was the only site investigated that met the essential criteria for the proposed development. As an additional benefit, Learmonth is close to a population centre for a commuting workforce. The project site is also within viable distance to oil and gas fields. There are no sensitive land uses in proximity to the project site.

The Client has a land use agreement with the Pastoral leaseholder for the project site. The project site would be expected to have minimal to no impact on surrounding pastoral activities. No pastoral activities would be proposed to continue within the project site once it is constructed and operating.

An Environmental Assessment Report has been prepared (refer **Appendix D**), to confirm that the proposal will not have a detrimental impact on the environment. As mentioned in **section 1.3.1** of this report, a section 38 referral under the *Environmental Protection Act 1986* was submitted, and on 20 November 2017 the EPA published its level of assessment (Public Environmental Review).

The proposal would provide direct and indirect benefits to the community and local economy, without detriment to the environment, and would be compatible with surrounding rural land uses.

#### 2.2 LOCATION PLAN AND SURROUNDING CONTEXT

A general location plan has been prepared, shown at **Figure 3**. This demonstrates the proposed extent of the project site, being a long and linear layout with an interface with Exmouth Gulf, and the manufacturing activities at the southern end closer towards Minilya-Exmouth Road.

#### 2.2.1 SURROUNDING CONTEXT

The surrounding area is used for pastoral activities and there are a number of Federal Government facilities nearby. Notable features are identified on **Figure 3**, including Learmonth RAAF Base / Airport; Learmonth Solar Observatory; Naval Communication Station Harold E Holt Area C; and Minilya-Exmouth Road.

#### 2.2.2 LEARMONTH RAAF BASE / AIRPORT

Learmonth RAAF Base / Airport is located on the western side of Minilya-Exmouth Road and generally north-west of the project site. Learmonth RAAF Base applies Building Height limitations (*Defence [Areas Control] Regulations 1989*) over surrounding land including the Learmonth Proposed Project Site. Through interpreting the height limits under the *Defence Regulations* (refer **Figure 2**), height limitations increase from 15m, to 45m, to 90m. These height limits would apply to cranes and other equipment used during construction and/or operations.

#### 2.2.3 LEARMONTH SOLAR OBSERVATORY

To the north of the project site, the Learmonth Solar Observatory is located on Commonwealth land (Lot 101 on Plan 180508, CT 1392/461, and Lot 27 on Plan 205429, CT 394/137A). According to the *Exmouth South Structure Plan* (TME 2013), the Learmonth Solar Observatory has operated since 1979 and is jointly managed by Space Weather Services which is part of the Australian Bureau of Meteorology and the United States Air Force Weather Agency. The *Exmouth South Structure Plan* notes that:

"Learmonth Solar Observatory is a strategically important facility that is subject to inter-governmental agreements and makes a vital contribution to global science. It is important that potential encroachments or impacts from surrounding land uses are taken into account when considering land use plans and development proposals, particularly uses that have the potential to generate radio frequency interference."

The fabrication activities would be carried out inside buildings that would be at the southern end of the proposed 'Special Use' zone. Uses that may have the potential to generate radio frequency interference will be located some distance (approximately 10 kilometres) away from the Observatory. It is proposed that as part of detailed engineering, our Client will interface with the observatory to ensure that any potential for radio interactions are understood, and mitigated appropriately. The Learmonth Pipeline Fabrication Facility is able to perform signal attenuation or select to operate on frequencies that will not impact the observatory.

In general, the potential for impact by radio frequency operations is broadly similar to that of the airport, pastoral station operations, and the numerous marine operations that occur in the gulf and it is proposed that any potential issues can be mitigated appropriately.

#### 2.2.4 NAVAL COMMUNICATION STATION HAROLD E HOLT (AREA C)

The Naval Communication Station Harold E Holt provides low frequency communication transmission capability for the joint use by the USA and Australia. The Naval Communication Station has several landholdings on the North West Cape. To the south-west of the project site, the 'Area C' facility is understood to be the main receiver site for the Naval Communication Station.

We understand the Department of Defence has provided a document to the Shire titled 'HFMOD Facility Learmonth – Development Assessment Guidance'. This sets out some restrictions for certain land uses, however it is not contained within any document within the Western Australian planning framework, nor is it clearly supported by relevant legislation. Whilst we note the document exists, it appears to not have any legal force in respect of the Shire's LPS 4. Our Client has been engaging with Department of Defence in relation to the proposal and in a similar fashion to the solar observatory, proposes to select operating frequencies or perform signal attenuation (or other mitigating measures) to ensure that there is no impact to any naval communication operations. In general, the potential for impact by radio frequency operations is broadly similar to that of the airport, pastoral station operations, and the numerous marine operations that occur in the gulf and it is proposed that any potential issues can be mitigated appropriately.

To the east of the project site, there is an old disused radar site adjacent to the Bay of Rest. The proposed 'Special Use' zone does not encroach into that Commonwealth landholding.

#### 2.2.5 MINILYA-EXMOUTH ROAD

Minilya-Exmouth Road is under the care and control of Main Roads WA (MRWA), and is identified as part of the State Freight Network. It is understood that two crossover locations are desirable for providing access from the road to the northern and southern ends of the project site. MRWA completed an on-site sight distance assessment in April 2018 for the two crossover locations. MRWA has provided written advice in relation to where it would permit access points to the road and these are located within the proposed 'Special Use' zone.

#### 2.2.6 INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT

The Exmouth South Structure Plan (TME 2013) recognises that an aquaculture proposal by Cape Seafarms Pty Ltd was considered by the EPA and recommended to the Minister for the Environment for approval with conditions. The aquaculture proposal was situated on Lot 233 Minilya-Exmouth Road near the coastline. At the time, Lot 233 was set up as a Crown Reserve created for Marine Based Industry Purposes. The Exmouth South Structure Plan states that the Crown reserve "maintains the opportunity for other aquaculture proposals or other types of marine based industry to be considered".

A number of factors were also listed for consideration including: the marine protected areas; the remote status of the land in tourism and landscape terms; the subterranean waterways nearby; and Aboriginal sites generally in the area. These matters are addressed in **section 5** of this report.

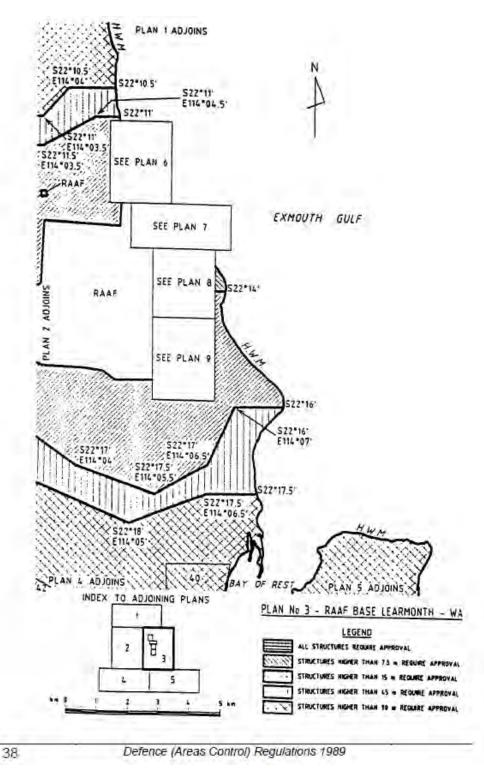
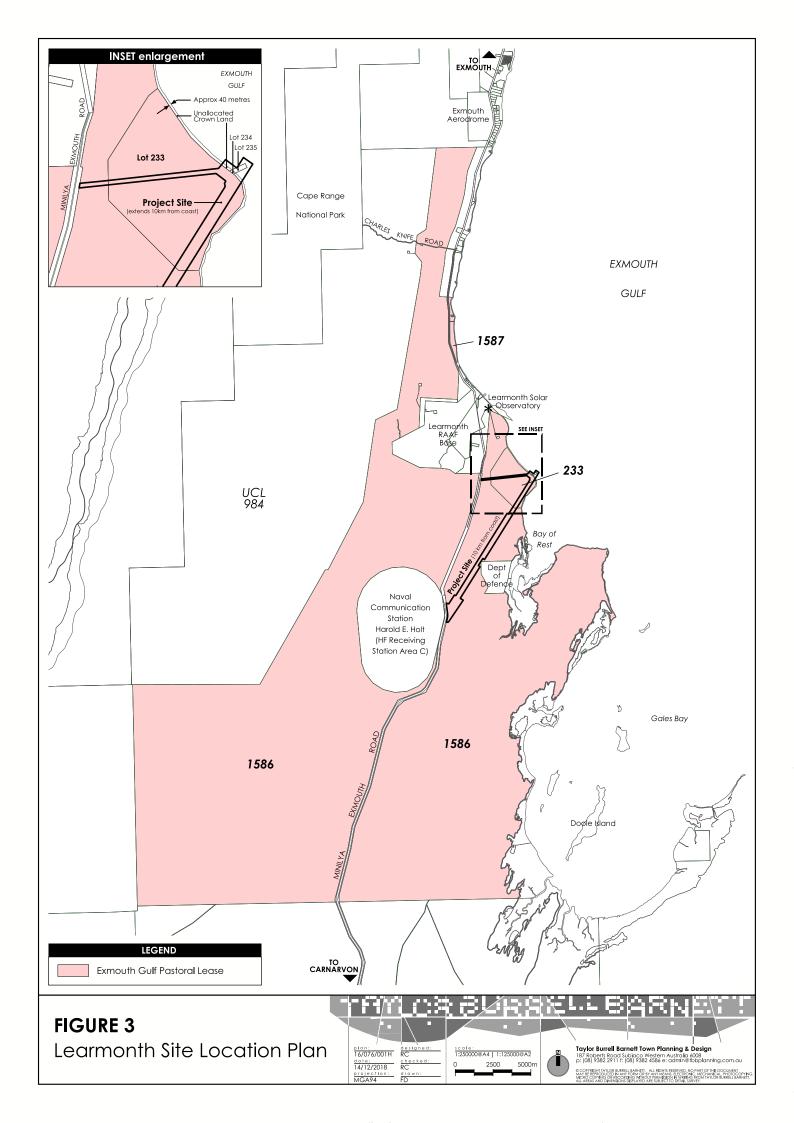


Figure 2 Extract of Plan No. 3 – RAAF Base Learmonth – Height Limits (Source: Schedule 7 of *Defence (Areas Control)* Regulations 1989)

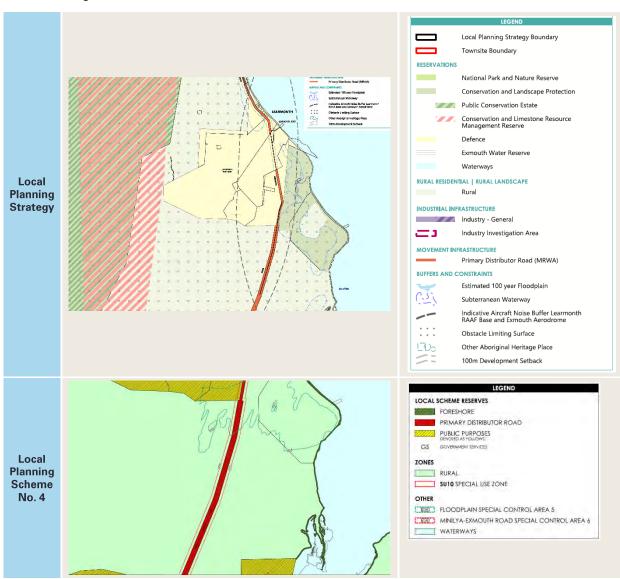


# 3 PLANNING FRAMEWORK

#### 3.1 LOCAL PLANNING STRATEGY

The Shire's Local Planning Strategy identifies the local government's vision and strategic planning intentions, and is not a statutory document. The project site is identified within a 'Rural' area and partly within a 'Conservation and Landscape Protection' area within part of Lot 1586 along the Bay of Rest, within Lot 233 the old aquaculture site is now shown as 'Rural' (refer **Table 1**). Notably, all of Lot 1586 and Lot 233 are zoned 'Rural' (refer **Table 1**). Therefore, the majority of the site is within a rural area whilst the coastal aspect is considered for conservation and landscape protection.

Table 1 Planning Framework



The objective for 'Rural' areas is outlined in the Local Planning Strategy as follows:

To recognise the economic benefit of the pastoral industry and rural land to the Shire by protecting and promoting the continuation of sustainable rural activities on lands within the Pastoral Stations of Exmouth including the diversification of activities and ongoing protection of rural land for rural land uses.

The proposal can be justified against the Strategic objectives as follows:

- The proposed site retains the sustainable continuation of the surrounding Pastoral Lease. The Client operates a similar facility (Wester Site) within the Scottish countryside, near Wick. The Wester Site demonstrates that such a facility can be in keeping with its surrounding landscape and environment, and is indicative that the proposal can be compatible with surrounding pastoral/rural activities.
- It provides a unique opportunity for economic diversification that could have long-term and sustainable benefits for the community. Whilst the site is out of town, it is advantageous to be in proximity to an established freight route, airport, and within reasonable commuting distance to Exmouth. The Client is seeking to engage with the local government in relation to accommodation options for a future workforce.
- The proposal represents a unique yet low impact proposal. The development would be proven to be capable of addressing a range of environmental factors (refer **section 5**).

The Local Planning Strategy also provides guidance on industrial development. The Strategic Objective is:

Provide an adequate supply of appropriately located service, light, general and marine based industrial land to encourage diversification of industrial activity to strengthen employment opportunities and broaden the economic base of the Shire.

The proposal can be justified against the Strategic objectives as follows:

- The proposal is not capable of being located within other identified industrial precincts within the Shire due to the highly unique site requirements.
- The proposal is understood to be capable of being self-sufficient for utilities/services (refer **section 6**), with the intent for workforce to be accommodated within the Exmouth townsite.
- The industrial activity would be low impact as the manufacturing of bundles would occur as and when required. Due to the time frame required to fabricate a bundle, as well as the potential demand from Clients, the facility is not likely to contribute to significant marine vessel activity (i.e. estimated average of 2 launches per annum).

The following strategies are taken from the *Strategy* as they provide an insight into the Shire's considerations for considering future industrial land outside of the gazetted Exmouth Townsite. We appreciate that this project was not known to the Shire at the time of preparing the *Local Planning Strategy*, however we take these insights on board in terms of considering this Scheme Amendment being compatible with the strategic intent:

- 8) Promote industrial development identified by the Strategy in locations south of the townsite corresponding with the location of existing industrial nodes within the Exmouth Gulf coastal corridor.
- 9) Promote the creation of new industrial lots to the west of the Ingram Street Industrial area and to the north of the Kailis Site on Minilya-Exmouth Road to cater for general industrial development and potential lay down facilities for the resource sector, subject to detailed reporting and rezoning processes.
- 10) Limit the expansion of industrial development outside the industrial nodes identified by the strategy, acknowledging the community values for retaining and protecting important viewsheds and areas of natural or ecological importance.

- 11) Reinforce the status of the existing strategic industrial, industrial and composite land use precincts within the Ingram Street Industrial Area (Lot 51) through the recognition of the approved Subdivision Guide Plan for the locality and environmental management plan.
- 12) Promote the development of the existing zoned land north of Ingram Street (Lot 50) as a 'marine based' general industrial area acknowledging existing environmental approvals for a causeway and wharf associated with a barge loading facility immediately adjacent to the land.
- 13) Protect the economic opportunities of general industrial development by prohibiting caretaker's dwellings within the future general industrial development areas.
- 14) Ensure that new industrial land development incorporates adequate buffers and are landscaped appropriately to minimise visual impact.
- 15) Support aquaculture development within the Exmouth Gulf coastal corridor having regard to best-practice environmental management principles and relevant environmental approvals.

It is considered that the proposal can address the above Strategies as follows:

- The project site has been identified as a result of extensive investigations in search of suitable sites along the Western Australian coastline. The Learmonth site represents the only viable site for the development proposal, based on highly constraining site selection criteria.
- The advertised *Local Planning Strategy* identified Lot 233 as an Aquaculture Site; however the final version has removed the site and replaced it as 'Rural'. Therefore, a form of industrial activity (aquaculture) had been recognised and contemplated in the general location of the project site. The project site would contribute to a smaller footprint and 'visual presence' of activity at the coastline compared to an aquaculture site, as the manufacturing facilities are 10 km from the coast.
- The Client has successfully negotiated a land use agreement with the Pastoral Leaseholder. The proposal does not aim to create 'industrial lots'.
- The proposal does not intend to include Caretaker's dwellings within the 'Special Use' zone.
- Studies are being undertaken to confirm that the development will have minimal impacts on coastal processes, the environment, and flood regimes. Relevant environmental approvals will also be undertaken in accordance with State and Federal legislation.
- The distance of the project site from Minilya-Exmouth Road will be more than 100 metres and, together with landscape assessment and the use of landscaping as required, the proposal will be capable of addressing matters relating to environment and visual impact.

#### 3.2 TOWN PLANNING SCHEME NO. 3 AND AMENDMENT 32

A meeting was held on 29 August 2017 with the Shire of Exmouth, Department of Planning, Lands and Heritage (DPLH), Subsea 7 and its project team. At the meeting, it was agreed that the Scheme Amendment Request be submitted to the Shire of Exmouth to seek a rezoning to the Shire of Exmouth *Town Planning Scheme No. 3* (TPS 3).

A meeting was held on 13 September 2017 with the Office of the Environmental Protection Authority (OEPA), DPLH, and the Subsea 7 project team. This meeting was held in order to communicate that the intention was to coordinate referrals to the OEPA as a section 38 referral from the proponent, and as a section 48A referral from the Shire. This seemed to have in-principle support, and on this basis the Client moved forward with the section 38 and with lodging the Amendment request.

Scheme Amendment 32 was initiated by the Shire on 10 October 2017 as a Complex Amendment. The purpose of Amendment 32 was to rezone the project site from the 'Pastoral' zone to the 'Special Use No. 9' zone in TPS 3.

The Scheme Amendment 32 was held up by the EPA, and given it did not progress far enough it has fallen away with the gazettal of LPS 4 and subsequent revocation of TPS 3.

#### 3.3 LOCAL PLANNING SCHEME NO. 4 (LPS 4)

On 2 June 2016, the (then) Department of Planning gave its approval to the Shire of Exmouth to commence advertising of the draft Local Planning Scheme No. 4 (LPS 4) and draft *Local Planning Strategy*. Advertising was undertaken for both documents until 23 September 2016.

The advertised version of the draft LPS 4 and draft Local Planning Strategy contemplated the subject land predominately as 'Rural'. When comparing the Shire of Exmouth Town Planning Scheme No. 3 (TPS 3) to draft LPS 4, the zoning effectively would change from 'Pastoral' to 'Rural'. The coastal strip was advertised as an 'Environmental Conservation' reserve however the LPS 4 has been finalised with the coastal setback classified as a 'Foreshore' reserve.

Now that LPS 4 is gazetted, the project site is zoned 'Rural'. In addition, a 40m strip of Unallocated Crown Land along the coastline is classified as an 'Foreshore' reserve. Part of the Exmouth Gulf and Indian Ocean is 'Waterways', which is not a local scheme reserve.

#### 3.3.1 FORESHORE RESERVE

The objectives of the 'Foreshore' reserve are:

- (i) To set aside areas for foreshore reserves abutting a body of water or water course, particularly those required pursuant to State Planning Policy 2.6 State Coastal Planning Policy and any other Western Australian Planning Commission policy.
- (ii) To provide for the protection of natural values, a range of active and passive recreational uses, cultural and community activities, activities promoting community education of the environment and/or uses that are compatible with and/or support the amenity of the reservation.

It is considered that the proposal has a negligible impact on the 'Foreshore' reserve. A small land requirement on the coastline for a launchway would be the general extent of disruption. In the context of an alternative use, such as aquaculture as has previously been contemplated by the advertised version of the *Local Planning Strategy*, the proposal would result in retaining more of the coastline interface with Lot 233 and would be more in keeping with the Strategy's 'Conservation and Landscape Protection' intent of the area.

The small land area of the project envelope, on the coastline, is intended to be monitored and managed by the Client. This has been documented in the Public Environmental Review. The Public Environmental Review will discuss the monitoring of the beach adjacent to the launchway and the management of any changes to the beach profile associated with the launchway (i.e. if it changes any sand movement patterns).

The balance of the 'Foreshore' reserve is unallocated Crown Land and its management would be subject to decisions by the State/Local government.

#### 3.3.2 RURAL ZONE

The objectives of the Rural zone are:

- (a) To provide for the maintenance or enhancement of specific local rural character.
- (b) To protect broad acre agricultural activities such as cropping and grazing and intensive uses such as horticulture as primary uses, with other rural pursuits and rural industries as secondary uses in circumstances where they demonstrate compatibility with the primary use.
- (c) To maintain and enhance the environmental qualities of the landscape, vegetation, soils and water bodies, to protect sensitive areas especially the natural valley and watercourse systems from damage.
- (d) To provide for the operation and development of existing, future and potential rural land uses by limiting the introduction of sensitive land uses in the Rural zone.
- (e) To provide for a range of non-rural land uses where they have demonstrated benefit and are compatible with surrounding rural uses.

It is considered that the proposal can be compatible with the zone objectives:

- The Client has a land use agreement with the Pastoral leaseholder for the project site. The project site would be expected to have minimal to no impact on surrounding pastoral activities. No pastoral activities would be proposed to continue within the project site once it is constructed and operating.
- An Environmental Assessment Report has been prepared (refer **Appendix D**), to confirm that the proposal will not have a detrimental impact on the environment. As mentioned in **section 1.3.1** of this report, a section 38 referral under the *Environmental Protection Act 1986* is also being undertaken.
- There are no sensitive land uses in proximity to the project site.
- The proposal would provide direct and indirect benefits to the community and local economy, without detriment to the environment, and would be compatible with surrounding rural land uses.

#### Land Use permissibility

Within the Zoning Table for the 'Rural' zone, a very limited range of land uses can be considered. By way of example, the range of industry land uses that are understood to be considered include 'Garden Centre', 'Industry - Cottage', 'Industry - Extractive', 'Industry - Primary Production', 'Mining Operations', 'Renewable Energy Facility' and 'Transport Depot'. The proposal is not considered to comfortably fit into any of these land uses.

Whilst unlisted uses could be proposed and assessed on their merits, applying for an unlisted use would not remove risk to the project until the very end of the planning process – it would be incumbent on a favourable assessment and determination by the responsible decision making authority. Further, it is likely the project would be highly unique in nature and it could be interpreted in a myriad of ways which could raise doubt of how it is to be interpreted as an unlisted use under LPS 4. The pathway for lodging an application for an unlisted use is too risky for a project of this scale.

#### 3.3.3 SPECIAL CONTROL AREA 5 - FLOODPLAIN

A previous hydrological study by Hyd<sub>2</sub>o was undertaken in 2013, which modelled 100 year ARI flood extents for a number of watercourses, including Wapet Creek at the south end of the Learmonth RAAF Base. The flood extent intersects with areas of the project footprint. The proposed Special Use zone would thus have portions of land within the SCA 5 area, predominately sections of road and the track.

The purpose of the SCA 5 is to minimise impacts on the floodplain from inappropriate encroachment of development; to avoid subdivision and development within the high hazard floodplain; and to ensure the existing flood regime is maintained. In this regard, the floodplain is considered by the project as discussed in the EAR (refer **Appendix D**). Infrastructure design and drainage design for the project will take into account the flood risk.

Notably, buildings are proposed at the southern end of the zone. The southern end of the zone is not within the Special Control Area.

#### 3.3.4 SPECIAL CONTROL AREA 6 - MINILYA-EXMOUTH ROAD

The purpose of the Special Control Area 6 is to preserve the landscape values along the Minilya-Exmouth Road from the encroachment of inappropriate development, and maintain view sheds. The Special Control Area has a dimension of 100m width measured from either side of the road reserve.

The SCA provisions state that in addition to matters listed in clause 67 of the deemed provisions the local government shall have regard to:

- Development shall be supported by a Visual Landscape Assessment prepared in accordance with the Western Australian Planning Commission's Visual Landscape Planning in Western Australia a manual for evaluation, assessment, siting and design document.
- Any proposed crossover providing access to Minilya-Exmouth Road shall be referred to Main Roads WA.

The proposal satisfies this consideration through applying a 100m setback from property boundaries fronting Minilya-Exmouth Road, excluding the gatehouse and incidental structures. In addition, MRWA has already been consulted for crossover locations, and it is a condition of the proposed SU10.

#### 3.4 PROPOSED ZONING AND USE (LPS 4)

The 'Special Use' zone is a zone under LPS 4. As per Schedule 1 Model Provisions of the *Planning and Development* (Local Planning Schemes) Regulations 2015 the Special Use zone objectives are:

Zone name	Objective			
Special Use Zone	<ul> <li>To facilitate special categories of land uses which do not sit comfortably within any other zone.</li> <li>To enable the Council to impose specific conditions associated with the special use.</li> </ul>			

It is considered that the proposal can be compatible with the Special Use zone objectives:

As outlined in section 3.4.1, the proposal is for a highly unique development that does not comfortably sit
within any other zone under LPS 4. Therefore, it is considered appropriate to rezone the project envelope to
facilitate future development.

• The Special Use zone has also been selected to allow for specific conditions to be imposed. The conditions will ensure relevant matters are addressed by a development application.

A 'Special Use' zone provides certainty for the development being capable of approval, once detailed plans are finalised and lodged for development approval. Development would occur after the section 38 referral to the OEPA is completed.

#### 3.4.1 SPECIAL USE ZONE

This 'Special Use' zone proposes to insert a list of land uses that could apply to the proposal based on the available land use definitions contained in the LPS 4. Two of the proposed land uses are defined in Schedule 1 of the LPS 4, including 'Marine support facility' and 'Telecommunications infrastructure'.

A new land use and definition is proposed for the project. The Amendment seeks to insert 'Pipeline Fabrication Facility', which "means premises used for fabricating, testing and launching pipelines and includes: lay down and storage area(s); road access and parking area(s); workshops for fabrication facilities; facility offices and amenities; track(s), launchway(s) and coastal infrastructure used to convey pipelines to the coastline; and incidental uses and services thereto."

The project will include buildings for fabrication activities, incidental administration and staff facilities. As part of the Pipeline Fabrication Facility there will be areas for the storage of materials, car and truck parking and lay-down areas. Incidental uses and services contemplated include power generation, water storage, wastewater treatment/disposal, and communications.

The Special Use zone will list the proposed uses to ensure the proposal will be capable of obtaining development approval. The project is not capable of being located within an available/existing industry area in the Exmouth local government area. The project site is physically capable of being developed. This is because of the unique land requirements and the need for 10 kilometres of land to be available for fabricating pipelines. The approach therefore is to rezone the project site as a 'Special Use' zone and apply relevant conditions to guide development.

#### 3.5 STATE PLANNING POLICIES

#### 3.5.1 STATE PLANNING POLICY 2.5 RURAL PLANNING

The SPP 2.5 is generally considered during the preparation of local planning strategies and schemes (including amendments), subdivisions and development proposals on rural zoned land. SPP 2.5 policy matters and principles therefore would be considered to have been incorporated into the *Local Planning Strategy* and LPS 4.

SPP 2.5 indicates that decisions at a State level will be guided by the need to provide economic opportunities for rural communities and to protect the State's primary production and natural resource assets. The WAPC sees rural zones as highly flexible zones that can support a range of rural uses and activities. The proposed development will be supported by a number of studies which will confirm that the development will not lead to land use conflict and will not be detrimental to landscape attributes, environmental protection and biodiversity conservation.

Regional variations are recognised in the SPP 2.5, and we note that throughout the north-west of Western Australia, industrial-style developments, mining operations and camps are nestled amongst natural areas and pastoral stations. The justification behind the site selection (in **section 2.1.1**) should be taken into account as part of considering the proposal on its merits.

Pastoral land is arguably low yield land and therefore should not be considered to be of high quality nor strategically required for food production purposes. The *Local Planning Strategy* does not recognise the land to be of agricultural importance.

The project site can achieve the objectives of the policy for the following reasons:

- The development does not impact on the rural activities or other nearby non-rural land uses (i.e. the Learmonth RAAF Base / Airport, Naval Communication Station Harold E Holt Area C, Learmonth Solar Observatory);
- There are no sensitive land uses in proximity to the project site;
- The application promotes regional development through ongoing economic opportunities and diversification;
- The design of the development can have regard to the management of environmental and landscape values/assets.

#### 3.5.2 STATE PLANNING POLICY 2.6 STATE COASTAL PLANNING POLICY

SPP 2.6 applies to the coast throughout WA, including the coastline of the Exmouth Gulf.

The objectives of SPP 2.6 are to:

- 1. ensure that development and the location of coastal facilities takes into account coastal processes, landform stability, coastal hazards, climate change and biophysical criteria;
- 2. ensure the identification of appropriate areas for the sustainable use of the coast for housing, tourism, recreation, ocean access, maritime industry, commercial and other activities;
- 3. provide for public coastal foreshore reserves and access to them on the coast; and
- 4. protect, conserve and enhance coastal zone values, particularly in areas of landscape, biodiversity and ecosystem integrity, indigenous and cultural significance.

Policy measures 5.2 (iii), (iv), (v) are relevant in this case, as follows:

- (iii) Ensure that when identifying areas suitable for development, consideration is given to strategic sites for coastal access and commercial development that is demonstrably dependent on a foreshore location including ports, boat harbours and regional boat ramps.
- (iv) Ensure that use of the coast, including the marine environment, for recreation, conservation, tourism, commerce, industry, housing, ocean access and other appropriate activities, is sustainable and located in suitable areas.
- (v) Ensure that land use and development, including roads, adjacent to the coast is sited and designed to complement and enhance the coastal environment in terms of its visual, amenity, social and ecological values.

Lot 233 has historically been identified as an Aquaculture Site, and this was reflected in the advertised *Local Planning Strategy*. The Aquaculture site was shown as 'rural' in the final *Local Planning Strategy*.

It is understood that anecdotally, Exmouth residents drive along the coastline of the Exmouth Gulf to access fishing and informal camping spots near the Bay of Rest. Our Client is aware of the community aspirations to maintain access to these locations. As part of the design works, a vehicle crossing of the launchway has been incorporated, ensuring that access along the beach to the Bay of Rest is maintained. This will ensure that residents using the beach for vehicle access will be able to drive over the launchway at a crossing point that will be designed and built as part of the project. A beach route and a trafficable crossing will ensure access across the launchway will be retained.

The project site is selected due to its positive attributes and characteristics that are necessary for the proposed operations and manufacture of 10km long bundle pipelines. The Project Team is investigating coastal processes, storm surge, landform stability, and biophysical criteria amongst many other elements as part of the Public Environment Review assessment that is ongoing.

### **Coastal Hazard Risk Management and Adaptation**

Section 5.5 of SPP 2.6 requires that adequate coastal hazard risk management and adaptation planning should be undertaken.

Schedule One of the SPP 2.6 provides guidance to the Policy. The Schedule provides a number of variations to the standard case, where development may need to occur within an area identified to be potentially impacted by physical processes within the 100 year planning timeframe. Section 7.4 of Schedule One identifies Industrial development as one such variation.

Industrial and commercial development that is demonstrably dependent on a foreshore location. Such development may include, for example, marinas for tourism and recreational boating facilities, cage based aquaculture operations, and port facilities.

The coastal hazard risks will be determined at a later date whilst detailed studies are currently being undertaken. The project team have engaged on multiple occasions with the marine safety division of the Department of Transport, with no particular obstacles identified for managing the hazards of the coastal operations. As noted, Subsea 7 have 40 years of experience of launching and towing bundles successfully and this experience will be drawn upon to ensure a safe operation for the Learmonth site. The proposed 'Special Use' zone extends to the ocean in order to ensure that from a zoning perspective, coastal access is possible.

### 3.5.3 STATE PLANNING POLICY 3.7 PLANNING IN BUSHFIRE PRONE AREAS

SPP 3.7 assists in reducing the risk of bushfire to people, property and infrastructure by encouraging a conservative approach to strategic planning, subdivision, development and other planning decisions proposed in bushfire-prone areas. The project site is identified as being 'Bush Fire Prone' having regard to the State *Map of Bush Fire Prone Areas*.

Guidelines for Planning in Bushfire Prone Areas supplement the objectives and policy measures established in SPP 3.7, to assist in their interpretation and provide advice on how bushfire risk is to be addressed when designing or assessing a proposal within a bushfire-prone area.

SPP 3.7 requires the preparation of a Bushfire Hazard Level (BHL) and Bushfire Attack Level (BAL) assessment for development applications within designated bushfire prone areas to determine what the Bushfire Attack Level rating would be. A BHL would determine the applicable hazard level(s) across the project site in accordance with the methodology set out in the *Guidelines*. It would be intended this will be prepared for and inform the Development Application.

### 3.5.4 STATE PLANNING POLICY 6.3 NINGALOO COAST

The project site is located within the Policy Area. The four key objectives of SPP 6.3 are as follows:

- Provide state agencies, local government, community and proponents with clear guidance regarding acceptable and sustainable development on the Ningaloo coast.
- Maintain the Ningaloo coast as an all-seasons recreation and nature-based tourism destination and limit growth
  with managed staged development, to ensure that the community continues to enjoy a remote and natural
  experience.
- Preserve and protect the natural environment and enhance and rehabilitate degraded areas within the environment.
- Consolidate future residential, commercial, higher-impact tourism and industrial development in the towns of Carnarvon and Exmouth and provide strategic directions for their future growth.

Guiding principles are used for assessing future planning and development to ensure the protection and sustainable use of the environment for the future. Amongst other principles, the SPP 6.3 encourages sustainable development and supports new industries and encourages economic activity. Development would have regard to:

- Protecting the remoteness values of the land;
- Considering environmental systems and biodiversity and aiming to not significantly alter them; and
- Mitigating against cumulative impacts of the development on the remote and environmental values of the areas.

Overall, the proposal will integrate environmental protection, social (community) benefits and economic development opportunities for current and future generations. The project will deliver long-term benefits to the Shire, including:

- Local employment and apprenticeship opportunities;
- Permanent population growth as a result of employment opportunities;
- Support for local businesses through direct contracts and population increase;
- Long term rates revenue for the Shire; and
- Other indirect community and economic benefits as a result of Subsea 7's presence in the Shire.

Over the years, our Client has engaged with the Shire of Exmouth and its Community Reference Group. This approach will work to capture community aspirations in relation to the Learmonth locality and the development. As per **section 4.2**, the Project Team has been engaging with Traditional Owners.

Studies are being undertaken in relation to the project envelope. **Section 5.4** outlines the environmental matters, potential impacts and proposed management. The development is not identified to contribute to cumulative impacts on the coast. The site is capable of operating within the context of surrounding pastoral activities and government uses (including Learmonth RAAF Base / Airport, Naval Communications Station Harold E Holt Area C, and Learmonth Solar Observatory).

Therefore, the policy objectives, guiding principles, and considerations listed under section 5.3 of the SPP 6.3 have been considered for this Scheme Amendment Request, and will continue to be important when preparing a Development Application.

### 4 I AND TENURE AND NATIVE TITLE

#### 4.1 LAND DESCRIPTION

The land on which the project site is proposed traverses the landholdings described in **Table 2**. The linear nature of the project site means it sits within Lots 233 and 1586 which are within the 'Exmouth Gulf' Pastoral Lease (Landgate document: N50424). The Exmouth Gulf Station lease was renewed on 1 June 2015, and executed by the parties as a deed on 15 June 2015. The Pastoral Lease has a term of 39 years, 3 months, 1 day that commenced on 1 July 2015.

Table 2 Land Description

Lot No.	C/T Details	Plan Number	Registered Proprietor	Lease/Licence
233*	LR3109/738	P219618	State of WA	N50424 Lease of Crown Land
1586*	LR3163/273	P72986	State of WA	N50424 Lease of Crown Land
234	LR3109/739	P193858	State of WA	N/A
235	LR3109/740	P193858	State of WA	N/A
UCL	N/A	N/A	State of WA	N/A

Note: Lot 233 is to be amalgamated with Lot 1586 on Deposited Plan 72986 and has been included into the leasehold estate registered on 16 February 2016.

### 4.2 NATIVE TITLE

One registered Native Title claim exists across the project site: *Gnulli WC1997/028*. This Native Title claim covers a far wider area than just the project envelope. The Client and project partners are currently engaging with the Traditional Owners for an Indigenous Land Use Agreement.

### 4.3 PASTORAL LEASE

The Pastoral Lease applies to Crown Lots 1586 and 1587 but does not include the Unallocated Crown Land. Lot 233 on Deposited Plan 219618 is to be amalgamated with Lot 1586 on Deposited Plan 72986 and has been included into the leasehold estate registered on 16 February 2016. The Pastoral Lease has limitations on what non-pastoral activities can be undertaken. Pastoral Leases do not extinguish Native Title.

The Client has successfully obtained a Land Use Agreement with the Pastoral Leaseholder. This is a significant milestone in the process of securing the project site for proceeding. The Land Use Agreement will run for the term of the Pastoral Lease.

### 4.4 UNALLOCATED (VACANT) CROWN LAND

It is necessary for the proposal to have coastal access in order to provide an ability to launch pipelines. For pipeline bundles to be launched, the operations would traverse the 40m wide strip of Unallocated Crown Land in order to have access to Exmouth Gulf. The 40m wide strip of Unallocated Crown Land is not included in the Exmouth Gulf Pastoral Lease. A land use solution for the Unallocated Crown Land will be reached in consultation with the Department of Planning, Lands and Heritage.

### 5 FNVIRONMENT

An Environmental Assessment Report (EAR) has been prepared by 360 Environmental in support of this request. The EAR is contained in **Appendix D**.

### 5.1 ENVIRONMENTAL APPROVALS

A Controlled Action decision dated 24 February 2016 was issued by the Department of the Environment and Energy under the *Environmental Protection and Biodiversity Conservation Act 1999* (Cth). A formal assessment will be completed by the EPA (under the bilateral agreement) before the Commonwealth Minister issues an approval.

A Public Environmental Review (PER) is being assessed by the Office of the EPA pursuant to the provisions of the *Environmental Protection Act 1986* (WA). The PER will address the requirements under the Federal and State legislation.

This Scheme Amendment Request would not have an impact on the referral processes for the project at a Federal or State level.

### 5.2 ENVIRONMENTAL ASPECTS AND IMPACTS

A summary overview from the EAR is provided in the following report sections.

### 5.2.1 TOPOGRAPHY

The site is relatively flat to gently sloping with the elevation ranging from approximately 25 m Australian Height Datum (AHD) inland to 0 m AHD to the coast, sloping from the south west to the north east. Based on available topographical data, the site appears to drain internally, with a coastal dune preventing discharge to the ocean.

### 5.2.2 GEOLOGY AND SOILS

A desktop review identified that the geology of the site mainly comprises of longitudinal network dunes and residual sandplains, with red brown to yellow quartz sand. The dunes are approximately 5 m in height and are stabilised by light vegetation comprising grasses and small shrubs. The dunes generally trend north northeast to south southwest.

Near the beach and coastal dunes, there are some areas of tidal flats containing mud and silt where there is regular inundation. The site is on a flat coastal plain area. To the west and south is recorded cavernous limestone (within the Cape Range and Rough Range); therefore, it is likely that some limestone may extend below the site and surrounds.

An Acid Sulphate Soil (ASS) investigation was undertaken at the site since desktop mapping showed a 'High to Moderate' risk. The investigation concluded that there was no identified risk of disturbing any ASS during site works, and therefore negligible risk of impact to soil, surface water or groundwater quality following the exposure or disturbance of ASS.

### 5.2.3 HYDROGEOLOGY

A network of groundwater bores has been established at the site to confirm a suitable groundwater supply for the Proposal and to support the stygofauna investigations. The groundwater flow direction at the site was found to be largely consistent with the topography, with a general easterly flow direction, with groundwater discharging along the coast.

The greatest depth to groundwater is found in the western bores where depth to groundwater from ground level is between 22-32 m depending on location. The shallowest depth to groundwater is found in the low-lying bores located closest to the coast where groundwater occurs at a depth of less than 1.5 m below ground level. Within the site area, groundwater is found to occur at a depth of between 12 and 17 m below ground level depending on location.

The groundwater quality at the site is typified by two distinct groundwater signatures:

- Salt dominant groundwater (hypersaline i.e. higher salinity than sea-water) in bores located in the main project footprint.
- Fresh to slightly brackish groundwater for those bores sampled in the western area (bores S24 and S25) and representing the proposed groundwater supply area.

Drawdown modelling as a result of proposed abstraction has indicated minimal drawdown impacts to aquifers.

### 5.2.3.1 SUBTERRANEAN WATERWAYS

Desktop mapping has identified that the project site is adjacent to and partially overlying the extent of the *Cape Range Subterranean Waterways - WA006*, identified under the Directory of Important Wetlands. This is identified as a system of karstic limestone and coastal limestone and may have stygofauna.

Site investigations into stygofauna species presence and habitats is currently being undertaken across the borefield network to determine any potential impacts.

### 5.2.3.2 OVERLAND FLOW PATHS

There are no wild rivers or rivers proclaimed under the *Rights in Water and Irrigation Act 1914* that intersect the site. Three non-perennial swamps and four minor ephemeral watercourses intersect the site. The floodplain has very few defined flow paths based on aerial imagery and available topographical data, making it difficult to determine exact catchment boundaries. There are three catchments with associated areas as follows:

- Catchment A 108.3 km².
- Catchment B 36.9 km<sup>2</sup>.
- Catchment C 59.8 km<sup>2</sup>.

Flood modelling of the existing site and the post-development site has been undertaken. Modelling indicates that surface water flow patterns are expected to remain similar to baseline flow patterns, and changes to flow velocities are not expected to alter any natural scour or sediment deposition characteristics of the area.

### 5.2.4 FLORA AND FAUNA

The project site is within the Carnarvon bioregion and the Cape Range sub-region. It has a desert climate and based on broad-scale vegetation mapping typically comprises of coastal dunes with hummock grassland; shrub steppe; mixed acacia scrub; and spinifex. The project will involve some clearing. The broad vegetation types identified within the site are well represented and would not be at risk of being listed as threatened as a result of clearing.

Results from field surveys show that the Project Envelope does not contain any conservation significant flora species listed under the State or Commonwealth legislation. One Priority 3 species was recorded abundantly within the Project Envelope and outside in regional areas; proposed clearing is not likely to significantly impact these species due to its widespread occurrence. No vegetation associations proposed to be disturbed are confined to the Project Area nor are they deemed threatened ecological systems. A total of eight introduced flora species were recorded within the survey area.

Six conservation significant fauna species were recorded: the Osprey, Lesser Sand Plover, Caspian Tern, Lesser Crested Tern, Crested Tern and Rainbow Bee-eater. No 'critical habitat' for any of these species was recorded within the Survey Area.

### 5.3 HERITAGE

### **5.3.1 ABORIGINAL HERITAGE**

A desktop review of the Department of Planning, Lands and Heritage's Aboriginal Heritage Inquiry System identified no Registered Aboriginal sites and 4 lodged Aboriginal Sites partially within or adjacent to the site.

One heritage survey has been undertaken to date, for the water bore drilling campaign. The survey covered some areas of the project footprint (but not all), as well as extensive areas off footprint. The survey did not identify any areas of heritage significance that would require relocation of the bores and access tracks.

Further comprehensive heritage surveys are currently planned for the entire site as part of the EPA factor Social Surrounds to fulfil the requirements for assessment pursuant to Part IV of the EP Act. This will discuss any potential impacts to cultural significance or indigenous uses of the project site. The results of the survey will also be utilised to inform final design of the development. As previously noted, the project envelope has been deliberately selected to be larger than required to enable any deviations in alignment to be accommodated within the zoned area for anything identified during the heritage survey.

#### **5.3.2 EUROPEAN HERITAGE**

The Site does not contain any State, National or World Heritage Places. The nearest World Heritage Place is the Ningaloo Coast, located in excess of 30 km from the site.

### 5.4 POTENTIAL IMPACTS AND MANAGEMENT

A number of potential impacts and management have been identified by 360 Environmental, refer **Table 3**. A summary of impacts and management are shown below; full details are contained in the EAR in **Appendix D**.

Table 3 Summary of Environmental Matters, Potential Impacts and Management

Environmental Matter	Potential Impact	Proposed Response/Management
Coastal Processes and Storm Surge	Potential local impact to coastal processes as a result of the project.	<ul> <li>Designing the launch way to minimise height of structure above surrounding beach or seabed; and</li> <li>Management of onshore sediment accretion or erosion via monitoring and sand bypassing.</li> </ul>
Subterranean Fauna	Direct loss of individuals or habitat during construction of infrastructure; and/or due to leak or spills of chemicals (hydrocarbons) which could contaminate groundwater.  Indirect loss of species/habitat due to changes in groundwater flows or quality and/or the presence of infrastructure.	Site investigations currently being undertaken to determine impacts. Management measures to include: land disturbance kept to a minimum with ground disturbance procedures implemented. Use of existing disturbed areas where possible. Bunded chemical storage and available spill kits.
Flora, Vegetation and Fauna	Direct impacts include clearing of vegetation, leading to loss of native vegetation.  Potential indirect impacts include dust emissions, spread of weeds, changes in surface water flows/quality, changes in groundwater flows/quality and spills/leaks of chemicals (hydrocarbons).	Land disturbance kept to a minimum with ground disturbance procedures implemented. Use of existing disturbed areas where possible.  Dust suppression when necessary (water cart), weed control program and hygiene measures, bunded chemical storage and available spill kits. Progressive rehabilitation.
Hydrology	Potential impacts to surface or groundwater may occur as a result of soil erosion, chemical leaks or spills, the proposed discharge of treated wastewater or brine, abstraction of groundwater and changes to predevelopment surface water flow patterns due to the presence of infrastructure.	Technical studies currently undertaken to complete drainage design to minimize changes to surface flows. Infrastructure design to take account of flood levels. Implementation of land erosion measures, land disturbance kept to a minimum, bunded chemical storage and available spill kits.

### 6 ENGINEERING AND SERVICING

Engineering and servicing studies are in progress for a number of areas that will be necessary to define and resolve as part of the ongoing design of the project.

Conceptual engineering for the proposal has been completed to understand the general engineering and servicing requirements of the site. Detailed engineering will be performed in advance of the Development Application to provide full details.

The project layout, alignment, and site infrastructure has been defined to adequately assess and mitigate the environmental impacts of the site.

### **6.1.1 WATER AND WASTE WATER**

Following groundwater investigations, fresh water has been confirmed as available in the area. Three test bores have been selected to provide fresh ground water, and production will be achieved through a low rate of abstraction to maintain aquifer integrity. A licence to take water will be applied for to the Department of Water and Environmental Regulation. Bore water would be stored within the project site, for pressure tests and other potable purposes.

Water storage and disposal options are still being investigated, would be proposed to be within the Special Use zone, and may include spray fields, evaporation ponds, etc.

### **6.1.2 POWER**

The electrical load of the project site has been determined. A combination of diesel generators and a solar panel array will be used to service the site facilities. Power generation will be located within the project site. A bunded fuel tank will be located on-site to refuel light vehicles and plant equipment. Power infrastructure would be proposed to be within the Special Use zone.

### 6.1.3 GEOTECHNICAL STUDIES

A desktop geotechnical study has been completed, and supported by a small number of geotechnical test bores adjacent to the beach crossing within the project site. No significant issues have been identified as part of the studies. Detailed geotechnical surveys will be undertaken.

### 6.1.4 ROAD ACCESS AND REQUIREMENTS

The project site is being considered for two points of road access – to the north and the south. Both junctions would intersect with Minilya-Exmouth Road, which is under the care and control of Main Roads WA. Road access alignments will be subject to detailed design and confirmation of a number of matters, including sightlines, subterranean fauna and Aboriginal Heritage survey outcomes. There will be some road access to Minilya-Exmouth Road for the operations. These would not be public roads.

It is understood that, anecdotally, Exmouth residents tend to drive along the Exmouth Gulf to access areas near the project site for fishing and other coastal recreation. Subsea 7 has included a launchway crossing in to the site proposal to ensure access is maintained. This will ensure that residents using the beach for vehicle access will be able to drive over the launchway at a crossing point that will be designed and built as part of the project. A beach route and a trafficable crossing will ensure access across the launchway will be retained.

### 6.1.5 CAR PARKING

Car parking will be provided for the Learmonth Pipeline Fabrication Facility in accordance with LPS 4. Table 3 of LPS 4 allocates a minimum number of required parking spaces for specific uses, including for 'marine support facility'. 'Telecommunications infrastructure' and 'Pipeline fabrication facility' are not specified in Table 3. For those uses clause 4.26.3 is relevant, which states:

"4.26.3 Where a particular parking requirement for a use class is not specified in Table 3, the local government shall determine the number of car parking spaces to be provided having regard to the—

- (a) nature of the proposed development;
- (b) requirements of the Building Code;
- (c) number of employees and visitors/clients to be associated with the development; and
- (d) orderly and proper planning of the locality."

The operational intent is to take employees to and from the facility by bus. This will have a bearing on the total number of car parking bays that may be required for the facility and traffic volumes associated with the facility utilising Minilya-Exmouth Road.

Parking bays for site vehicles and employee/visitor parking will be provided with the facility. The design and layout of car parking areas would be proposed as part of a Development Application.

#### 6.1.6 EARTHWORKS AND DRAINAGE

The site access roads will be sealed for the first 50 metres beyond the main road access, and will otherwise be unsealed. Employee and visitor parking will be provided on the project site. Dust suppression services will be utilised. The rail track will include a culvert and an open drain to prevent surface water flood paths from crossing the rail track.

### 6.1.7 ADMINISTRATION AND SUPPORT FACILITIES

Permanent security facilities are not required at the site, however a gatehouse will be installed and manned during times of peak operations. Changing, ablutions and messing facilities will be available on-site. No accommodation for personnel will be on-site.

### 7 TIMING

### 7.1 PROJECT PROGRAMME

The project programme considers the following critical path. There are prescribed timeframes which contribute to the significant lead time required, as shown in the table below.

Scheme Amendment to LPS 4	<ol> <li>1.</li> <li>2.</li> <li>3.</li> <li>4.</li> <li>5.</li> <li>6.</li> </ol>	Lodgement of Scheme Amendment Request to Shire of Exmouth for initiation and advertising.  WAPC consent to advertise and EPA s.48A referral.  60 day advertising period for a Complex Amendment.  Consideration of all submissions by the Shire, and resolution to adopt the Scheme Amendment.  WAPC has 90 days to consider the amendment and make its recommendations to the Minister for Planning. Minister decision on amendment under section 87(2) of the Act.  Once approved by the Minister, WAPC and Local Government sign and execute the Amendment and it is published in the <i>Government Gazette</i> .	Estimated timeframe March 2019 – December 2019
s.38 EPA	1.	Anticipated EPA decision on Public Environmental Review for end of 2019.	Estimated timeframe Quarter 4 2019
JDAP	1. 2. 3.	Preparation of Development Application and lodge with local government.  Shire assessment, advertising if required, and preparation of Responsible Authority Report.  Consideration by Joint Development Assessment Panel (after section 38 EPA referral and determination).	Estimated timeframe Quarter 4 2019 – Quarter 1 2020

### 8 CONSULTATION

A number of meetings with stakeholders have been held in relation to this request.

Date	Attendees	Purpose		
2 May 2017	Department of Planning Taylor Burrell Barnett Squire Patton Boggs	The meeting was held to discuss some planning process options that could be available for the proposal. The concept of lodging a modification to the draft LPS 4 was discussed.		
8 May 2017	Shire of Exmouth Commissioner Subsea 7 Taylor Burrell Barnett Squire Patton Boggs Claypan Services Banks-Smith & Associates	The meeting broadly introduced the project to the Exmouth Commissioner. The scope of the project was discussed from a tenure, engineering, environmental, planning, and indigenous heritage and native title perspective. A number of future meetings were discussed to be held to maintain communication with the local government and engagement with other stakeholders.		
30 May 2017	Shire of Exmouth Subsea 7 Taylor Burrell Barnett Squire Patton Boggs	The meeting broadly introduced the project to the new Chief Executive Officer of the Shire of Exmouth. An update on stakeholder engagement and the project programme were discussed.  A memorandum was provided to the Shire of Exmouth outlining the requested modification to the draft Local Planning Scheme No. 4.		
30 May 2017	Memorandum	Taylor Burrell Barnett distributed a memorandum to the (then) Department of Planning officers outlining a draft modification request to the draft Local Planning Scheme No. 4.		
21 July 2017	Office of the EPA Subsea 7 360 Environmental Taylor Burrell Barnett	The meeting provided a brief project overview including proposed schedule, construction methods, and proposed environmental approvals process.  An update was provided in relation to technical studies that are being undertaken or completed.  An update on stakeholder consultation was provided.  The proposed modification to the draft LPS 4 was discussed. The Office of the EPA indicated that the modification should aim to align as closely as possible with the section 38 referral (being prepared).		
29 August 2017  Department of Planning, Lands and Heritage Shire of Exmouth Subsea 7 Squire Patton Boggs Taylor Burrell Barnett  The meeting Modification 18 August At the mean amendment include conduction Map. The intenti		The meeting provided an opportunity for the DPLH to provide feedback on a Modification Request to the draft LPS 4, which was submitted to the Shire on 18 August 2017.  At the meeting, the agreed planning process was to initiate a 'complex' amendment under the Shire's TPS 3 for a 'Special Use' zone, which would include conditions in the Scheme Text and a rezoning shown on the Scheme Map.  The intention is that a Compex Amendment to TPS 3 could be carried over and incorporated into LPS 4, as and when it is gazetted.		
September 2017  Subsea 7 360 Environmental Taylor Burrell Barnett  Subsea 7 360 Environmental Taylor Burrell Barnett  An update was provided in relation to technic or completed.  The proposed amendment to the TPS 3 was		The proposed amendment to the TPS 3 was discussed. The Office of the EPA indicated that the amendment should aim to align as closely as possible with the		
10 October 2017				
10 July 2018 Department of Planning, Lands and Heritage Subsea 7 submitted a letter to advertising of a Scheme Amendment		Subsea 7 submitted a letter to DPLH requesting support for concurrent advertising of a Scheme Amendment to LPS 4 and the PER. The letter indicated that Subsea 7 would submit a Scheme Amendment REQuest to the Shire, upon gazettal of LPS 4.		

Date	Attendees	Purpose
23 January 2019	Subsea 7	Subsea 7 submitted the draft Scheme Amendment Request to LPS 4 to the Shire for initial feedback and review.
		Shire of Exmouth administration reviewed the Request and requested additional information and a number of modifications to the Amendment, based on the final version of the LPS 4.

### 9 CONCLUSION

The proposal does not comfortably fit into any land use that could be considered in the 'Rural' zone. In consultation with the Shire of Exmouth and the Department of Planning, Lands and Heritage it is agreed that a Scheme Amendment to LPS 4 be pursued.

Given the Shire's previous support for Scheme Amendment 32 and the level of work that has been undertaken from a town planning perspective previously, we respectfully request that the project site envelope be considered for a 'Special Use' zone and that the Amendment to LPS 4 be initiated and adopted for advertising.

The project programme considers the following critical path:

- Council's initiation of the Amendment and adoption for advertising. Referral to the EPA will be undertaken;
- Advertising of the complex amendment so that it can potentially be advertised concurrently with the Public Environmental Review;
- Finalisation of the Scheme Amendment can then occur at a similar time as the Minister's decision on the section 38 referral; and
- Development Approval by the Kimberley Pilbara Gascoyne JDAP.

The project will deliver long-term benefits to the Shire, including:

- Local employment and apprenticeship opportunities;
- Permanent population growth as a result of employment opportunities;
- Support for local businesses through direct contracts and population increase;
- Long term rates revenue for the Shire;
- Other indirect community and economic benefits as a result of Subsea 7's presence in the Shire.

We look forward to the Shire's favourable consideration of this Scheme Amendment Request and its adoption to advertise.

## SCHEME AMENDMENT DOCUMENT



### Shire of Exmouth Local Planning Scheme No. 4

**Amendment No. 1** 

Rezoning Part of Lots 233-235 and 1586 Minilya-Exmouth Road, Learmonth to 'Special Use' zone

## PLANNING AND DEVELOPMENT ACT 2005 RESOLUTION DECIDING TO ADOPT AMENDMENT TO LOCAL PLANNING SCHEME

### SHIRE OF EXMOUTH LOCAL PLANNING SCHEME NO.4 AMENDMENT NO.1

Resolved that the Local Government pursuant to Section 75 of the *Planning and Development Act 2005*, amend the above Local Planning Scheme by:

- 1. Rezoning Part of Lot 233 Minilya-Exmouth Road and Part of Lot 1586 Minilya-Exmouth Road, Learmonth from 'Rural' zone to 'Special Use' Zone;
- 2. Rezoning Lot 234 on Plan 193858 and part of Unallocated Crown Land from 'Foreshore' reserve to 'Special Use' zone;
- 3. Rezoning part of Lot 235 on Plan 193858 to 'Special Use' Zone;
- 4. Amending the Scheme Map accordingly;
- 5. Amending 'Schedule 4 Special Use Zones' to include SU10 and relevant conditions to apply as follows:

No	DESCRIPTION OF LAND	SPECIAL USE	CONDITIONS
SU10	Part of Lot 233 Minilya-Exmouth Road, Part of Lot 1586 Minilya-Exmouth Road, Lot 234 on Plan 193858, Part of Lot 235 on Plan 193858, Part of Unallocated Crown Land, Learmonth	As a 'P' use:  Marine support facility  Pipeline fabrication facility  Telecommunications infrastructure	1. Buildings (excluding gatehouse and incidental structures) shall be setback a minimum of 100 metres from any lot boundary with frontage to Minilya-Exmouth Road.  2. Rural style fencing is permitted.  3. As part of a Development Application the following shall be addressed to the specification and satisfaction of the local government:  a. Details of heritage assessment processes.  b. Details for a potable and non-potable water supply.  c. Details for waste water treatment.  d. Details for stormwater management.
			e. Access from Minilya-Exmouth Road, in consultation with Main Roads WA.
			f. Details for construction management.
			g. Details for coastal management within the zone.

6. Inserting the following the land use definition in Schedule 1 of the Shire of Exmouth Local Planning Scheme No. 4 as follows:

- a. 'Pipeline Fabrication Facility' "pipeline fabrication facility means premises used for fabricating, testing and launching pipelines and includes: lay down and storage area(s); road access and parking area(s); workshops for fabrication facilities; facility offices and amenities; track(s), launchway(s) and coastal infrastructure used to convey pipelines to the coastline; and incidental uses and services thereto."
- 7. Pursuant to Regulation 35 of the *Planning and Development (Local Planning Schemes) Regulations 2015*, determines that the amendment is a 'Complex Amendment' for the reason that the proposal is not addressed by any Western Australian Planning Commission endorsed Local Planning Strategy that applies to the Shire of Exmouth.

Dated this	day of	20	
			CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

### **PLANNING AND DEVELOPMENT ACT 2005**

### **RESOLUTION TO AMEND LOCAL PLANNING SCHEME**

### SHIRE OF EXMOUTH LOCAL PLANNING SCHEME NO.4 AMENDMENT NO.1

Resolved that the Local Government pursuant to section 75 of the *Planning and Development Act 2005*, amend the above Local Planning Scheme by:

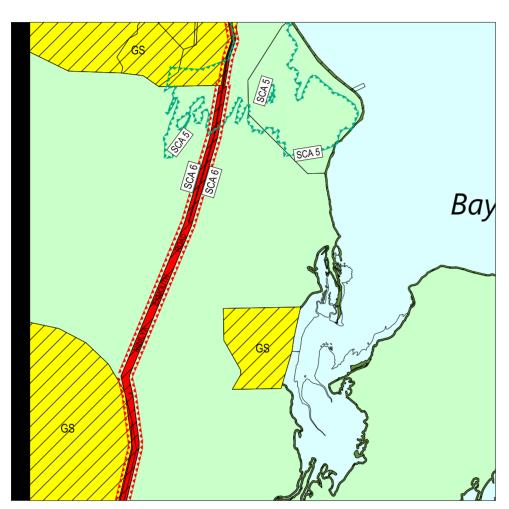
- 1. Rezoning Part of Lot 233 Minilya-Exmouth Road and Part of Lot 1586 Minilya-Exmouth Road, Learmonth from 'Rural' zone to 'Special Use' Zone;
- 2. Rezoning Lot 234 on Plan 193858 and part of Unallocated Crown Land from 'Foreshore' reserve to 'Special Use' zone;
- 3. Rezoning part of Lot 235 on Plan 193858 to 'Special Use' Zone;
- 4. Amending the Scheme Map accordingly; and
- 5. Amending 'Schedule 4 Special Use Zones' to include SU10 and relevant conditions to apply as follows:

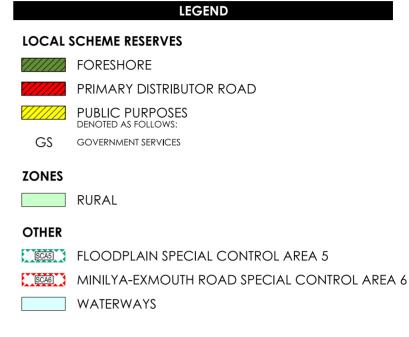
No	DESCRIPTION OF LAND	SPECIAL USE	CONDITIONS
SU10	Part of Lot 233 Minilya-Exmouth Road, Part of Lot 1586 Minilya- Exmouth Road, Lot 234 on Plan 193858, Part of Lot 235 on Plan 193858, Part of Unallocated Crown Land, Learmonth	As a 'P' use:  Marine support facility  Pipeline fabrication facility  Telecommunications infrastructure	<ol> <li>Buildings (excluding gatehouse and incidental structures) shall be setback a minimum of 100 metres from any lot boundary with frontage to Minilya-Exmouth Road.</li> <li>Rural style fencing is permitted.</li> <li>As part of a Development Application the following shall be addressed to the specification and satisfaction of the local government:         <ol> <li>Details of heritage assessment processes.</li> <li>Details for a potable and non-potable water supply.</li> <li>Details for stormwater management.</li> <li>Access from Minilya-Exmouth Road, in consultation with Main Roads WA.</li> <li>Details for construction management.</li> <li>Details for construction management within</li> </ol> </li> </ol>

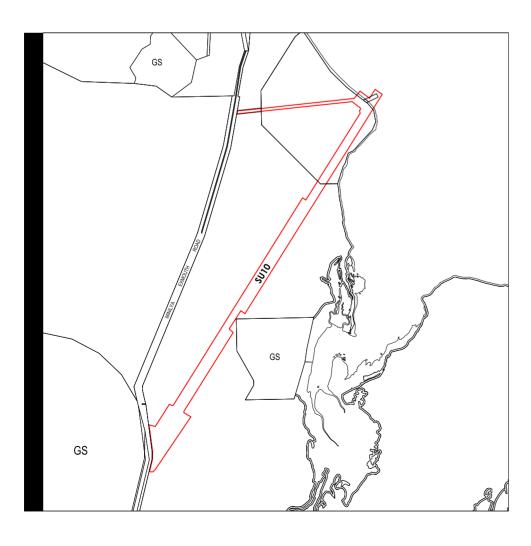
4. Inserting the following the land use definition in Schedule 1 of the Shire of Exmouth Local Planning Scheme No. 4 as follows:

a.	'Pipeline Fabrication Facility' – "pipeline fabrication facility means premises used for fabricating, testing and launching pipelines and includes: lay down and storage area(s); road access and parking area(s); workshops for fabrication facilities; facility offices and amenities; track(s), launchway(s) and coastal infrastructure used to convey pipelines to the coastline; and incidental uses and services thereto."

# SHIRE OF EXMOUTH Local Planning Scheme No.4 Scheme Amendment Request







## S SU10 SPECIAL USE ZONE

**ZONES** 



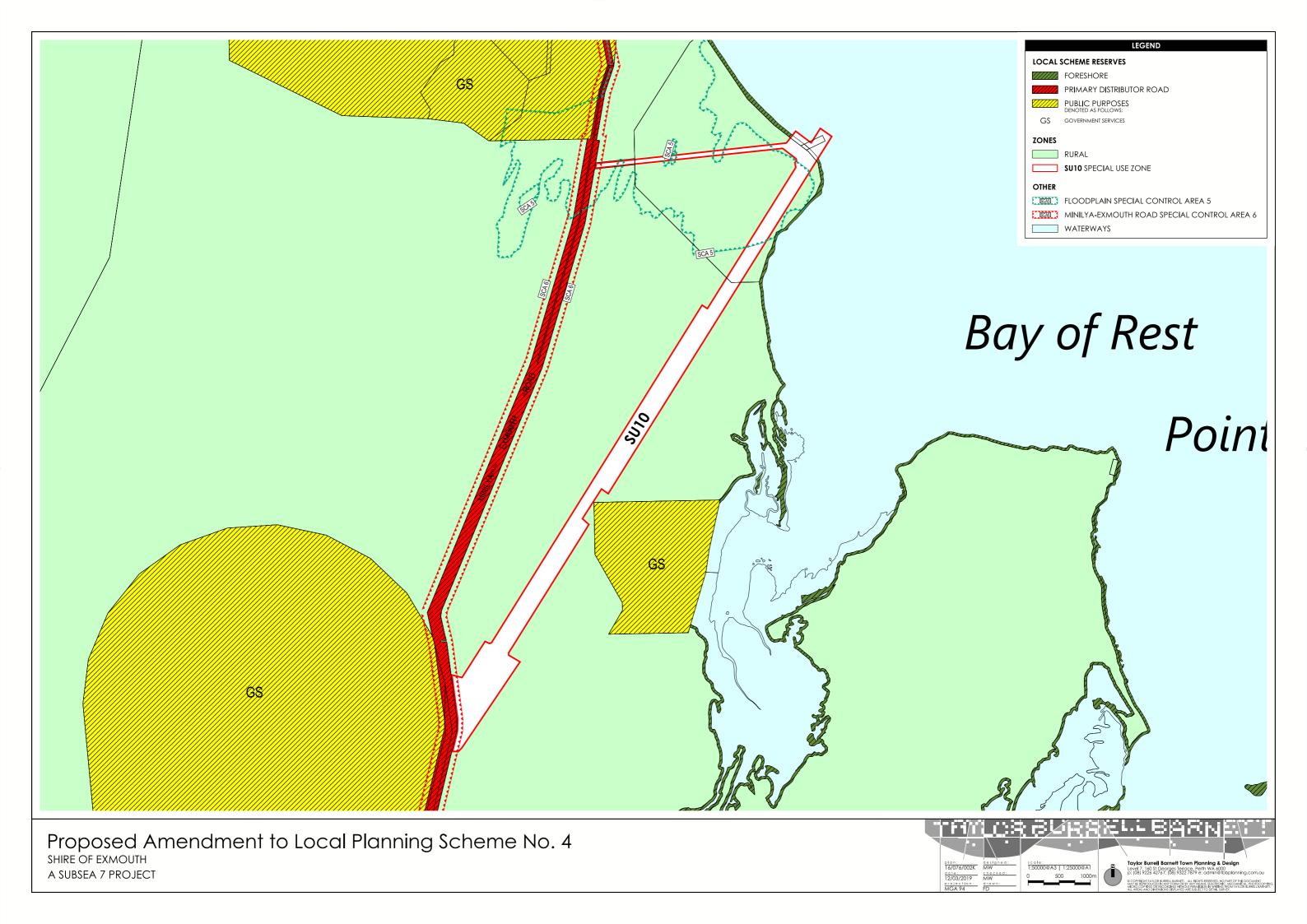
### **COUNCIL ADOPTION**

This Complex Amendment was adopted by resolution of the Council of the Shire of Exmouth at the Ordinary Meeting of the Council held on the day of, 20
SHIRE PRESIDENT
CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER
COUNCIL RESOLUTION TO ADVERTISE
by resolution of the Council of the Shire of Exmouth at the Ordinary Meeting of the Council held on the day of, 20, proceed to advertise this Amendment.
SHIRE PRESIDENT
CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER
COUNCIL RECOMMENDATION
This Amendment is recommended by resolution of the Shire of Exmouth at the Ordinary Meeting of the Council held on the day of, 20 and the Common Seal of the Shire of Exmouth was hereunto affixed by the authority of a resolution of the Council in the presence of:
SHIRE PRESIDENT
CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER WAPC ENDORSEMENT (r.63)
DELEGATED UNDER S.16 OF THE P&D ACT 2005
DATE

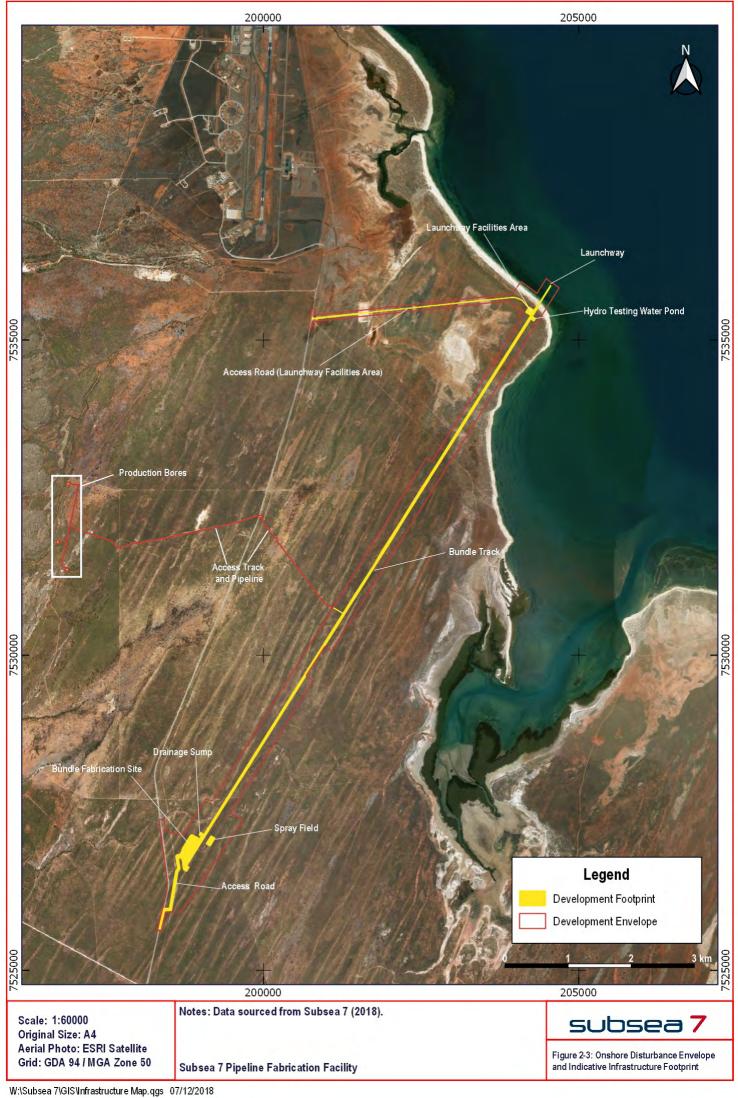
### **FORM 6A - CONTINUED**

APPROVAL GRANTED	
	MINISTER FOR PLANNING
	DATE

## APPENDIX B PROPOSED AMENDMENT TO LPS 4



## **APPENDIX C**PROJECT ENVELOPE



## APPENDIX D ENVIRONMENTAL ASSESSMENT REPORT



Learmonth Pipeline Fabrication Facility

### Environmental Assessment Report

Prepared for:

Subsea 7

January 2019

people
 planet
 professional

Document Reference	Revision	Prepared by	Reviewed by	Admin Review	Submitted to Client	
					Copies	Date
2061AM	A INTERNAL DRAFT	СМ	SS	SH	1x electronic	27/6/17
2061AM	B CLIENT DRAFT	СМ	SS	NC	1x electronic	28/6/17
2061AM	C CLIENT FINAL	СМ	SS	-	1x electronic	10/08/17
2061AM	D CLIENT FINAL	CM/HT	TS	SH	1x electronic	17/01/18

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### **Executive Summary**

Subsea 7 (Australia) Contracting Pty Ltd (Subsea 7) is proposing to construct a new pipeline bundle fabrication site in Western Australia (the Project) to further support growth within the Asia Pacific region. Subsea 7 has installed over 78 pipeline bundles in the North Sea, three in Australia and eight in Africa.

Heron Point near Learmonth (Exmouth) was chosen as the preferred site for the proposed pipeline bundle fabrication facility; due to its ideally flat topographical profile, 10 km of land void of any infrastructure, access to the ocean (and ideal ocean conditions and beach profile).

The proposed pipeline bundle fabrication facility will include a bundle track of approximately 10 km in length and an access road from Minilya-Exmouth Road approximately 3 km in length. The onshore Project Envelope (or 'the Site'), defining the potential maximum extent of physical disturbance, covers approximately 474 ha which includes the site layout, access road to the site and tracks to the production bores.

### **Key Environmental Aspects**

- Coastline Stability: The coastline at Heron Point has remained relatively stable with minimal short to medium term change (as assessed from a review of contemporary aerial imagery). It is unlikely that coastal processes would significantly impact the project development and operations, unless the development significantly changes the local sediment transport regime;
- Terrestrial Flora, Vegetation and Fauna: Results from field surveys indicate that the Project Envelope does not contain any conservation significant flora species listed under the State or Commonwealth legislation. One Priority 3 species was recorded abundantly within the Project Envelope and outside in regional areas. No vegetation associations proposed to be disturbed are confined to the Project Area nor are they deemed threatened ecological communities. Six conservation significant fauna species were recorded; the Osprey, Lesser Sand Plover, Caspian Tern, Lesser Crested Tern, Crested Tern and Rainbow Bee-eater. No 'critical habitat' for any of these species was recorded within the Survey Area
- Subterranean Fauna: The Site is partially within the extent of the Cape Range Subterranean Waterways listed under the Directory of Important Wetlands. The clearing of native vegetation on the surface is considered to potentially be the most significant impact to subterranean fauna species within the waterways with a 'Moderate to High' impact (following a desktop assessment). Groundwater drawdown from proposed abstraction will be minimal at the bore sites and even less within a 3 km radius;
- Hydrology: Flood Modelling indicates that post-development surface water flow patterns are expected to remain similar to baseline flow patterns, and changes to



flow velocities are not expected to alter any natural scour or sediment deposition characteristics of the area.



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Appendix A NatureMap Search Report

Appendix B Protected Matters Search Tool Report



### 1 Introduction

### 1.1 Background

Subsea 7 is proposing to construct and operate an onshore pipeline fabrication facility at Lots 233 and 1586 to the east of Minilya-Exmouth Road, Learmonth, located approximately 35 km south of the Exmouth townsite.

Pipeline 'bundles' co-locate a number of services within a single bundle and are used in the development of offshore oil and gas fields. The 'bundle' is constructed onshore before being launched and towed offshore to the field.

The site is defined as the onshore Project Envelope which extends approximately 10 km inland from the coast within Lots 233 and 1586 on Deposited Plan 72986 (Figure 1).

The Proposal includes the construction of a fabrication shed, where the bundles will be constructed, a storage area where the bundle materials will be stored prior to use and two, approximately 10 km in length, bundle tracks along which bundles will be constructed and then launched. A bundle launch way, crossing the beach and extending into the nearshore subtidal area, will facilitate the launch of each bundle.

The Proposal was referred to the WA Environmental Protection Authority (EPA) under Section 38 of the *Environmental Protection Act 1986* in November 2017. The EPA has decided to assess the Proposal and the level of assessment set as a Public Environmental Review (PER). The Proposal was also referred to the Commonwealth Department of Environment and Energy (DEE) in October 2017 for national matters under the *Environment Protection and Biodiversity Conservation Act 1999* (EPBC Act). The Project received a Controlled Action from the DEE and national matters will be assessed by accredited assessment through the State's PER process under the *Environmental Protection Act 1986*. The development of the PER is currently in progress.

The Site is currently zoned as 'Pastoral' under the Shire of Exmouth Town Planning Scheme No. 3. When the Shire's Local Planning Scheme No. 4 (LPS 4) is gazetted, the Site will be zoned 'Rural'. This document has been prepared to support planning approvals processes, including an amendment to the Shire of Exmouth's draft LPS4 to include a 'Special Use' zone.

### 1.2 Environmental Assessment Objective

The objective of this Environmental Assessment Report (EAR) is to support the LPS amendment.



### 1.3 Scope of Works

The scope of works for this report includes the following:

- Demonstrate a clear understanding of the key environmental issues relevant to the Site and the proposed Local Planning Scheme Amendment (LPS);
- Reference past/current environmental assessments and environmental approvals within the Site;
- Provide an overview of the general environmental features of the Site through review of existing information and desktop assessments;
- Identify, at a high level, the potential environmental impacts associated with the proposed Scheme Amendment and future development;
- Demonstrate why the proposed change in land use will not result in adverse environmental impacts; and
- Provide a high level summary of an environmental management framework.



### 2 Review of Environmental Aspects

### 2.1 Planning Context

The Site is zoned as 'Pastoral' under the Shire of Exmouth Town Planning Scheme No. 3. The 'Pastoral' zone classification includes objectives to (1) support the continuation of the pastoral industry in the District, (2) to protect the pastoral industry from land use conflicts by location of high intensity uses, and (3) to allow for diversification of uses as may be endorsed by the Pastoral Board (DoP 1999).

When the Shire's Local Planning Scheme No. 4 (LPS 4) is gazetted, the Site will be zoned 'Rural'.

This document has been prepared to support planning approvals processes, including an amendment to the Shire of Exmouth's draft LPS4 to include a 'Special Use' zone.

The Site is located on Crown Land and is subject to the 'Exmouth Gulf' Pastoral Lease which has a term of 39 years, 3 months, 1 day that commenced on 1 July 2015.

### 2.2 Climate

The climate of the region is hot semi-arid with hot summers and mild winters. Climate data from 1945 to 2018 was obtained from the Learmonth Airport Station located approximately 1.5 km northwest of the Site (Plate 1). The annual mean maximum temperature is 31.9°C and the annual mean minimum temperature is 17.7°C. The mean annual rainfall was recorded at 255 mm (BoM 2019).



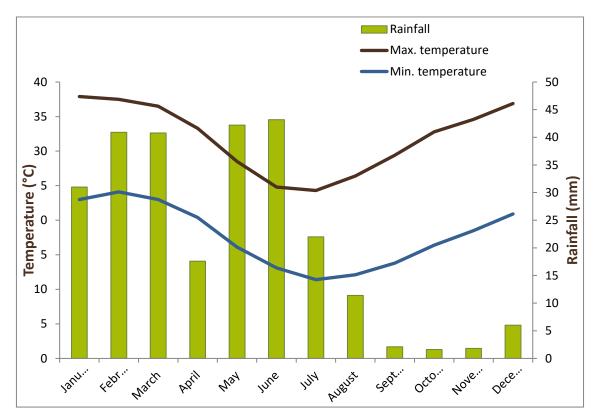


Plate 1: Climate Statistics for Learmonth Airport Station 1945-2018 (BoM 2019)

# 2.3 Surrounding Land Uses

The site is located within Lots 233 and 1586 within the Shire of Exmouth Local Government Area and is approximately 35 km south of the Exmouth Townsite. The Site is positioned on the eastern side of the Minilya-Exmouth Road, with direct access to the Exmouth Gulf and in proximity to the Bay of Rest.

Surrounding land uses include pastoral activities (Exmouth Gulf pastoral station intersects the Site) and a number of Federal Government facilities:

- Learmonth Royal Australian Air Force (RAAF) Base and Airport located to the northwest;
- Learmonth Solar Observatory to the north;
- Naval Communication Station Harold E Holt Area C to the north;
- Minilya-Exmouth Road to the west; and
- The Exmouth Gulf prawn fishery and various aquaculture lease areas occur within Exmouth Gulf offshore of Learmonth.

## 2.4 Topography

The site is relatively flat to gently sloping with the elevation ranging from approximately 25 m Australian Height Datum (AHD) inland to 0 m AHD to the coast, sloping from the



south west to the north east (Figure 2a,b) (GHD 2017a). Based on available topographical data, the site appears to drain internally, with a coastal dune preventing discharge to the ocean (GHD 2018).

#### 2.5 Coastal Processes

A shoreline movement assessment was undertaken by MP Rogers (2017) evaluating the sediment transport regimes and erosion patterns adjacent to the Learmonth Jetty over the past 60-70 years. This jetty provides a useful case study for what could be expected adjacent to the proposed Bundle launchway, given the similarities in exposure, aspect, and nearshore bathymetry.

Shoreline movement assessment for the Learmonth Jetty site shows a degree of change in the adjacent shoreline between 1949 and 2013. The shoreline adjacent to the northern side of the jetty abutment has averaged 70 – 100 m of accretion over 800 m, while the southern side's average was in the order of 20 m over 700 m. The assessment concluded that although some impediment to longshore sediment transport does occur, there has been no net erosion over the long term (MP Rogers 2017). However, short term erosion of the southern shoreline occurred during a period of years after construction of the jetty with erosion peaking in 1968. Erosion extent during this time may have peaked at 40 m in certain areas.

The proposed bundle site's shoreline assessment indicated similar findings to that of the Learmonth Jetty with the shoreline along the coast experiencing a net accretion over the assessment time period (1949-2013).

The proposed bundle site main findings from the shoreline movement assessment are:

- A varying degree of fluctuation in the shoreline position for the proposed development site, with an overall net accretion trend adjacent to the abutment. The northern side of the abutment was identified to have greater accretion.
- A long term accretion trend that has occurred from 1949 2001, with an average of 30 m of accretion. This trend is similar to what the Learmonth Jetty construction experienced.
- ◆ A predominately medium grain sand shoreline, with median grain sizes ranging from 0.15 - 0.5 mm. Due to the sandy and medium grain size nature of these materials the longshore transport processes would be expected along these shorelines however small sediment transport quantities due to calm nature of the site

Of note, the total net accretion average of 30 m may be influenced by the ephemeral vegetation during a calm period when the 2013 aerial imagery was taken. Discounting the 2013 shoreline position, the average net accretion from 1949-2001 was approximately 20 m (Figure 3) (MP Rogers 2017).



#### 2.5.1 Storm Surge

The Learmonth region near Exmouth is particularly vulnerable to extreme storm surges associated with tropical cyclones (TC). An ocean surge study has been completed to evaluate potential storm surge impacts at the Site, including the estimation of extent of storm induced inundation (GHD 2017b).

The investigation modelled extreme water levels at the Site ranging from  $\sim 1.3$  m AHD for a 5 Year ARI event to  $\sim 5$  m AHD for a 1000 Year ARI event. In addition, the predicted 10 year ARI water level was  $\sim 1.5$  m AHD, slightly higher than the Highest Astronomical Tide (HAT) of 1.49 m AHD. These water levels are considered to be representative of local storm surge dynamics for the Learmonth area, whereby storm surge is generally not excessive of the HAT (GHD 2017b). High return period events do break at the shoreline, however, there the level of inundation is low. Oceanic water level variabilities were considerably smaller than normal storm tide variations, and as such they are considered as secondary effects with minimal influence to the predicted ARI extreme water levels (GHD 2017b).



# 2.6 Regional Geology and Soils

Surface geology was mapped at a scale of 1:100 000. Desktop review of the data identified three surface geology profiles mapped across the site (Figure 4) (GSWA 2008):

- Dunes 38496: Dunes, sandplain with dunes and swales; may include numerous interdune claypans; residual and Aeolian sand with minor silt and clay; Aeolian red quartz sand, clay and silt in places gypsiferous; yellow hummocky sand;
- Estuarine and delta deposits 38489: Coastal silt and evaporate deposits; estuarine, lagoonal, and lacustrine deposits; and
- Colluvium 38491: Colluvium, sheetwash, talus: gravel piedmonts and aprons over and around bedrock; clay-silt-sand with sheet and nodular kankar; alluvial and Aeolian sand-silt-gravel in depressions and broad valleys in Canning Basin; local calcrete, reworked laterite.

The (then) Department of Agriculture and Food WA (DAFWA) Soil Subsystems mapping indicates that the site falls within both the Littoral System and the Cardabia System (Figure 5) (DAFWA 2012a).

- Littoral System: Bare coastal mudflats (unvegetated), samphire flats, sandy islands, coastal dunes and beaches, supporting samphire low shrublands, sparse acacia shrublands and mangrove forests; and
- Carbadia System: Undulating sandy plains with linear dunes, minor limestone plains and low rises, supporting mainly soft spinifex hummock grasslands with scattered acacia shrublands and mangrove forests.

A Geotechnical desktop study (GHD, 2017c) reported the majority of the area is characterised by a series of parallel network dunes and residual sand plains made up of red brown to yellow quartz sand. The dunes are approximately 5 m in height and are stabilised by light vegetation comprising grasses and small shrubs. The dunes generally trend north northeast to south southwest.

## 2.7 Acid Sulfate Soils

Desktop mapping identified portions of the Site is mapped as Class 1 'High to Moderate' risk of Acid Sulfate Soils (ASS) within 3 m of the natural soil surface (DER 2014a) (Figure 6). A portion of the development area along the coast is also mapped as Class 2: 'Moderate to Low' risk of ASS within 3 m of natural soil surface with 'High to Moderate' risk of ASS beyond 3 m (DER 2014a). These areas correspond generally with supratidal mud flats (GHD 2017a).

The surrounding landscape is mostly mapped as having 'High to Moderate' risk of ASS with small strips of areas with 'Moderate to Low' risk within 3 m of the natural soil surface (DER 2014a).



Subsea 7 commissioned a targeted ASS investigation to confirm the presence, or absence, of ASS within the Proposal footprint. ASS risk mapping (DER 2014a), and the proposed layout of infrastructure, was used as a guide to determine the ASS investigation sites. The data obtained from the construction of the stygofauna monitoring bores (refer to Section 0) also informed the location of the ASS investigation sites.

Field tests (pH $_{\text{F}}$  and pH $_{\text{FOX}}$ ) performed at the laboratory on all the soil samples obtained during the ASS investigation indicated that no samples were actual or potential ASS (MBS Environmental 2018). Results from laboratory analysis selected soil samples indicated that net acidity was less than 0.005% (wet weight) and well below DER (2015) criteria. In addition, the measured acid neutralising capacity (ANC) was high and variable, ranging from 0.67 to 11% (wet weight), indicating capacity to neutralise any acidity.

Based on the findings of this investigation there was no identified risk of disturbing any ASS during site works, and therefore negligible risk of impact to soil, surface water or groundwater quality following the exposure or disturbance of ASS.

# 2.8 Hydrogeology

Based on an interpretation of the surface geology, it is inferred that minor sandstone and calcarenite underlie the surface sands, with a succession of limestone beneath. Where saturated, the sandstone and limestone units are considered a regionally important aquifer and are currently utilised for Exmouth Town water supply, Learmonth RAAF base water supply, together with various stock and domestic supply bores (GHD 2018).

Groundwater within the limestone aquifer is generally found to flow eastwards, from the Cape Range (source of groundwater recharge) towards the Exmouth Gulf where it discharges (DoW 2011). Local groundwater flow patterns are likely to be significantly affected by karstic features. Due to the highly permeable nature of the limestone aquifer, the saline interface is known to extend up to 5 km inland. The freshwater aquifer thickens to the west, with distance from the coast, and is known to be up to 150 m in depth, however the aquifer permeability may also decrease with aquifer thickness (GHD 2018).

#### 2.8.1 Groundwater

Groundwater and surface water in Western Australia is protected under the *Rights in Water and Irrigation Act 1914* (RIWI Act). A search of the Department of Water's (DoW) GIS datasets indicates that the Site lies within the Exmouth South groundwater Sub-area part of the Gascoyne Groundwater Area (DoW 2015).

The DWER Water Register identifies a number of groundwater users within close proximity of the project area (DWER 2018a). These include licensed groundwater abstraction users and non-licensed users. A summary of the current licences is provided



in Table 1 below. The licensed abstraction within close proximity of the Project is for relatively small groundwater volumes (GHD 2018). Domestic and stock use are exempt from groundwater licensing, and as such there is no formal requirement for the locations of stock or domestic abstraction bores to be recorded, providing that abstraction is limited to less than 1500 kL per bore/per annum. Whilst not licensed, the location of many stock bores is recorded on the DWER Water Information Reporting database in proximity to the Project Area (DWER 2018b). In general stock bores supply low volumes of groundwater and only target water of suitable quality for stock use (GHD 2018).

Table 1: Existing groundwater abstraction licences (Source: GHD 2018, DWER 2018b)

LICENCE ID	HOLDER	AQUIFER	VOLUME PER ANNUM (EXPIRY)	Соммент
175966	Rough Range Oil Pty Ltd	Carnarvon - Cape Range Limestone	550 kL (2012-2019)	Very large area covering their Exploratory petroleum permit. Location of bores unknown
201409	Main Roads	Carnarvon - Cape Range Limestone	20000 kL (2018-2028)	Along the road alignment of Minilya-Exmouth Road. Location of bores unknown
47187	M G Kailis Pty. Ltd	Carnarvon - Cape Range Limestone	100000 kL (2013-2023)	Coastal area 8 km from the Project site.
159169	M G Kailis Pty. Ltd	Carnarvon - Cape Range Limestone	30000 kL (2017-2027)	

#### 2.8.2 Aquifers

Groundwater drilling has been completed at 20 locations (Plate 2) to confirm a suitable groundwater supply for the Proposal and to support the stygofauna investigations. A summary of the site geology and hydrogeological units is provided in Table 2.

Table 2: Summary of lithologies recorded during drilling program (Source: GHD 2018)

Unit	THICKNESS (M)	COMMENT
Sand	0-3	Coastal dune sand. Present across the main project area at surface, thickest in the West, absent in the water supply area, and thin or absent in coastal flats. Generally not saturated.
Sandstone (Exmouth Sandstone)	5-20	An interbedded sequence of pale red to yellow sandstone, varying from well cemented to poorly



Unit	THICKNESS (M)	COMMENT
		cemented. Was found throughout the Project area. In some areas, the sandstone was interbedded with more calcareous sediments. Some minor clay bands were also noted.
		The sandstone, where found in lower elevation areas, was found to be saturated and offered reasonable groundwater flow.
Calcarenite/ limestone (Bundera Calcarenite, and possibly Trealla Limestone in the west at depth).	> 40	An interbedded sequence of white to brown, well to poorly cemented Calcarenite/limestone was found throughout the Project area where drilling continued deep enough. Shell fragments and minor clays were noted, particularly in the western areas at depth.
		The calcarenite/limestone was found to be saturated and offered reasonable to good groundwater flow.
		Note: The sandstone and calcarenite/limestone units are considered to represent a single connected aquifer, with no discernible separation between the two.

#### 2.8.3 Groundwater levels and quality

The groundwater flow direction at the Site was found to be largely consistent with the topography, with a general easterly flow direction, with groundwater discharging along the coast. Within the proposed fabrication shed area groundwater appeared to be flowing in an east south-easterly direction, whereas in the area closer to the proposed Bundle launchway groundwater was flowing in a more easterly direction (GHD 2018).

The greatest depth to groundwater is found in the western bores where depth to groundwater from ground level is between 22-32 m depending on location. The shallowest depth to groundwater is found in the low-lying bores located closest to the coast (e.g. S04, S05 and S06) where groundwater occurs at a depth of less than 1.5 m below ground level (bgl). In the main fabrication area, groundwater is found to occur at a depth of between 12 and 17 mbgl depending on location (Table 3).



Table 3: Groundwater Depths at the Site (measured from the top of the bore casing (mbtoc)

Monitoring Well Location	Date	Time	Depth (mbtoc)
S06S	22/10/18	9:15	2.345
S06N	22/10/18	9:45	2.248
S07	22/10/18	10:20	4.111
S16	22/10/18	10:30	12.545
S10	22/10/18	12:50	12.686
S02	22/10/18	13:20	3.760
S11	22/10/18	13:30	25.173
S24	22/10/18	13:45	27.317
S22	22/10/18	13:55	26.003
S15	22/10/18	14:05	28.950
S14	22/10/18	14:15	33.390
S25	22/10/18	14:25	22.893
S01	22/10/18	14:50	4.795
S09	23/10/18	9:05	15.448
ST01	23/10/18	9:50	18.260
S08	23/10/18	10:20	2.765
S03	23/10/18	10:45	2.648
S04N	From stygofauna samp	1.8	
S04S	From stygofauna samp	1.8	
S05	From stygofauna samp	1.8	

The groundwater quality at the site is typified by two distinct groundwater signatures:

- Salt dominant groundwater (hypersaline i.e. higher salinity than sea-water) in bores located in the main project footprint.
- Fresh to slightly brackish groundwater for those bores sampled in the western area (bores S24 and S25) and representing the proposed groundwater supply area (Plate 2).

All four bores sampled in the main project footprint recorded salinities (as Total Dissolved Solids) of between 46,900 mg/L (S09) to 73,700 mg/L (S06). The most saline groundwater within the project main footprint was sampled at S06 which is located in an area identified as tidal flats/salt plain. The high salinity of the project area is likely caused by the concentration of salts in areas of tidal flats (GHD 2018).

The relatively fresh groundwater found in the western area (S24 and S25) has a very similar signature to the Exmouth Town Water Supply water (DoW 2011). The low



concentrations of nutrients and biological components indicate that the site wide groundwater is un-impacted by its current use for sheep grazing (GHD 2018).

#### 2.8.4 Groundwater Abstraction

In order to support the bundle operations, it is estimated that an abstraction of 11.8 mL of groundwater per annum is required.

Modelling of the potential groundwater drawdown associated with the abstraction of groundwater for the life of the Proposal has been completed, based on a total period of 10,000 days ( $\sim$ 27 years) (GHD 2018). Two scenarios were modelled to reflect drawdown effects under two plausible transmissivity values of 10 m²/day and 100 m²/day. Under the most conservative scenario (worst case), modelled with a transmissivity value of 10 m²/day, maximum drawdown in the immediate location of the bores is up to 2.5 m after 10 years of continuous abstraction (GHD 2018).

Drawdown at a range of 3 km from the bores is predicted to not exceed 0.05 m. It is noted that the model does not include any recharge to the aquifer over this period, meaning that an impact of this magnitude would be unlikely (GHD 2018).



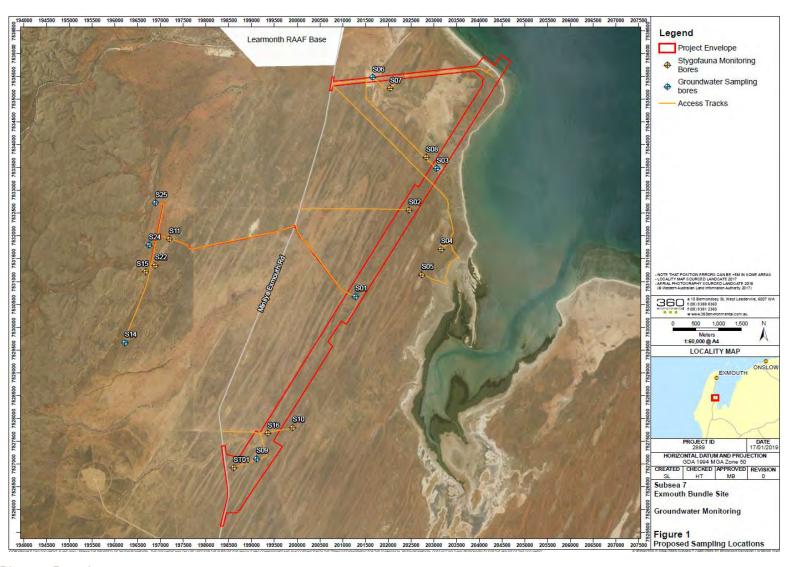


Plate 2: Bore Locations

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# 2.9 Hydrology

#### 2.9.1 Surface Water

There are no wild rivers or rivers proclaimed under the RIWI Act that intersect the Site. Three non-perennial swamps and four minor ephemeral watercourses intersect the Site (Figure 7).

The floodplain has very few defined flow paths based on aerial imagery and available topographical data, making it difficult to determine exact catchment boundaries. The catchment areas draining to the proposed infrastructure were delineated using CatchmentSim v3.5 software and are shown in Plate 3. There are three catchments with associated areas as follows:

- Catchment A 108.3 km².
- Catchment B 36.9 km<sup>2</sup>.
- Catchment C 59.8 km².

Flood modelling of the existing site and the post-development site has been undertaken for the following (GHD 2018):

- 10-year average recurrence interval (ARI) event, which was used to design the surface water infrastructure such as culverts, channels and floodways.
- 50-year ARI event to determine the potential risks of climate change and associated impacts to infrastructure.
- 100-year ARI event which was used to design flood damage protection measures, to ensure damage to infrastructure and discharge of chemicals does not occur.
- Probable Maximum Precipitation (PMP) Design Flood, which was used to demonstrate how the Proposal could modify flood behaviour following a worst case flood event.

Modelling indicates that surface water flow patterns are expected to remain similar to baseline flow patterns, and changes to flow velocities are not expected to alter any natural scour or sediment deposition characteristics of the area (GHD 2018).



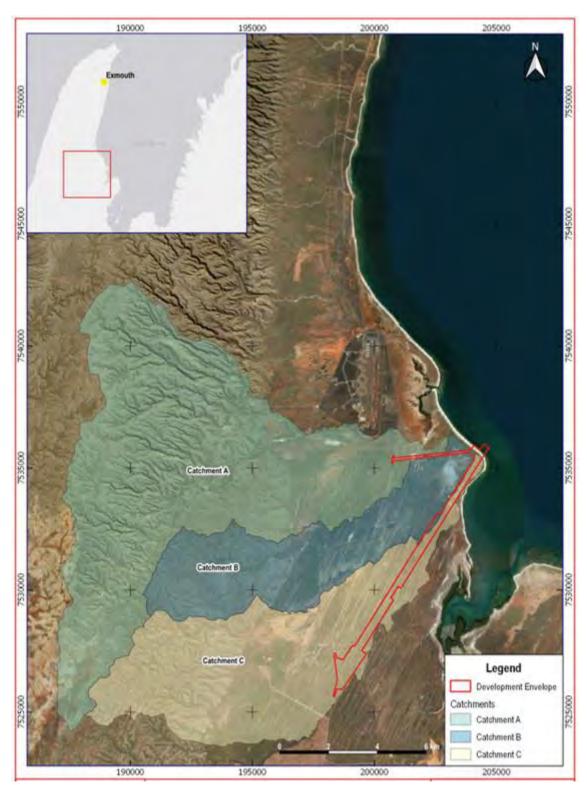


Plate 3: Catchment Areas (based on data from GHD 2018)



#### 2.9.2 Wetlands

The Directory of Important Wetlands in Australia is a database that identifies nationally important wetlands, provides a substantial knowledge base of the ecosystem services they provide and contains information about their social and cultural values (DotEE 2017a).

Desktop mapping has identified that the Site is adjacent to and partially overlies the extent of the Cape Range Subterranean Waterways – WA006 listed under the Directory of Important Wetlands (Figure 7) (DoE 2008). The Subterranean waterways consists of a crevicular system in karstic limestone and coastal limestones situated within the Carnarvon Basin and voids within Miocene and Quaternary limestones of the Cape Range foothills and surrounding coastal plain. The waterways provide a rich ecosystem for endemic Stygofauna (DotEE 2017a).

# 2.10 Environmentally Sensitive Areas

Environmentally Sensitive Areas (ESAs) are identified and protected under the *Environmental Protection (Environmentally Sensitive Areas) Notice 2005* and are selected for their environmental values (DER 2014b). Under the Notice it is an offense to kill or destroy vegetation within an ESA. Exemptions contained in the Environmental Protection (*Clearing of Native Vegetation*) Regulations 2004 for low impact land clearing do not apply in ESAs and a clearing permit is required.

A desktop search of the Department of Water and Environmental Regulation's (DWER) ESA database has confirmed that the site is partially within the extent of an ESA (Figure 8) (DWER 2018c). Desktop mapping indicates the ESA refers to the Cape Range Subterranean Waterways, listed under the Directory of Important Wetlands, and associated 50 m buffer.

#### 2.11 Terrestrial Environment

#### 2.11.1 Bioregion

The site is within the Carnarvon bioregion and the Cape Range sub-region of the Eremaean Botanical Province. The Eremaean Province forms part of the Burbidge's Arid Zone and has a desert climate without an assured growing season. In the north there is dry spinifex grassland of *Triodia* and *Plectrachne* where summer rainfall peaks, through deserts with intermittent rainfall, to low Acacia-Eucalyptus woodlands receiving evenly distributed rains (DPaW 2013a).

The Carnarvon 1 (CAR01) Cape Range sub-region is an arid region composed of quaternary alluvial, aeolian and marine sediments overlying Cretaceous strata. A mosaic of saline alluvial plains with samphire and saltbush low shrublands, Bowgada low woodland on sandy ridges and plains, Snakewood scrubs on clay flats and tree to shrub steppe over hummock grasslands on and between red sand dune fields. Limestone strata



with Acacia startii/bivenosa shrublands outcrop in the north, where extensive tidal flats in sheltered embayments support Mangal communities (DPaW 2013a).

#### 2.11.2 Broad Vegetation Types

Vegetation mapping of WA was completed on a broad scale (1:250,000) by Beard (1972-80). These vegetation units were re-assessed by Shepherd et al. (2001) to account for clearing in the intensive land use zone, dividing some larger vegetation units into smaller units. There are two Beard / Shepherd vegetation units that intersect the Site (DAFWA 2012b). The Shepherd et al. (2001) vegetation units are shown in Figure 9 and they're representation within the local government area, IBRA subregion and state is shown in Table 4 below.

- Coastal Dunes 662 (anSZrt1,2Hi): Hummock grassland; shrub steppe; mixed acacia scrub and dwarf scrub with soft spinifex and Triodia basedowii; and
- Cape Range 117 (a3Srt1hi): Hummock grasslands, grass steppe; soft spinifex.

Table 4: Remnant Vegetation Statistics (Government of Western Australia 2017)

	Pre–European (ha)	CURRENT EXTENT (HA)	% REMAINING	% REMAINING IN DPAW RESERVES		
IBRA Region	8,382,890.36	8,360,801.46	99.74	12.21		
Carnarvon						
Statewide Extent	t					
Beard Veg	284,795.92	282,125.59	99.06	7.58		
Assoc No. 662						
Beard Veg	919,517.05	886,005.84	96.36	14.77		
Assoc No. 117						
Sub-region CAR	01 Extent					
Beard Veg	282,709.68	281,679.32	99.64	7.44		
Assoc No. 662						
Beard Veg	12,424.35	10,907.99	87.80	27.48		
Assoc No. 117						
Shire of Exmouth Extent						
Beard Veg	194,410.67	193,595.74	99.58	6.96		
Assoc No. 662	134,410.07	190,090.74	99.00	0.30		
Beard Veg	5,089.65	3,362.59	66.07	14.97		
Assoc No. 117	5,009.05	0,002.08	00.07	14.31		

The Environmental Protection Authority (EPA)'s Guidance Statement No. 33: 'Environmental Guidance for Planning and Development' (2008) considers it important to ensure that ecological communities are maintained above the threshold level of 30% of the pre-clearing extent in a bioregion. Vegetation association 117 and 662 are above the aforementioned 30% threshold within the Carnarvon bioregion.



#### 2.11.3 Surveyed Vegetation Associations

A Detailed Flora, Vegetation and Targeted Flora Survey was conducted by 360 Environmental for the Project over three field surveys – May 2017, September 2017 and August 2018 (Figure 10).

A total of 126 flora species, representative of 87 genera and 32 families were recorded in the survey area. The majority of the taxa recorded were Fabaceae (24 taxa), Chenopodiaceae (10 taxa) and Poaceae (10 taxa) (360 Environmental 2018a).

A total of 10 surveyed vegetation communities were defined and mapped. In addition to the 10 vegetation communities, a total of 7.9 ha of disturbed/existing tracks were mapped. The 10 vegetation associations are summarised in Table 5 (Figures 11a-b).

**Table 5: Vegetation Communities** 

VEGETATION CODE	DESCRIPTION	TOTAL MAPPED (HA)	DEVELOPMENT ENVELOPE (HA)
AgTe	Acacia gregorii low open shrubland over	210.1	181.9
	Trioida epactia closed grassland		
AsTe	Acacia sclerosperma subsp. sclerosperma	43.3	31.0
	shrubland over <i>Triodia epactia</i> hummock		
	grassland		
МсТе	Melaleuca cardiophylla low shrubland over	18.7	18.6
	Triodia epactia hummock grassland		
AbTe	Acacia bivenosa open shrubland over Triodia	85.0	81.8
	epactia hummock grassland		
SoTe	Stemodia sp. Onslow low open shrubland	5.8	5.1
	over <i>Triodia epactia</i> hummock grassland		
AbAc	Acacia bivenosa and Acacia coriacea open	4.4	4.3
	shrubland over Spinifex longifolius and		
	Triodia epactia open grasssland		
AcAt	Acacia coriacea and Acacia tetragonophylla	21.1	14.0
	open shrubland over Triodia epactia		
	hummock grassland		
AsSs	Acacia stellaticeps and Scaevola	122.6	91.7
	sericophylla open shrubland over Triodia		
	epactia hummock grassland		
AcCl	Acacia coriaecea and Cullen sp. shrubland	7.3	7.3
	over Sida rohlenae subsp. rohlenae low		
	shrubland over <i>Triodia epactia</i>		
TiFp	Tecticornia spp. and Frankenia pauciflora	13.8	13.6
	low shrubland on saline flat		



## 2.11.4 Vegetation Condition

The vegetation condition of the survey area ranged from Very Good to Completely Degraded with the majority of the area (83%) considered to be in Very Good condition (Figures 12a-b) (360 Environmental 2018a).

#### 2.11.5 Threatened and Priority Ecological Communities

Desktop searches of DPaW's Threatened Ecological Communities (TEC) and Priority Ecological Communities (PEC) identified no records of TECs or PECs within a 10 km radius of the site. It is noted that (then) Department of Parks and Wildlife (DPaW) data is based on actual records of TEC or PEC observations (DPaW 2017a).

No recorded vegetation types within the surveyed area are considered to represent a TEC or PEC (360 Environmental 2018a).

#### 2.11.6 Flora

A desktop search using Department of Parks and Wildlife's (DPaW) NatureMap and the Department of the Environment and Energy's (DotEE) Protected Matters Search Tool (PMST) was undertaken. The NatureMap and PMST databases identified the following as occurring within a 50 km buffer of the survey area:

- No Threatened flora was recorded;
- 26 Priority flora has previously been recorded including:
  - o Two Priority 1;
  - Ten Priority 2;
  - o Ten Priority 3; and
  - o Four Priority 4.
- No occurrences of Threatened or Priority Ecological Communities have been recorded.

A likelihood of occurrence assessment was completed (prior to undertaking the May 2017 field survey) of the conservation significant flora recorded from the database search results. This initial likelihood assessment identified 8 species of conservation significance as having a medium to high likelihood of occurrence within the Survey Area due to preferred habitat being located within the survey area. These species were targeted during the August 2018 survey in which none were recorded. The likelihood of occurrence of these species were then revised as being low likelihood after the third survey (360 Environmental 2018a).

No Threatened or Declared Rare flora pursuant to the WC Act or the EPBC Act were recorded within the survey area during the 2017 and 2018 surveys (360 Environmental 2018a).



One Priority listed species was recorded within the survey area, *Corchorus congener* (Priority 3). *C. congener* was locally common throughout survey area and outside the survey area during the targeted survey for stygofauna monitoring bores, occurring readily along tracks and road sides, and throughout the vegetation. Regional locations were also surveyed outside of the Development Envelope during the Priority Flora Search to gather population details in a regional context (360 Environmental 2018a) (Figure 10). *C. congener* is a spreading shrub; a localised endemic to the top north western region of Western Australia, with a preferred habitat of red sand or sandy loam with limestone on sand dunes and plains (DBCA 2017).

#### 2.11.7 Weeds

A total of eight introduced flora species were recorded within the survey area, representing approximately 6% of the total taxa:

- Aeva javanica;
- Bidens subalternans var. simulans;
- Cenchrus ciliaris:
- Chenopodium murale;
- Solanum nigrum;
- Sonchus oleraceus;
- Sisymbrium orientale; and
- Vachellia farnesiana.

Cenchrus ciliaris (buffel grass) is a widespread weed, widely planted in pastoral regions as a pasture grass; it has become common along roadsides, creeklines, river edges and most vegetation types from Shark Bay to the Pilbara and adjacent desert.

No listed Declared Pests or Weeds of National Significance (WONS) under the *Biodiversity and Agriculture Management Act 2007* (BAM Act) were recorded during the surveys undertaken for the Proposal.

#### 2.11.8 Terrestrial Fauna

A level one fauna survey was undertaken across the Project Envelope and covered an area of approximately 547 ha (360 Environmental 2018b).

Desktop database searches identified a total of 14 conservation significance fauna species as potentially occurring within the vicinity of the Site. These species, their State and Federal status and their likelihood of occurrence are listed in Table 6.



Table 6: Conservation Significant Fauna Species Potentially Occurring (DotEE 2017b) (DPaW 2017c)

TAXA	CONSER	RVATION STATUS	LIKELIHOOD OF OCCURRENCE
	STATE	FEDERAL	
Calidris canutus (Red Knot)	Vulnerable	Endangered	Species or species habitat may occur within area
Calidris ferruginea (Curlew Sandpiper)	Vulnerable	Critically Endangered	Species or species habitat may occur within area
Limosa lapponica baueri (Bar-tailed Godwit)	Vulnerable	Vulnerable	Species or species habitat may occur within area
Limosa lapponica menzbieri (Northern Siberian Bar-tailed Godwit)	Vulnerable	Critically Endangered	Species or species habitat may occur within area
Macronectes giganteus (Southern Giant-Petrel)	Priority 4	Endangered	Species or species habitat may occur within area
Numenius madagascariensis (Eastern Curlew)	Vulnerable	Critically Endangered	Species or species habitat likely to occur within area
Pezoporus occidentalis (Night Parrot)	Critically Endangered	Endangered	Species or species habitat may occur within area
Sternula nereis nereis (Australian Fairy Tern)	Vulnerable	Vulnerable	Breeding likely to occur within area
Thalassarche impavida (Campbell Albatross)	Vulnerable	Vulnerable	Species or species habitat may occur within area
Dasyurus hallucatus (Northern Quoll)	Endangered	Endangered	Species or species habitat likely to occur within area
Petrogale lateralis lateralis (Black-flanked Rock Wallaby)	Endangered	Endangered	Species or species habitat known to occur within area
Rhinonicteris aurantia (Pilbara Leaf-nosed Bat)	Vulnerable	Vulnerable	Species or species habitat may occur within area



Taxa	CONSERV	LIKELIHOOD OF OCCURRENCE	
	STATE	FEDERAL	
Actitis hypoleucos	International	Migratory/Marine	-
(Common Sandpiper)	Agreement		
Ardea modesta	International	Marine	-
(Eastern Great Egret)	Agreement		

The Level 1 Fauna Survey reported 40 species from 29 families. This consisted of five reptile species from five families, 29 bird species from 20 families and six mammal species from four families. Six conservation significant species were recorded; the Osprey, Lesser Sand Plover, Caspian Tern, Lesser Crested Tern, Crested Tern and Rainbow Bee-eater. No 'critical habitat' for any of these species was recorded within the Survey Area (360 Environmental 2018b).

Fifteen fauna habitat assessments were undertaken during the survey and four broad fauna habitats were identified and mapped (Beach, Hummock Grassland, Tecticornia Shrubland and Minor Drainage Line) (Figures 13a-b). Table 7 summarises the surveyed fauna habitats.

Table 7: Surveyed Fauna Habitats

Fauna Habitat	AREA (HA)	AREA (%)
Beach	7.1	1.3
Hummock Grassland	513.5	93.8
Tecticornia Shrubland	13.6	2.5
Minor Drainage Line	4.4	0.8
Cleared / track	8.5	1.6
Total	547.2	100

The Hummock Grassland habitat is the most extensive habitat recorded covering 431.1 ha of the Project Envelope. Areas of dense lower strata and grasses provide habitat and cover for small reptile, bird and mammal species. Some woody debris and leaf litter is present providing microhabitat for some common reptile bird and mammal species. However, the majority of the habitat lacks the vegetation structure to support a high abundance of fauna habitat for birds and mammals.

Areas of minor drainage lines comprised of 4.4 ha (0.8%) of the Project Envelope consisting of scattered *Corymbia hamersleyana* over shrubland of *Acacia coriaecea* and *Cullen sp.* over Triodia hummocks. Rocky outcrops, woody debris and leaf litter within this habitat provide important features of microhabitats for reptile, bird, and mammal species. Birds may also roost or nest in scattered trees.



The Tecticornia shrubland was the second most extensive habitat comprising 13.6 ha (2.5%) of the Development Envelope. This habitat is characterised by low shrubland (Tecticornia and Frankenia) on saline flats and lacks an overstorey and midstorey. This habitat provides limited foraging opportunities for small bird species.

The Beach habitat comprised of 7.1 ha (1.3%) of the Project Envelope and was characterised by a sandy/shelly shoreline. Shorebirds (i.e. waders) utilise this habitat for roosting and/or foraging.

#### 2.11.8.1 Other Terrestrial Fauna

A migratory bird survey is currently being undertaken at the Project Envelope to understand the use of the site by internationally important migratory species.

A desktop assessment of Short-Range Endemic (SRE) species was undertaken by Invertebrate Solutions (2017). The assessment identified that nine confirmed SRE species of land snails occur within the region. The majority of the species are restricted to the central Cape Range peninsula and are not likely to occur within the Project Envelope (Invertebrate Solutions 2017).

Based on habitat preferences there is potential for two species of land snails, *Plectorhagaha sp. 1 and Quistrachia sp. 1* to occur within the coastal plain area of the Project Envelope. With the lack of limestone outcropping within the Project Envelope the likelihood of these species being present was considered low and these species were considered unlikely to occur (Invertebrate Solutions 2017).

#### 2.11.9 Subterranean Fauna

The Cape Range coastline, specifically the Western Cape, is a hotspot and key habitat for subterranean fauna due to the extensive limestone caves and karstic geologies found. A diverse relictual rainforest fauna of over 55 species of subterranean fauna have been documented and recorded (Humphreys 2000, 2004, 2008).

A Threatened Ecological Community (TEC) is found near the Exmouth townsite containing various highly troglomorphic fauna. The species found here are only known within this single cave on the coastal plain.

Many of the subterranean species associated with Cape Range karst (aquatic, troglobitic) are protected under the EPBC Act, including two of Australia's four stygobitic vertebrate species (the stygofaunal fish blind gudgeon *Milyeringa veritas* and the blind cave eel *Ophisternon candidum*). The blind gudgeon and blind cave eel are listed as vulnerable under the EPBC and WC Acts, and the blind shrimp is listed as a priority 4 species by the DBCA (Bennelongia 2017).

Stygiocaris lancifera and Stygiocaris stylifera are two species of blind shrimp that have been recorded to occur in various caves and wells throughout the Western Cape and around the northern tip of Cape Range (Page et al. 2008).



Two desktop reviews were completed to assess the likelihood of subterranean fauna within the proposed bundle site (Invertebrate Solutions 2017, Bennelongia, 2017). The reviews identified that the presence of troglofauna in the proposed bundle site was unlikely due to limited water depth (1 - 2 m), unsuitable sediment (fine grained units) supporting too small of pore spaces for appropriate habitat, and no known karstic habitat (Invertebrate Solutions 2017, Bennelongia 2017).

It was determined unlikely that the subterranean fauna ecological communities recognised as TECs, such as the Bundera Cenote Anchialine community on Cape Range or Cameron's Cave near the townsite of Exmouth, occur in proximity to the Proposal area (Bennelongia 2017).

In order to determine the presence or absence of stygofauna species and habitat, a stygofauna sampling program, which includes the sampling of 20 bores, is currently being undertaken. A more detailed assessment of potential impacts will be completed to fulfil the requirements for assessment of the Proposal at a level of Public Environment Review (PER) pursuant to Part IV of the Western Australian Environmental Protection Act 1986 (EP Act).

## 2.12 Reserves and Conservation Areas

The Site is within the 'Area 1: Bay of Rest' conservation area for Tropical Arid zone Mangroves (Figure 9). The Mangroves are considered to be of State significance under the EPA *Guidance Statement for protection of tropical arid zone mangroves along the Pilbara coastline* No. 1 (2001). The EPA's objective for areas of regionally significant mangroves is that "no development should take place that would adversely affect the mangrove habitat, the ecological function of these areas and the maintenance of ecological processes which sustain the mangrove habitats" (EPA 2001). No impacts to these mangroves are expected as a result of the Proposal.

# 2.13 Heritage

#### 2.13.1 Aboriginal Heritage

In Western Australia, the *Aboriginal Heritage Act 1972* protects places and objects customarily used by, or traditional to, the original habitants of Australia. A register of such places and objects is maintained under the Act however all sites are protected under the Act whether they are registered or not. Desktop review of the Department of Aboriginal Affairs' (DAA) Aboriginal Heritage Inquiry System identified no Registered Aboriginal sites and 4 lodged Aboriginal Sites partially within or adjacent to the Site (Table 8) (Figure 14) (DAA 2018).



Table 8: Aboriginal Heritage Sites within the vicinity of the Site (DAA 2017)

SITE ID	NAME	STATUS	Түре	DISTANCE FROM SITE (~M)
26259	Field Site 1	Lodged	Artefacts / Scatter,	Partially within
			Shell	extent of the Site
26260	Field Site 2	Lodged	Artefacts / Scatter,	687
			Shell	
26268	CSF Isolated	Lodged	Other: 3 Isolated	280
	Find		artefacts	
26261	Field Site 3	Lodged	Artefacts / Scatter,	20
			Shell	

One heritage survey has been undertaken to date for the water bore drilling campaign. The survey covered some areas of the project footprint (but not all), as well as extensive areas off footprint. The survey did not identify any areas of heritage significance that would require relocation of the bores and access tracks.

Further comprehensive heritage surveys are currently planned for the entire Site as part of the EPA factor Social Surrounds to fulfil the requirements for assessment pursuant to Part IV of the EP Act. This will discuss any potential impacts to cultural significance or indigenous uses of the Project Area. The results of the survey will also be utilised to inform final design of the development. As previously noted, the project envelope has been deliberately selected to be larger than required to enable any deviations in alignment to be accommodated within the zoned area for anything identified during the heritage survey.

#### 2.13.2 Native Title

The *Native Title Act 1993* provides for the recognition and protection of native title rights of Aboriginal people who have maintained a traditional connection to their land and waterways since sovereignty. Native Title rights have been extinguished over land that has been subject to grants of land tenure, including land in freehold or leasehold from the Crown (DAA 2017).

One registered Native Title claim exists across the Site: *Gnulli WC1997/028* (DAA 2017). This Native Title claim covers approximately 82,708 km<sup>2</sup> of land and sea in the Yamatji Region. The claim is currently in the process of determination. The Gnulli group are currently being engaged to establish the most appropriate form of agreement to recognise the rights of the Traditional Owners.

#### 2.13.3 European Heritage

The Site does not contain any State, National or World Heritage Places. The nearest World Heritage Place is the Ningaloo Coast, located in excess of 30 km from the Site (SHO 2017) (DotEE 2017c).



# 2.14 Site History

#### 2.14.1 Contaminated Sites

Under the *Contaminated Sites Act 2003*, contaminated sites must be reported to DER, investigated and, if necessary, remediated. No registered contaminated sites exist within a 1 km radius of the Site (DER 2017b).

#### 2.14.2 Mining Tenements

The Site is within a Temporary Reserve 70/2614 as under Section 297 of the repealed *Mining Act 1904* (DMP 2017). This has since transitioned to the current and in force *Mining Act 1978* under clause 1, Division 1 of the Second Schedule. Under the current *Mining Act 1978*, occupancy within a temporary reserve shall not be granted without the consent in writing of the Minister.

## 2.15 Historical Aerial Imagery

Aerial imagery of the Site from 2000 to present, at approximately 7 year intervals, was reviewed (Figures 15a,b,c). Generally, the Site has not changed significantly between 2000 and 2013. The Site and surrounding areas have remained generally undeveloped. The RAAF military base and associated airport was developed prior to the year 2000.



# 3 Potential Impacts and Management

This Environmental Assessment Report provides a high-level site assessment of the environmental significance of the proposed Project area. Numerous baseline environmental studies have been undertaken to determine potential impacts to the Site as a result of the implementation of the Project – or the 'Special Use' of the land for a pipeline fabrication facility.

# 3.1 Coastal Processes and Storm Surge

The project and change to the land use could potentially result in direct impacts to sediment transport leading to seabed, beach or dune erosion on downdrift side of the launchway. Additionally, there is potential for indirect impacts to coastal morphology by altered wave climate, water flows and sediment movement as a result of construction/presence of the launchway. Altered wave overwash and drainage due to the presence of the launchway could potentially lead to dune instability during extreme flooding events.

MP Rogers are currently undertaking a coastal study to assess the above-mentioned impacts to fulfil the requirements pursuant to Part IV of the EP Act.

The coastline of the Site has remained relatively stable with minimal long-term change according to coastline change analysis using contemporary aerial imagery. Review of the imagery between 2000 and 2013 indicates that the short to medium term shoreline change has been insignificant in this area (Figures 3 and 15a-c).

Appropriate management measures will be implemented to minimise these impacts to coastal process, including:

- Designing the launch way to minimise height of structure above surrounding beach or seabed; and
- Management of onshore sediment accretion or erosion via monitoring and sand bypassing.

# 3.2 Hydrology

The Proposal and the proposed change to the land use may result in impacts to both surface and groundwater. These potential impacts may occur as a result of soil erosion, chemical leaks or spills, the proposed discharge of treated wastewater or brine, abstraction of groundwater and changes to pre-development surface water flow patterns due to the presence of infrastructure.

These potential impacts to the natural hydrology will be minimised by implementing the proposed measures:

Land disturbance will be kept to a minimum;



- Use of erosion control measures such as surface treatments (compaction, hydromulch), to minimise soil erosion prior to periods of heavy rain;
- Chemical storage and handling procedures to prevent leaks or spills resulting in loss or degradation of native vegetation;
- Refuelling to occur on concrete or HDPE-lined pads to contain any drips and spills. The pads will drain to a sump to allow removal of collected material. Spill kits will be located at strategic places;
- Where necessary, suitable floodways, drains and culverts will be installed to maintain, as much as possible, natural flow patterns; and
- Project design has considered the location of drainage lines with the aim of minimising changes to natural flows.

# 3.3 Flora and Vegetation

The Detailed and Targeted Flora and Vegetation Surveys show the Project Envelope does not contain any conservation significant species listed under State or Federal legislation. A priority 3 species was found abundantly within the envelope and outside the envelope in regional areas and clearing of this species is unlikely to be significantly impacted at a species level (360 Environmental 2018).

Clearing of vegetation will however result in direct loss of native vegetation. Indirect loss or degradation of vegetation can potentially occur as a result of dust emissions, spread of weeds, changes in surface water flows/quality, changes in groundwater flows/quality and spills/leaks of chemicals (hydrocarbons).

Direct impacts will be minimised by the following measures:

- Land disturbance will be kept to the minimum necessary for development of the project;
- Ground disturbance procedures and a permitting system will be implemented;
- Existing disturbed areas will be used wherever possible to minimise total ground disturbance;
- Where practicable, land clearing will be undertaken progressively with the amount of active disturbance minimised; and
- The site induction program will provide written and verbal information on protection of vegetation, conservation significant flora and ground disturbance authorisation procedures.

Indirect loss or degradation will be minimised by the following measures:

- Clearing not undertaken during strong wind conditions;
- Water cart used during clearing to prevent significant dust emissions;



- Weed control to be implemented as required including weed hygiene system;
- Chemical storage and handling procedures to prevent leaks;
- Refuelling to occur on concrete or HDPE-lined pads to contain any drips and spills. The pads will drain to a sump to allow removal of collected material;
- Spill kits will be located at strategic locations throughout the project area;
- Progressive rehabilitation will be undertaken on impacted areas (as required);
   and
- Remediation and rehabilitation of any contaminated areas.

Rehabilitation management will include:

- Rehabilitation will be undertaken on disturbed construction areas (e.g. directional drilling sites, adjacent to access road) as they become available;
- Monitoring of rehabilitated areas will be undertaken to ensure short, medium and long-term rehabilitation success; and
- Local provenance seed collection will be undertaken throughout the project life for use in rehabilitation activities.

## 3.4 Terrestial Fauna

The Fauna survey identified six conservation significant species recorded at the Project site; the Osprey, Lesser Sand Plover Caspian Tern, Lesser Crested Tern, Crested Tern and Rainbow Bee-eater.

A number of potential impacts to fauna species and habitat may occur as a result of the implementation of the Project. Potential direct loss of native fauna include from vehicle strike and clearing of habitat. Indirect losses can potentially include dust emissions, spread of weeds, fragmentation of habitat, changes in fire regimes, changes to surface hydrological processes and proliferation of feral animals.

Direct impacts will be minimised by the following measures:

- Land disturbance will be kept to the minimum necessary for development of the project;
- Where practicable, land clearing will be undertaken progressively with the amount of active disturbance minimised:
- A fauna relocation team will be present to assist in the recovery and relocation of any native fauna displaced during the clearing.
- Vehicle traffic will be confined to defined roads and tracks (except during active clearing); and



Speed limits will be implemented and enforced to minimise fauna mortality due to vehicle strike.

Indirect impacts and rehabilitation management will be managed in the same way as for flora and vegetation above (Section 3.3.).

## 3.5 Subterranean Fauna

Desktop studies have indicated a likelihood for stygofauna species and habitat to be present at the Site (Bennelongia 2017; Invertebrate Solutions 2017). Site investigations are currently being undertaken to determine the presence and extent of stygofauna. The site investigation includes the sampling of 20 stygofauna monitoring bores within the impact areas and outside of the impact areas (Plate 2). The potential impacts outlined below will be assessed to determine the significance once the stygofauna program is completed. This is required to fulfil the PER pursuant to Part IV of the EP Act.

Direct potential impacts to subterranean fauna include the following:

- Direct loss of individuals or habitat during construction of infrastructure; and
- Loss of individuals or habitat due to leak or spills of chemicals (hydrocarbons) which could contaminate groundwater.

Indirect potential impacts include:

- Indirect loss of individuals or habitat due to presence of onshore infrastructure impacting surface water infiltration;
- Indirect loss of individuals or habitat due to changes to groundwater flows or quality (including from groundwater abstraction, or discharges of brine or treated wastewater); and
- Indirect loss of individuals or habitat due to leak or spill of chemicals (including hydrocarbons) which results in groundwater contamination.

Whilst subterranean fauna species and their habitat is still under investigation, the following general mitigation measures will be implemented.

#### Direct impacts:

- Land disturbance and ground excavation will be kept to the minimum required for the development of the project; and
- Ground disturbance procedures and a permitting system will be implemented.

Indirect impacts (spills/leaks from chemicals, changes to groundwater regimes, rehabilitation) will be managed the same as for flora, vegetation and fauna (Sections 3.3). Drawdown impacts from groundwater abstraction will be minimal both in the direct vicinity of the bores and even less within a 3 km radius (Section 2.8.4).



## 4 Conclusion

The environmental assessment together with the current level of baseline studies indicate that the land on which the Project is proposed is suitable for the types of activities proposed at the Pipeline Fabrication Facility. There are no significant environmental constraints identified at the site and any potential impacts can be managed via the hierarchy of controls; avoidance, mitigation and management.

In addition, the Proposal will be assessed through a PER under the *Environmental Protection Act 1986* where all potential impacts relevant to the Proposal itself will be addressed.



## 5 Limitations

This report is produced strictly in accordance with the scope of services set out in the contract or otherwise agreed in accordance with the contract. 360 Environmental makes no representations or warranties in relation to the nature and quality of soil and water other than the visual observation and analytical data in this report.

In the preparation of this report, 360 Environmental has relied upon documents, information, data and analyses ("client's information") provided by the client and other individuals and entities. In most cases where client's information has been relied upon, such reliance has been indicated in this report. Unless expressly set out in this report, 360 Environmental has not verified that the client's information is accurate, exhaustive or current and the validity and accuracy of any aspect of the report including, or based upon, any part of the client's information is contingent upon the accuracy, exhaustiveness and currency of the client's information. 360 Environmental shall not be liable to the client or any other person in connection with any invalid or inaccurate aspect of this report where that invalidity or inaccuracy arose because the client's information was not accurate, exhaustive and current or arose because of any information or condition that was concealed, withheld, misrepresented, or otherwise not fully disclosed or available to 360 Environmental

Aspects of this report, including the opinions, conclusions and recommendations it contains, are based on the results of the investigation, sampling and testing set out in the contract and otherwise in accordance with normal practices and standards. The investigation, sampling and testing are designed to produce results that represent a reasonable interpretation of the general conditions of the site that is the subject of this report. However, due to the characteristics of the site, including natural variations in site conditions, the results of the investigation, sampling and testing may not accurately represent the actual state of the whole site at all points.

It is important to recognise that site conditions, including the extent and concentration of contaminants, can change with time. This is particularly relevant if this report, including the data, opinions, conclusions and recommendations it contains, are to be used a considerable time after it was prepared. In these circumstances, further investigation of the site may be necessary.

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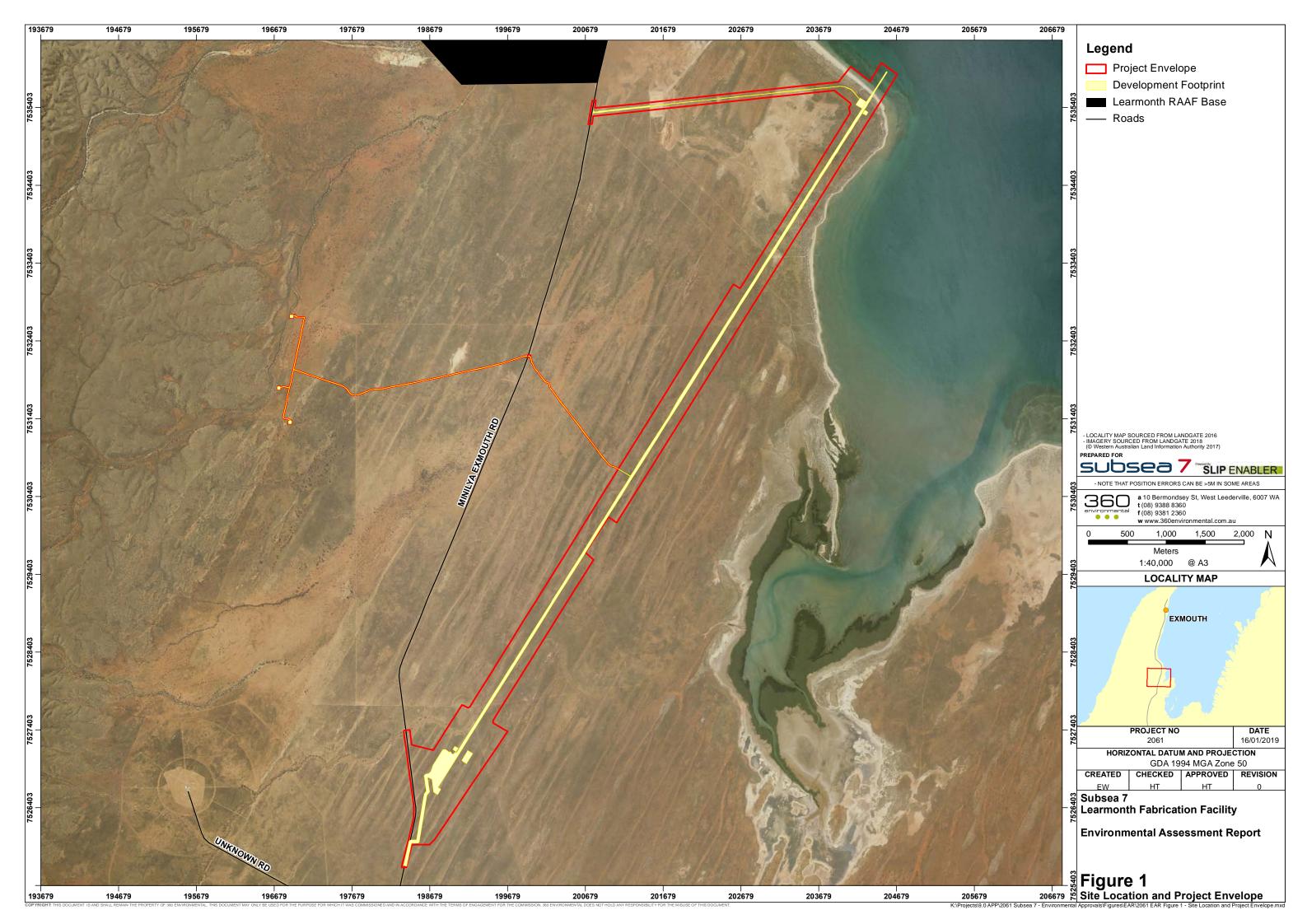
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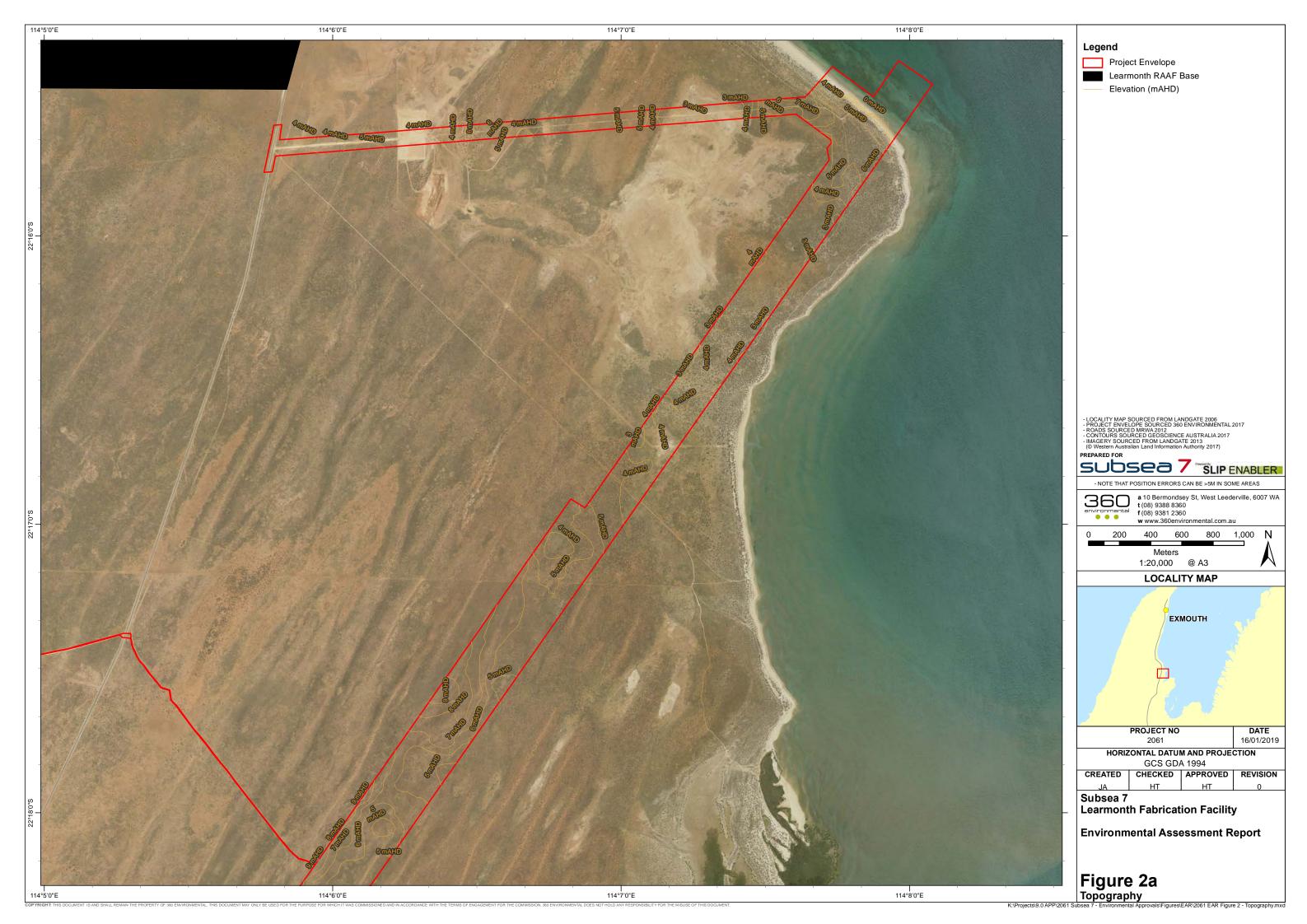
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# **FIGURES**





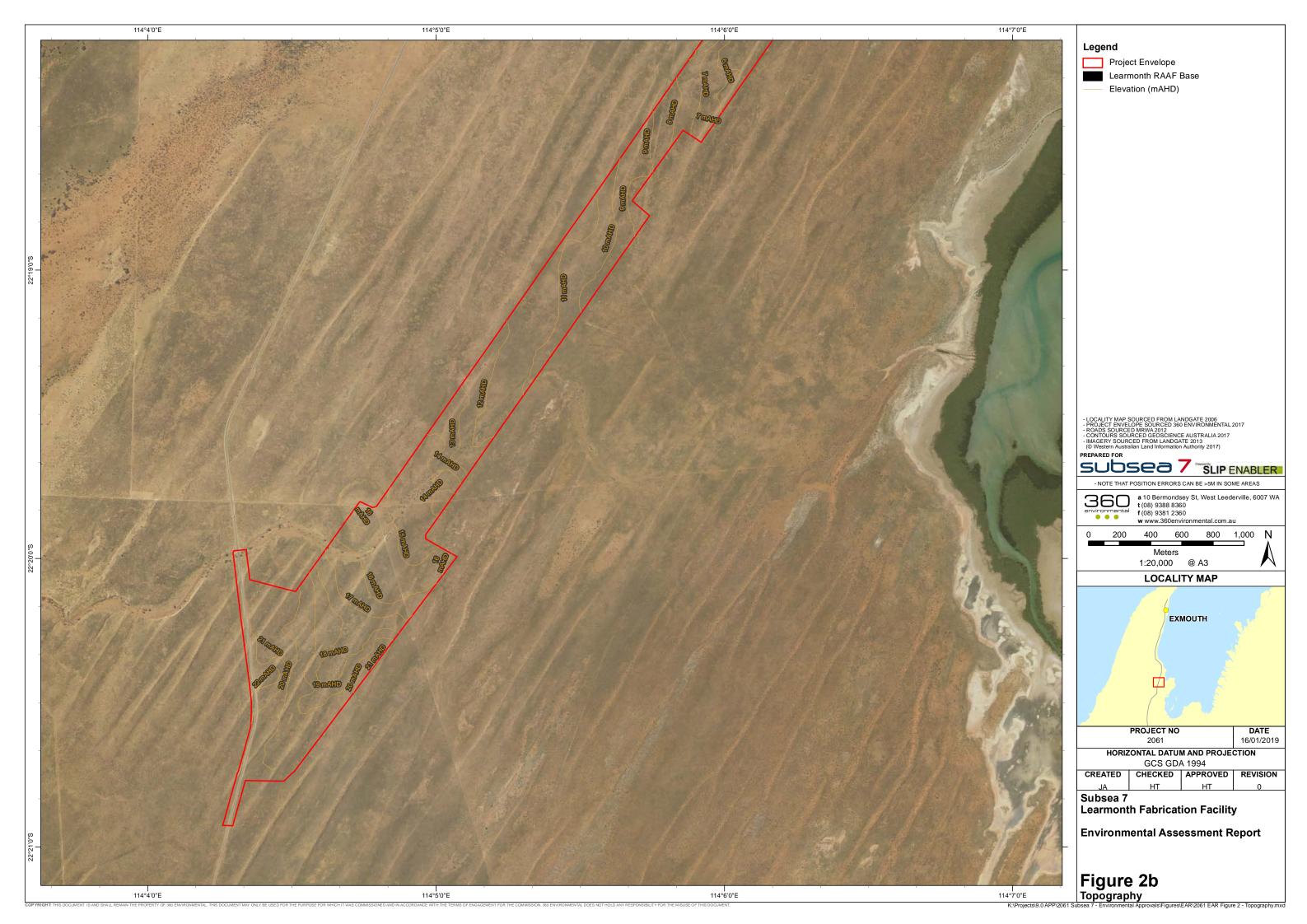
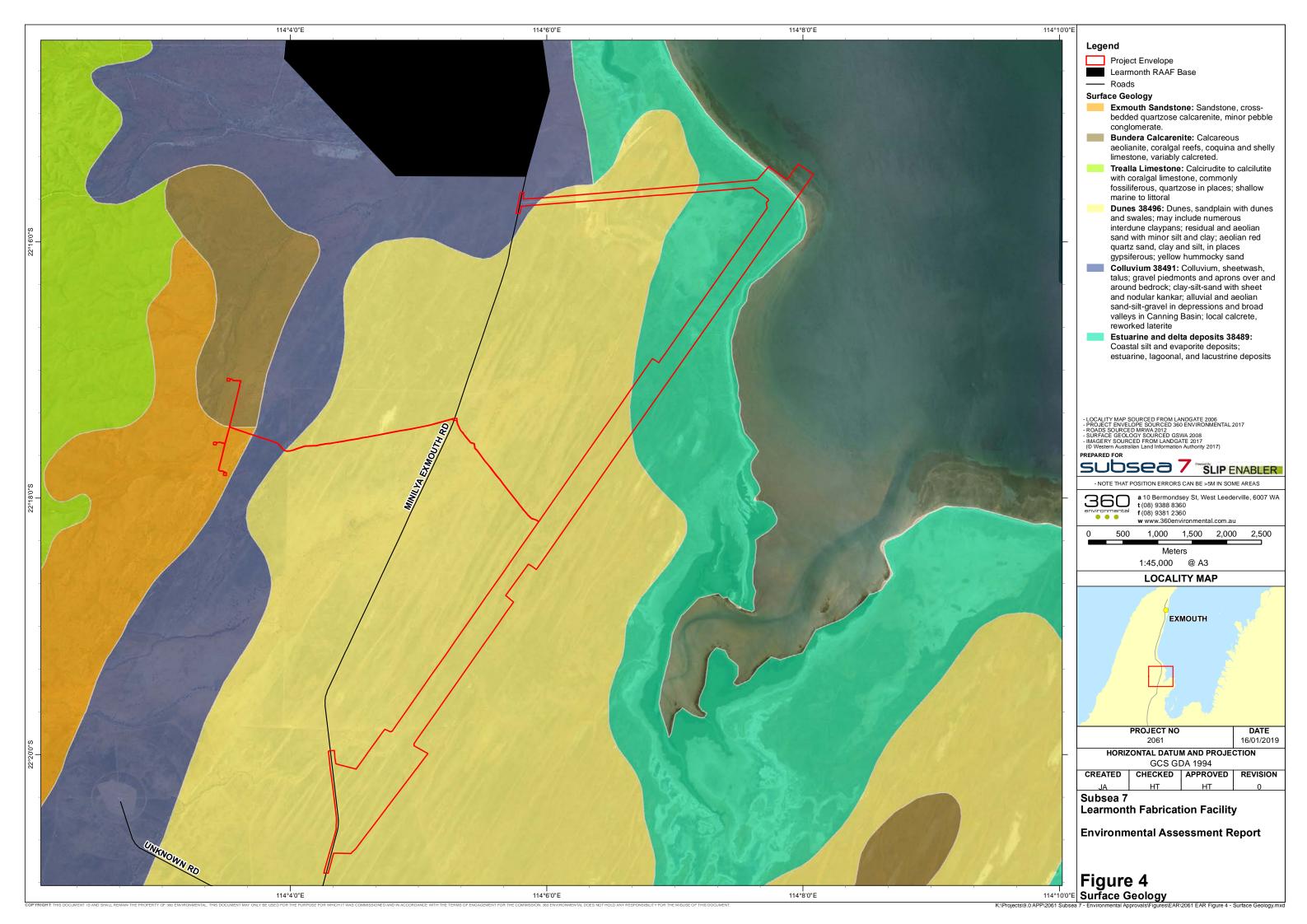
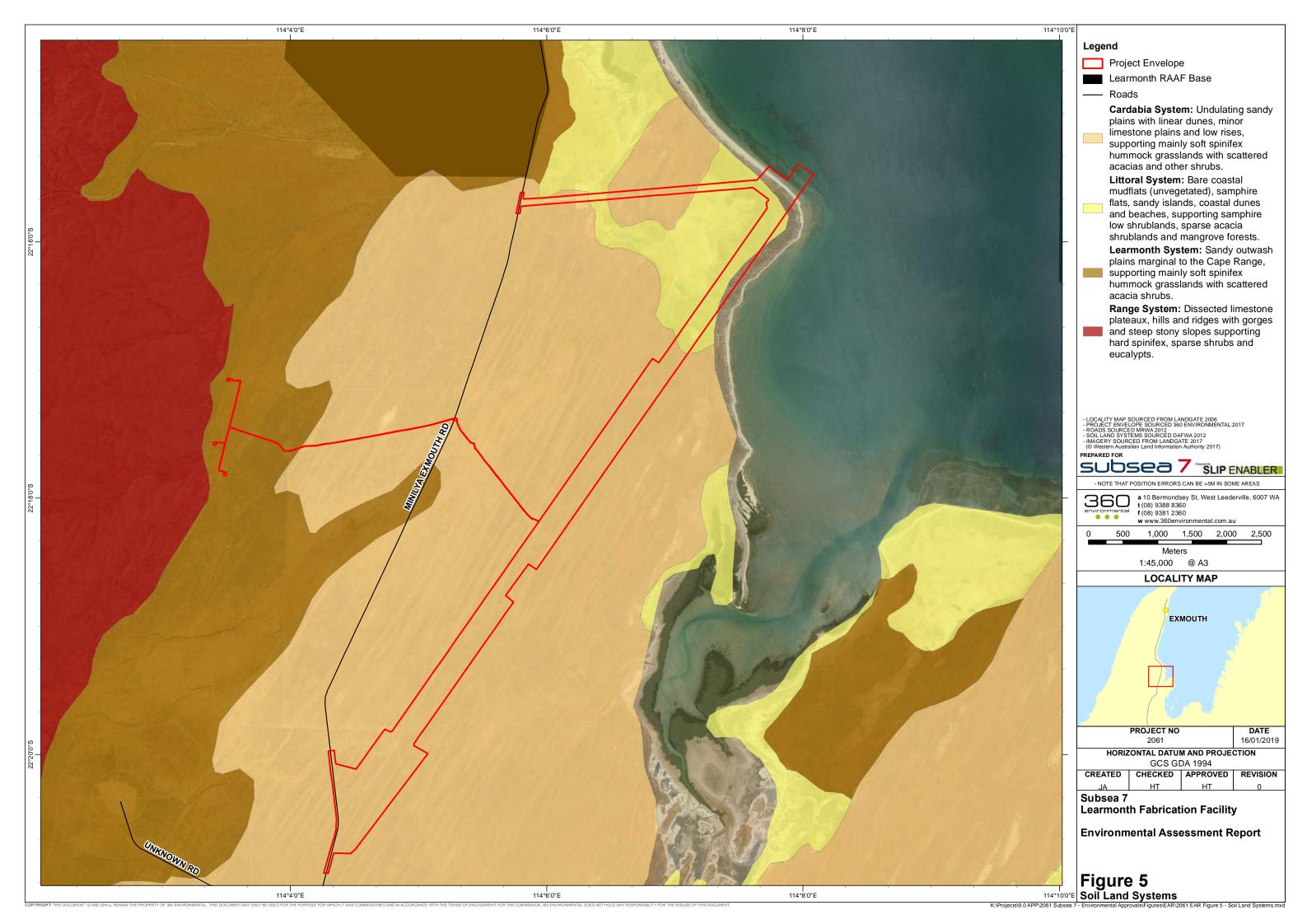


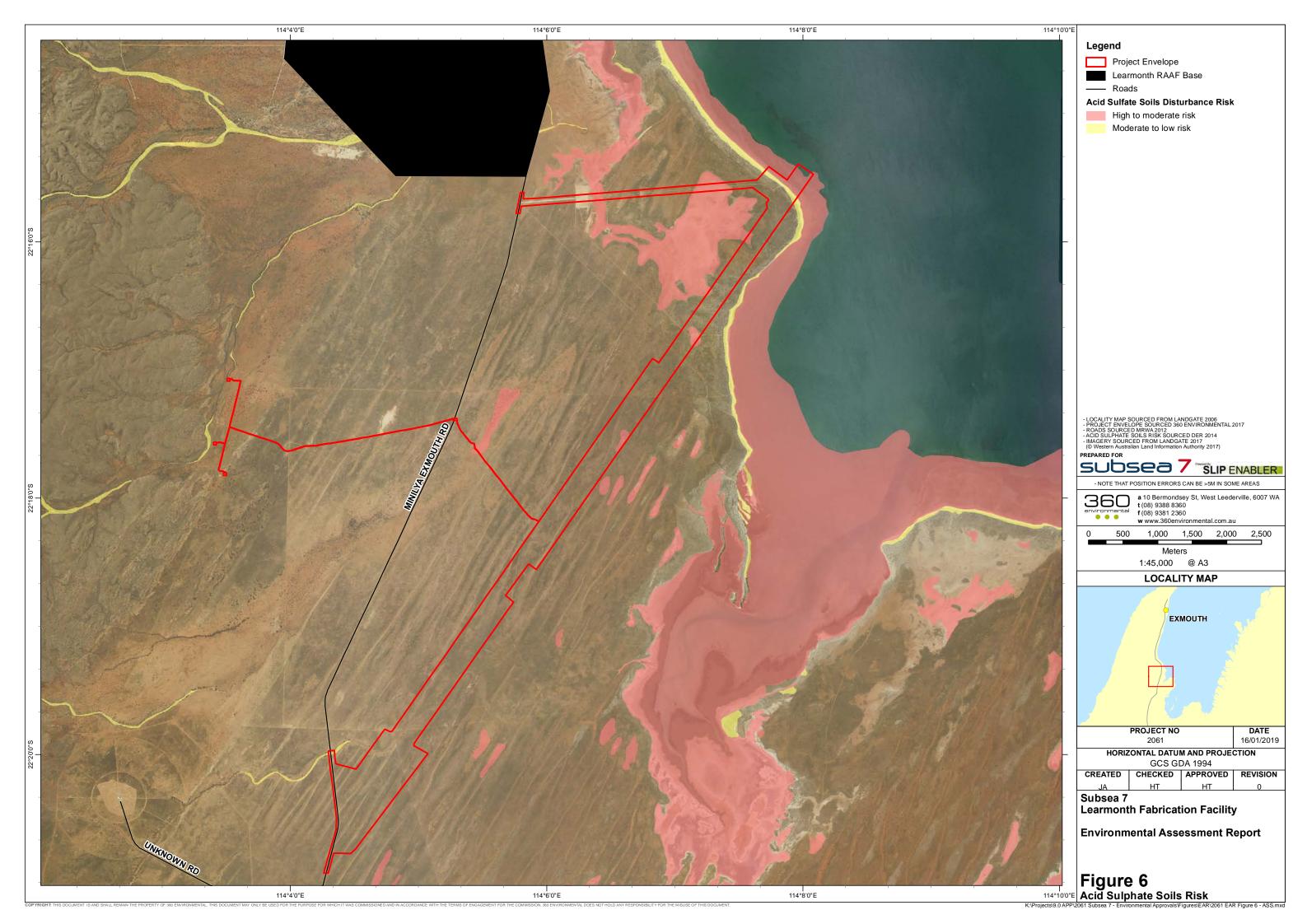


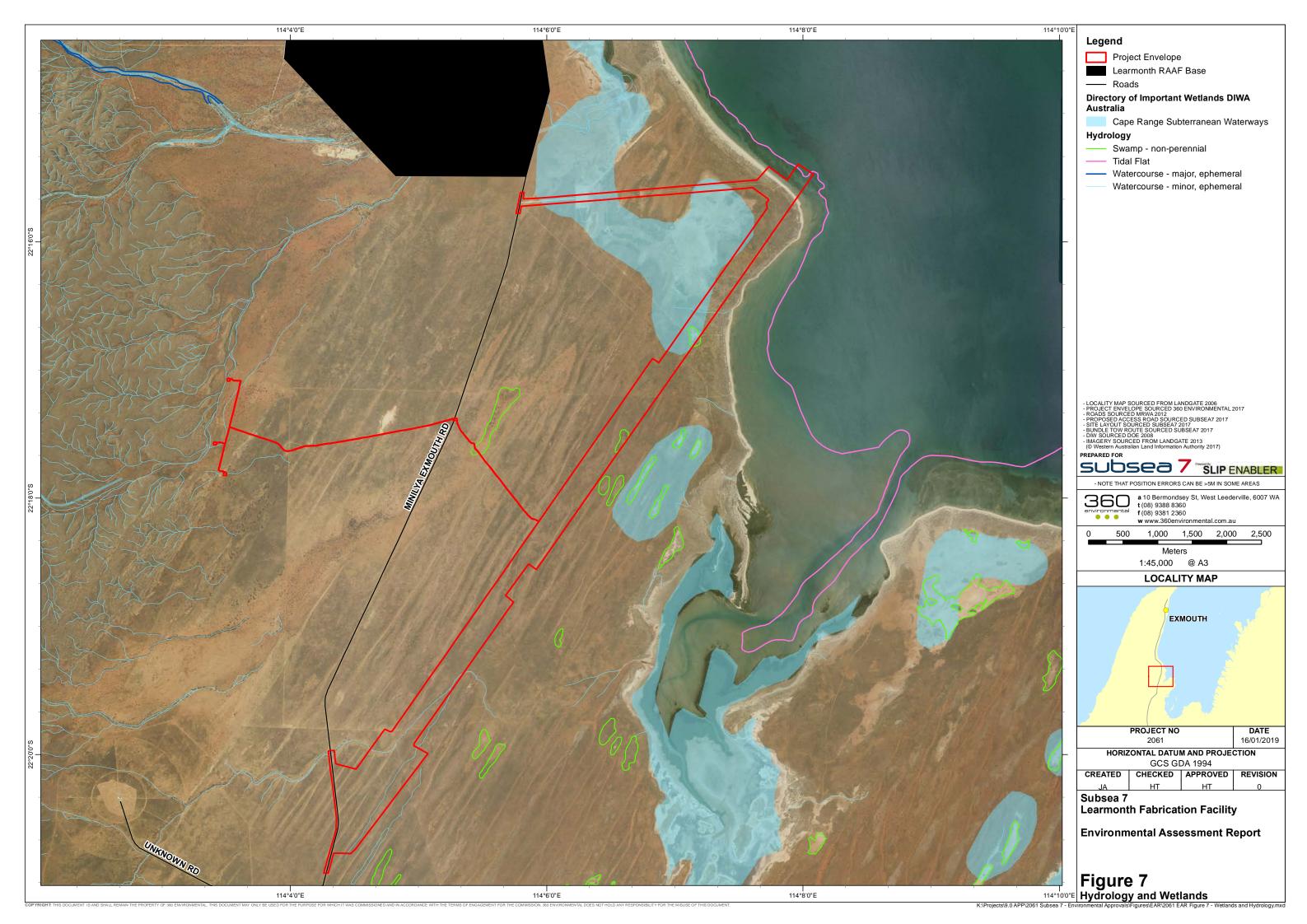
Figure 3: Long-term changes in Shoreline position (MP Rogers 2017)

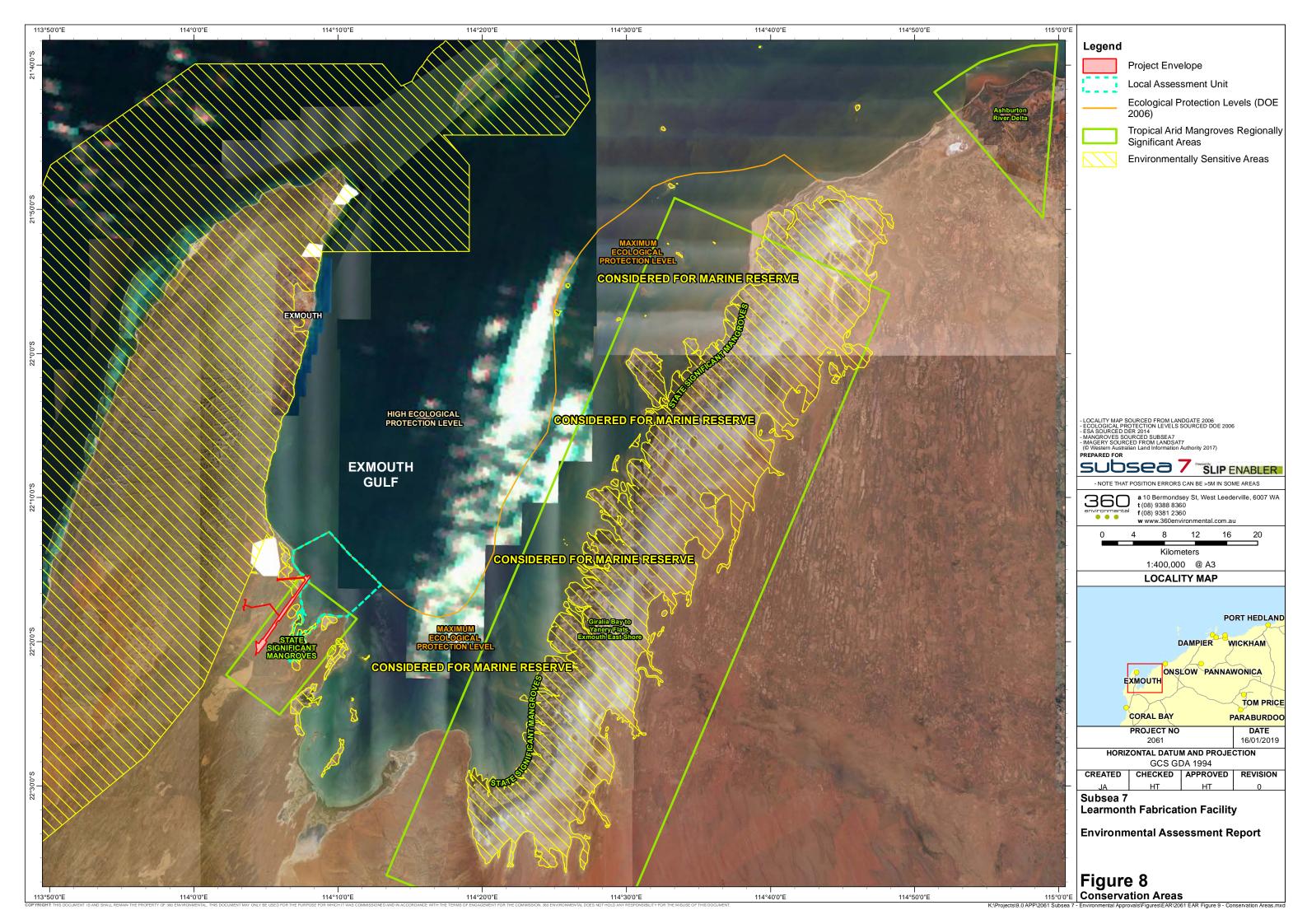


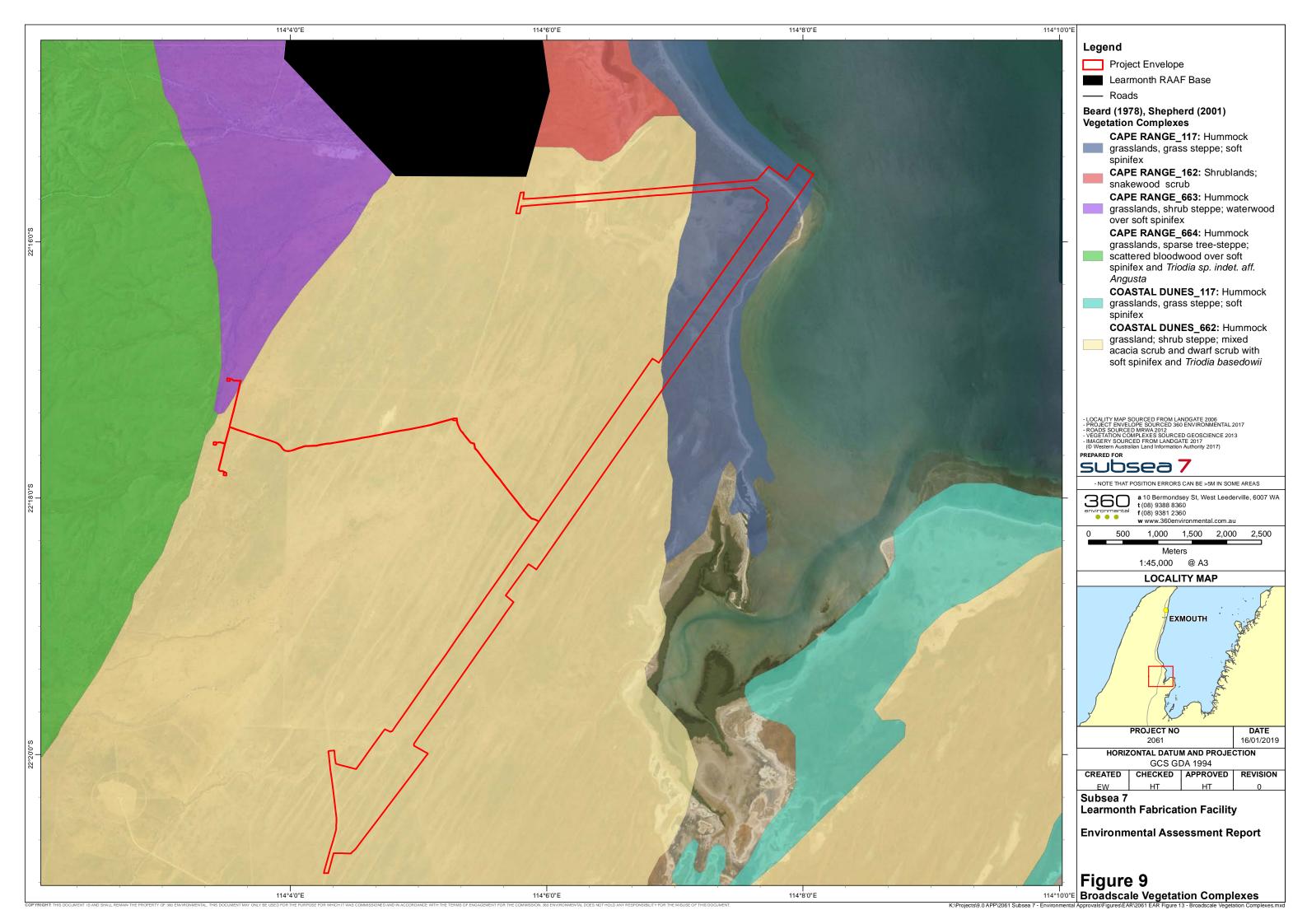


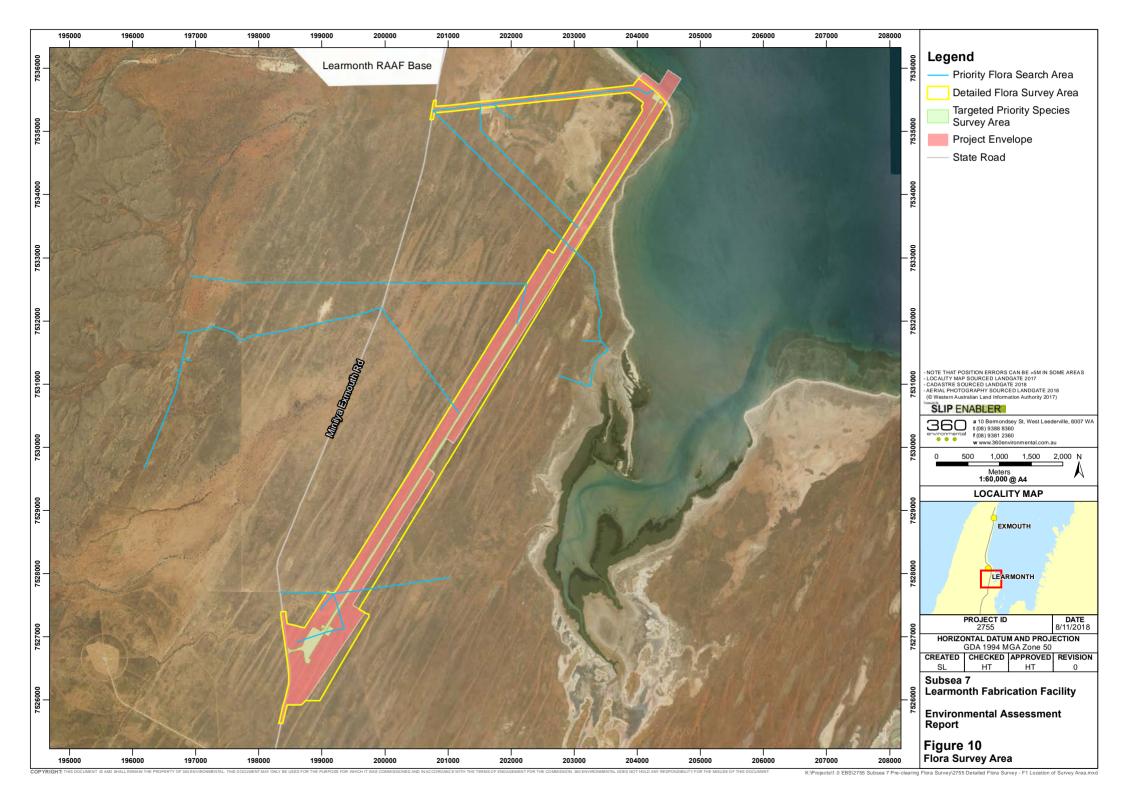


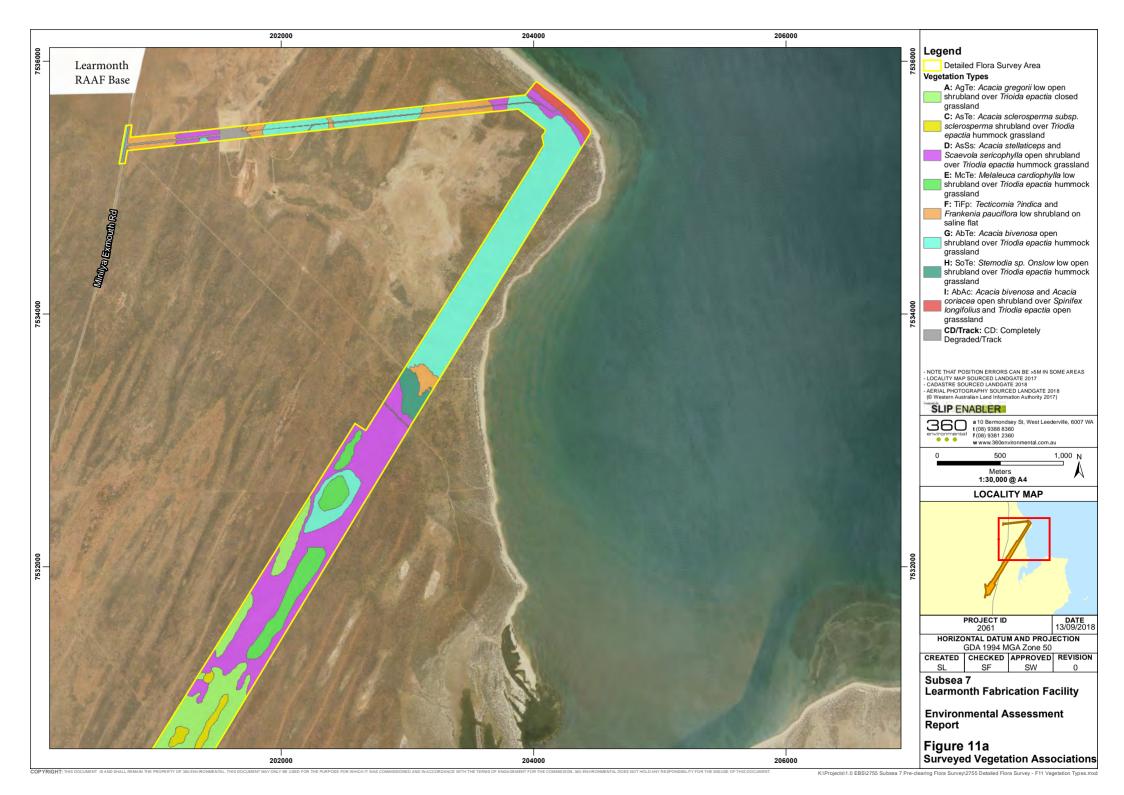


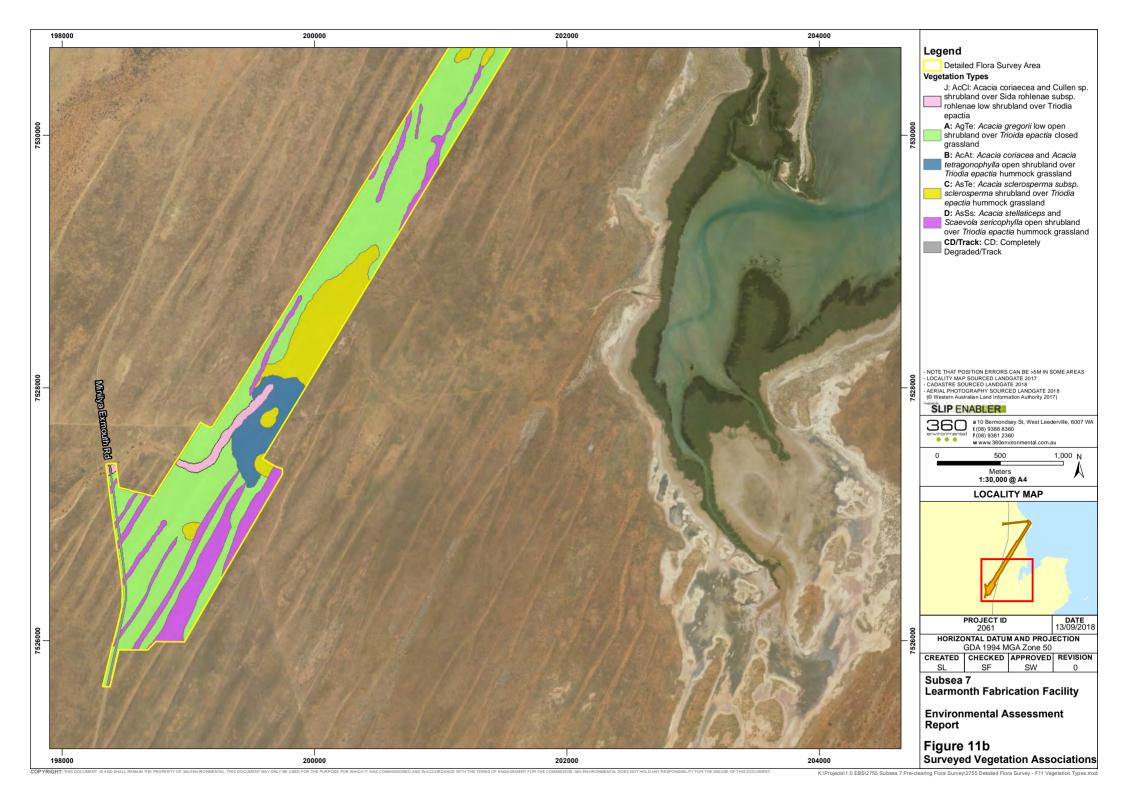




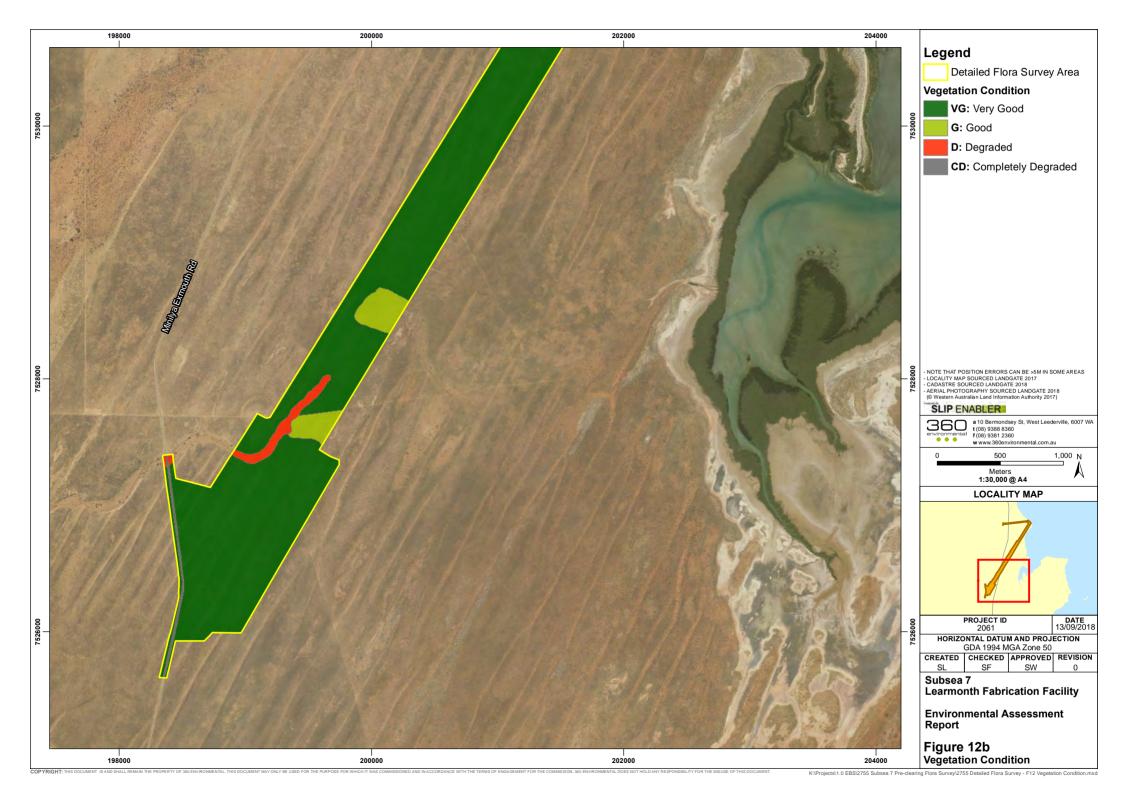


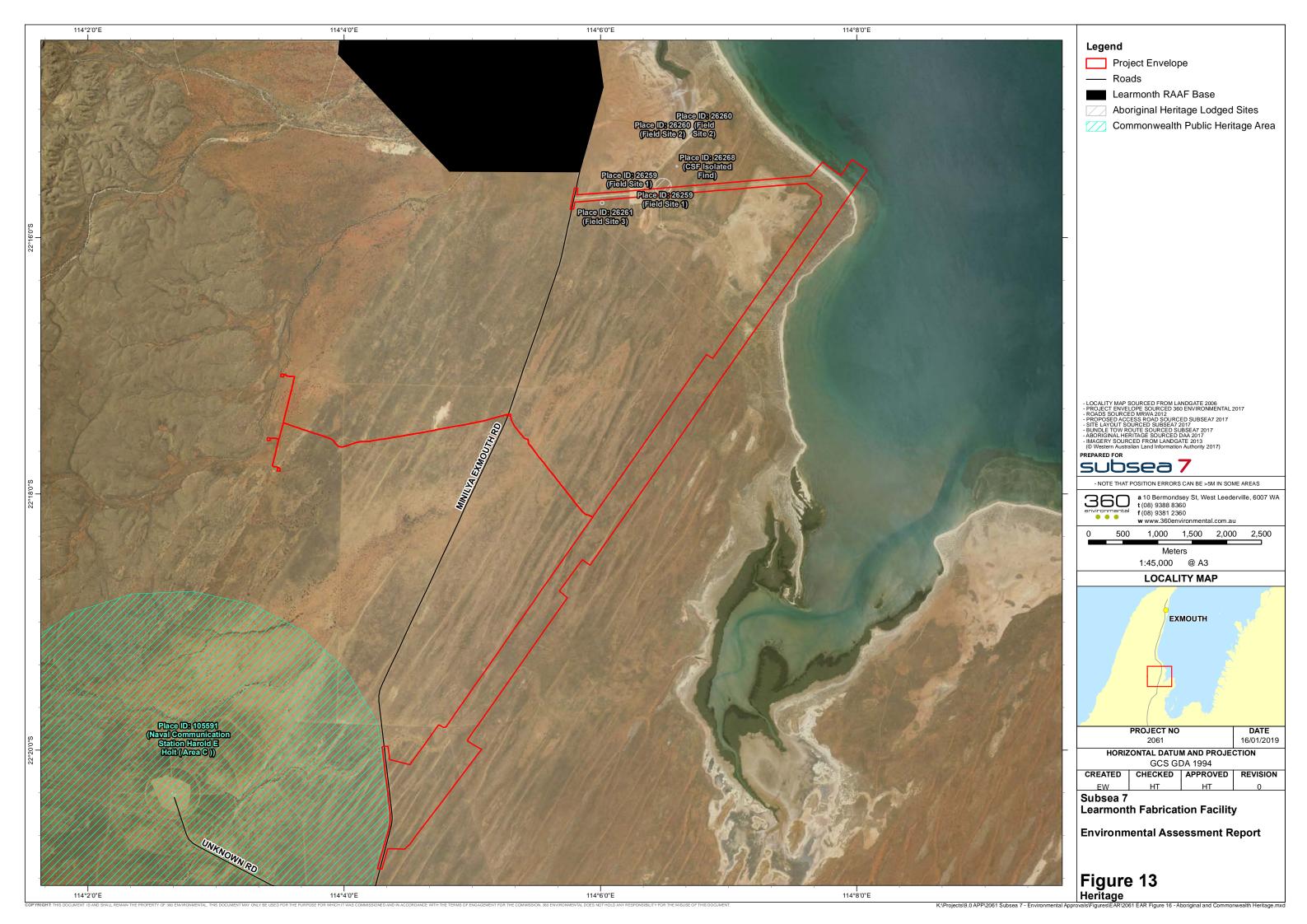


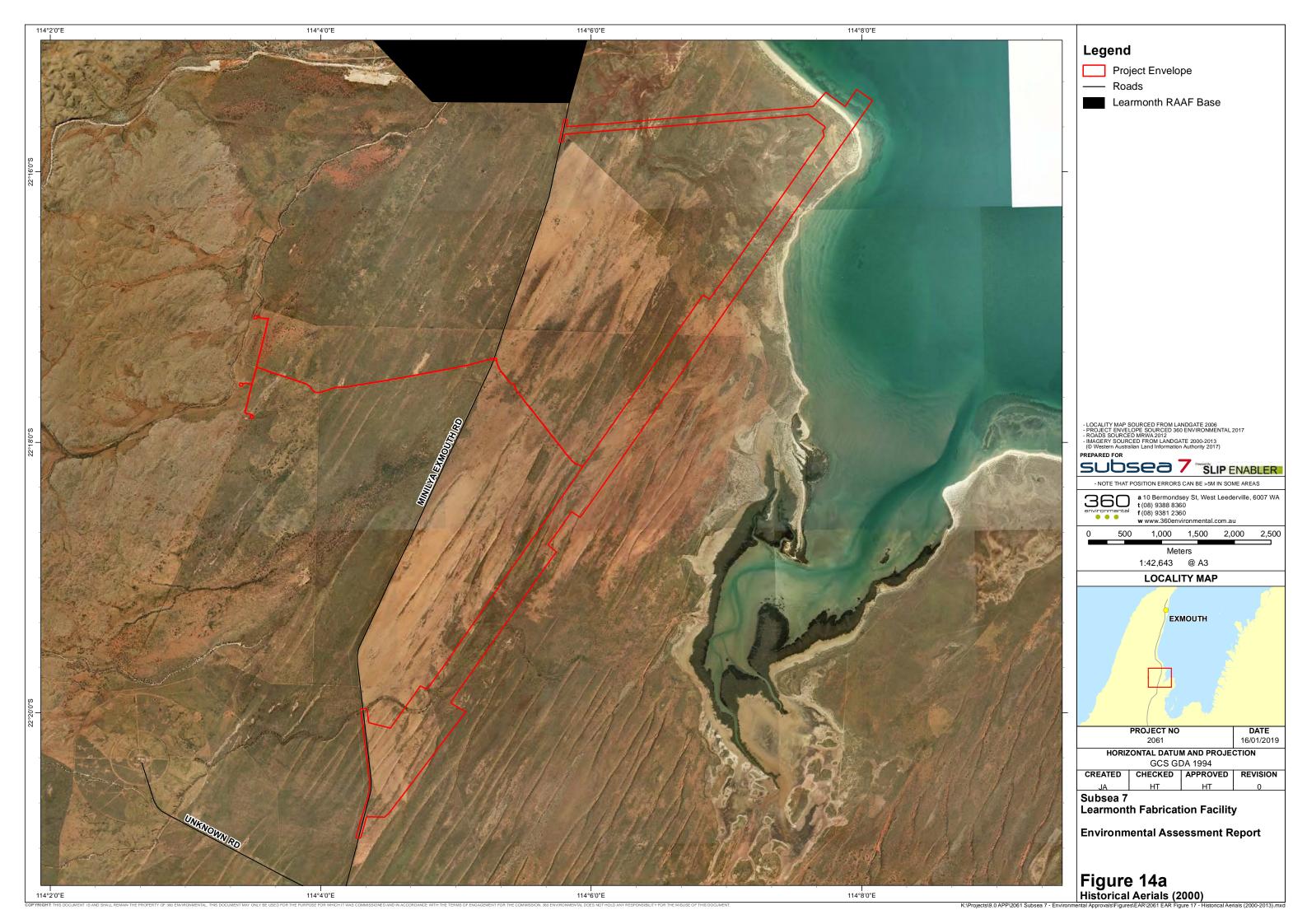


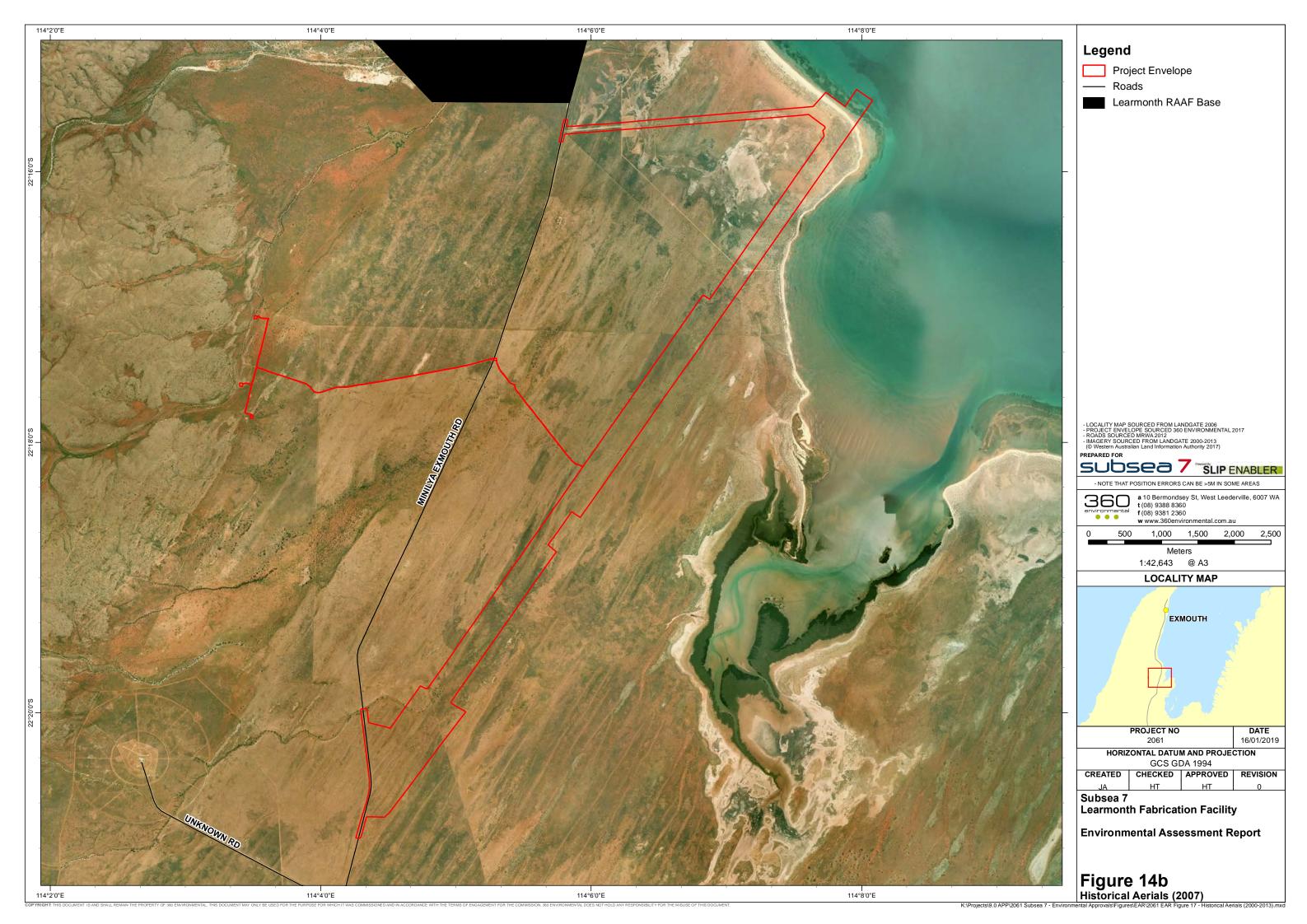


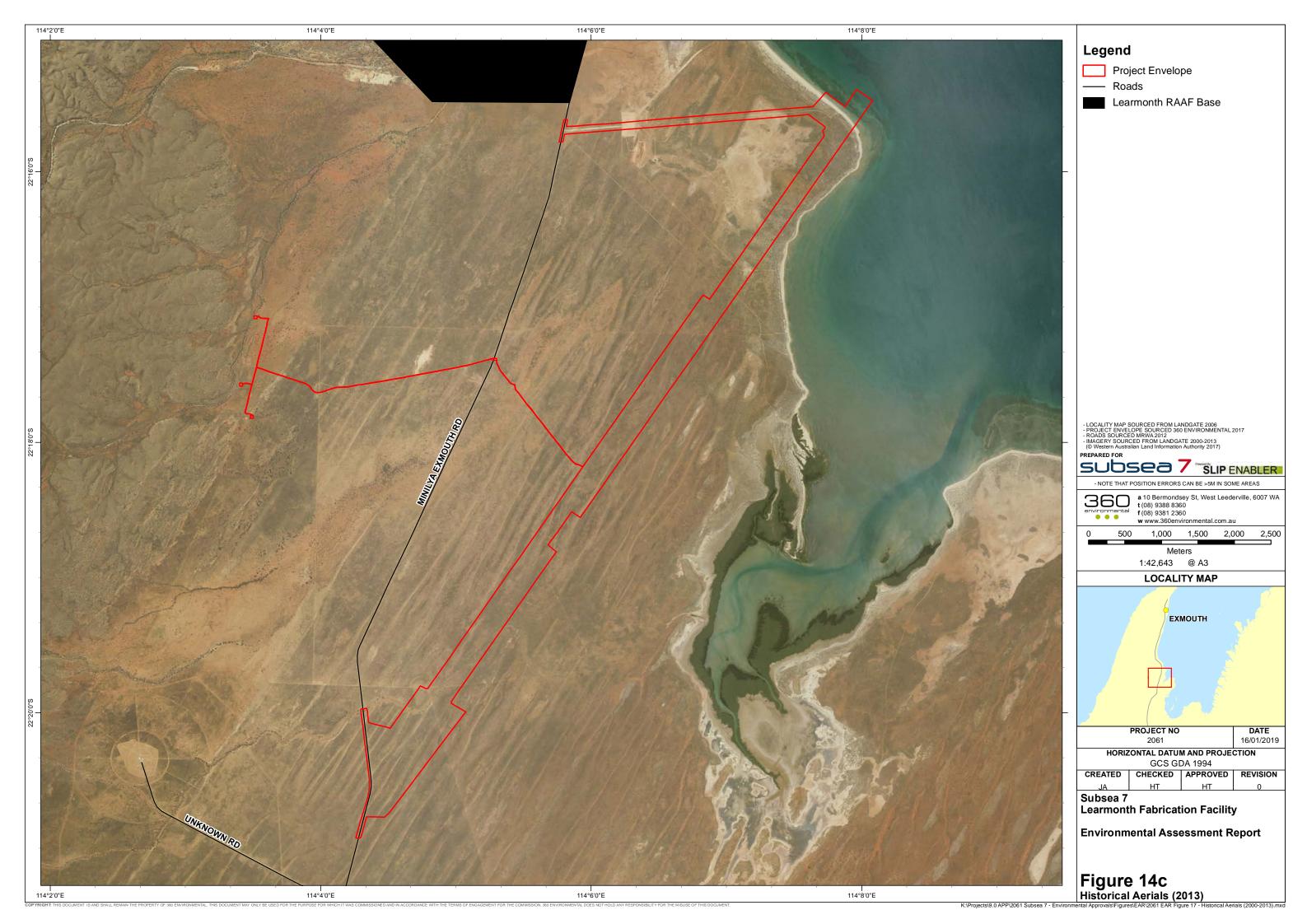


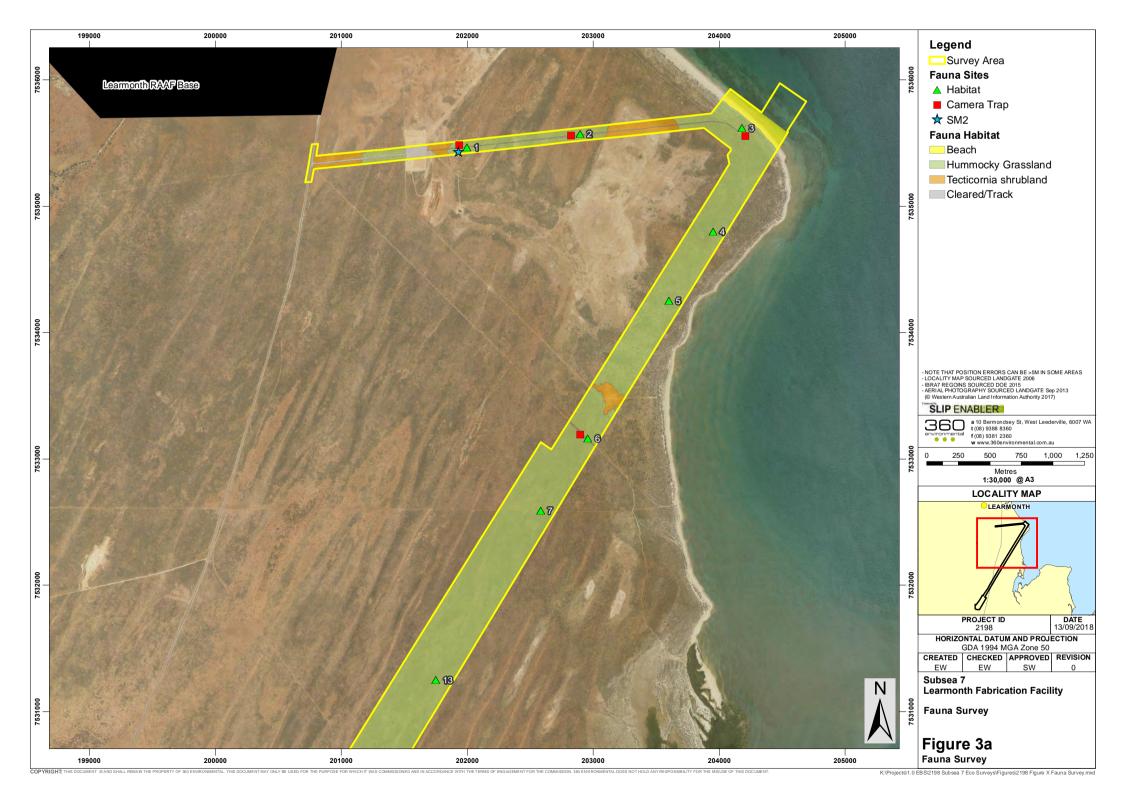


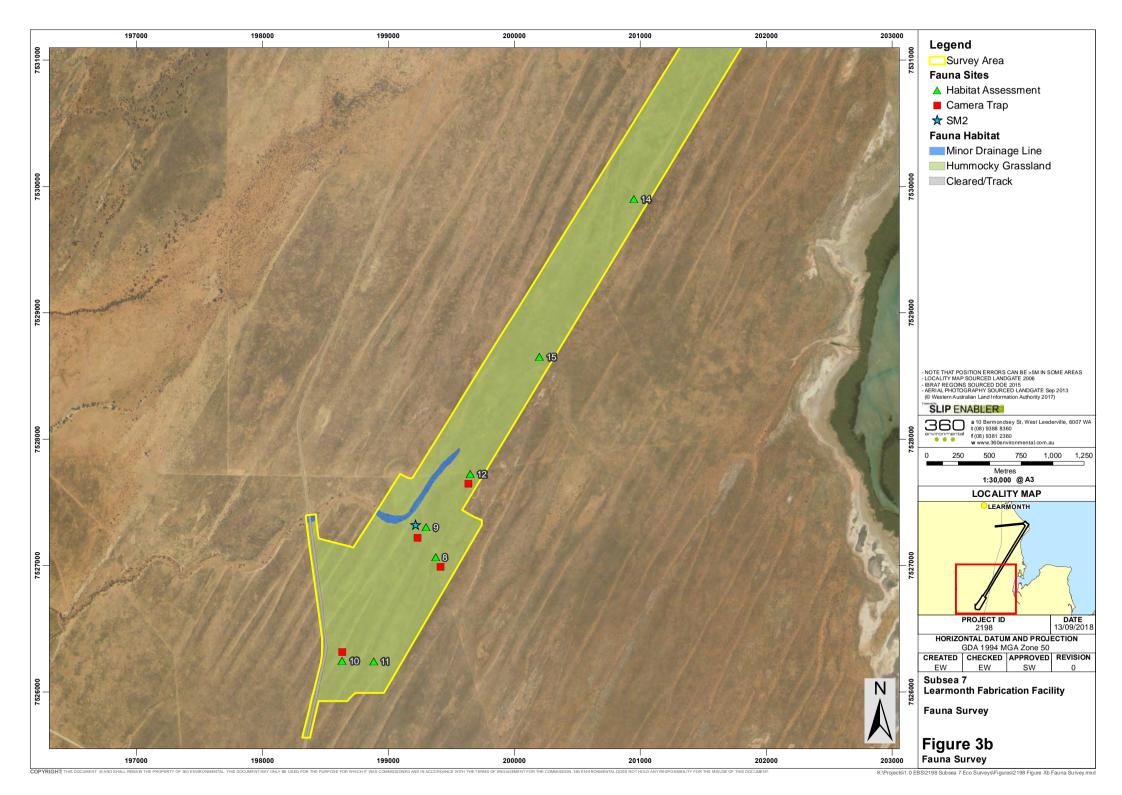














# **APPENDIX A**

NatureMap Search Report



## **NatureMap Species Report**

#### Created By Guest user on 15/01/2019

Current Names Only Yes
Core Datasets Only Yes

Method 'By Circle'

Centre 114° 06' 02" E,22° 17' 48" S

Buffer 10km Group By Kingdom

Kingdom	Species	Records
Animalia Chromista Plantae	266 2 107	737 2 152
TOTAL	375	891

Name ID Species Name

Naturalised Conservation Code <sup>1</sup>Endemic To Query Area

Animalia				
1.		??		
2.	25332	Acanthophis wellsi (Pilbara Death Adder)		
3.		Actitis hypoleucos (Common Sandpiper)	IA	
4.		Aegotheles cristatus (Australian Owlet-nightjar)		
5.		Alectis indica		
6.		Ambassis vachellii		
7.	30833	Amphibolurus longirostris (Long-nosed Dragon)		
8.		Antaresia stimsoni subsp. stimsoni (Stimsonis Python)		
9.	24599	Anthus australis subsp. australis (Australian Pipit)		
10.		Apistus carinatus		
11.		Apogon brevicaudatus		
12.		Apogon poecilopterus		
13.	24285	Aquila audax (Wedge-tailed Eagle)		
14.		Ardea modesta (great egret, white egret)		
15.	24610	Ardeotis australis (Australian Bustard)		
16.		Arenaria interpres (Ruddy Turnstone)	IA	
17.		Argiope protensa		
18.		Arius thalassinus		
19.		Arothron manilensis		
20.		Arothron stellatus		
21.	25566	Artamus cinereus (Black-faced Woodswallow)		
22.	25567	Artamus leucorynchus (White-breasted Woodswallow)		
23.	24354	Artamus leucorynchus subsp. leucopygialis (White-breasted Woodswallow)		
24.	24356	Artamus personatus (Masked Woodswallow)		
25.	25320	Aspidites melanocephalus (Black-headed Python)		
26.		Assiculus punctatus		
27.		Atherinomorus vaigiensis		
28.		Backobourkia collina		
29.	47897	Butorides striata (Striated Heron, Mangrove Heron)		
30.	25716	Cacatua sanguinea (Little Corella)		
31.	42307	Cacomantis pallidus (Pallid Cuckoo)		
32.	24269	Calamanthus campestris (Rufous Fieldwren)		
33.		Calamanthus campestris subsp. campestris		Υ
34.	24779	Calidris acuminata (Sharp-tailed Sandpiper)	IA	
35.	24780	Calidris alba (Sanderling)	IA	
36.	24784	Calidris ferruginea (Curlew Sandpiper)	T	
37.	24788	Calidris ruficollis (Red-necked Stint)	IA	
38.	24790	Calidris tenuirostris (Great Knot)	T	
39.		Callionymus grossi		
40.		Callionymus sublaevis		
41.		Carangoides coeruleopinnatus		
42.		Carangoides hedlandensis		
43.	25015	Carlia munda (Shaded-litter Rainbow Skink)		







	Name ID	Species Name	Naturalised	Conservation Code	<sup>1</sup> Endemic To Query Area
44.		Cercophonius granulosus			
45.		Chaetodontoplus duboulayi			
46.	05575	Chanos chanos			
47.		Charadrius leschenaultii (Greater Sand Plover)		IA T	
48. 49.		Charadrius mongolus (Lesser Sand Plover) Charadrius ruficapillus (Red-capped Plover)		Т	
50.		Charadrius veredus (Oriental Plover)		IA	
51.		Cheramoeca leucosterna (White-backed Swallow)		IA.	
52.		Chiloscyllium punctatum			
53.		Chirocentrus dorab			
54.		Chroicocephalus novaehollandiae			
55.	24431	Chrysococcyx basalis (Horsfield's Bronze Cuckoo)			
56.	24289	Circus assimilis (Spotted Harrier)			
57.		Cirrhimuraena calamus			
58.		Colluricincla harmonica subsp. kolichisi (Grey Shrike-thrush)			
59. 60.	24013	Colluricincla harmonica subsp. rufiventris (Grey Shrike-thrush)  Congrogadus malayanus			
61.	25568	Coracina novaehollandiae (Black-faced Cuckoo-shrike)			
62.		Coracina novaehollandiae subsp. novaehollandiae (Black-faced Cuckoo-shrike)			
63.		Coracina novaehollandiae subsp. subpallida (Black-faced Cuckoo-shrike)			
64.		Coradion chrysozonus			
65.	24416	Corvus bennetti (Little Crow)			
66.	25593	Corvus orru (Torresian Crow)			
67.	24420	Cracticus nigrogularis (Pied Butcherbird)			
68.		Cryptoblepharus plagiocephalus			
69.		Ctenophorus clayi (Collared Dragon)			
70.		Ctenophorus femoralis (Dune Dragon)			
71.		Ctenophorus isolopis subsp. gularis (Central Military Dragon)			
72. 73.		Ctenophorus isolepis subsp. isolepis (Crested Dragon, Military Dragon) Ctenophorus nuchalis (Central Netted Dragon)			
73. 74.		Ctenophorus reticulatus (Western Netted Dragon)			
75.		Ctenotus grandis subsp. titan			
76.		Ctenotus pantherinus subsp. ocellifer (Leopard Ctenotus)			
77.	25073	Ctenotus saxatilis (Rock Ctenotus)			
78.	25090	Cyclodomorphus melanops subsp. melanops (Slender Blue-tongue)			
79.		Cyclosa camelodes			
80.		Cymbacephalus nematophthalmus			
81.		Cyrtobill darwini			
82.		Dactyloptena papilio			
83. 84.		Dactylopus dactylopus			
85.	25004	Decapterus russelli Delma tincta			
86.		Demansia psammophis subsp. cupreiceps (Yellow-faced Whipsnake)			
87.		Dicaeum hirundinaceum (Mistletoebird)			
88.		Diplodactylus capensis (Cape Range Stone Gecko)		P2	
89.	24926	Diplodactylus conspicillatus (Fat-tailed Gecko)			
90.	24938	Diplodactylus ornatus			
91.	24470	Dromaius novaehollandiae (Emu)			
92.	24084	Dugong dugon (Dugong)		S	
93.		Egretta garzetta			
94.		Egretta novaehollandiae			
95. 96.		Elanus axillaris Eolophus roseicapillus			
97.	25362	Ephalophis greyae			
98.		Ephippiorhynchus asiaticus (Black-necked Stork)			
99.		Eremiornis carteri (Spinifex-bird)			
100.	24379	Erythrogonys cinctus (Red-kneed Dotterel)			
101.		Euasteron ursulae			
102.	25622	Falco cenchroides (Australian Kestrel, Nankeen Kestrel)			
103.	25623	Falco longipennis (Australian Hobby)			
104.		Feroxodon multistriatus			
105.	4004:	Fistularia petimba			
106.		Gavicalis virescens (Singing Honeyeater)			
107. 108.		Gehyra pilbara			
108.		Gehyra variegata Geopelia humeralis (Bar-shouldered Dove)			
110.		Geophaps plumifera (Spinifex Pigeon)			
111.		Gerres subfasciatus			
112.	24276	Gerygone tenebrosa (Dusky Gerygone)			
113.		Gnathanodon speciosus			
				Department	of







	Name ID	Species Name	Naturalised	Conservation Code	<sup>1</sup> Endemic To Query Area
114.	24443	Grallina cyanoleuca (Magpie-lark)			
115.	24484	Grus rubicunda (Brolga)			
116.		Haematopus fuliginosus (Sooty Oystercatcher)			
117.		Haematopus longirostris (Pied Oystercatcher)			
118.		Haliaeetus leucogaster (White-bellied Sea-Eagle)			
119. 120.		Haliastur indus (Brahminy Kite)			
121.	24253	Haliastur sphenurus (Whistling Kite) Halophryne diemensis			
121.	24961	Heteronotia binoei (Bynoe's Gecko)			
123.		Himantopus himantopus (Black-winged Stilt)			
124.		Hirundo neoxena (Welcome Swallow)			
125.	48587	Hydroprogne caspia (Caspian Tern)		IA	
126.		Hypnos monopterygium			
127.		Inegocia japonica			
128.		Isopedella tindalei			
129.		Lactoria cornuta			
130.		Lagocephalus sceleratus			
131.		Lampona quinqueplagiata			
132.		Latrodectus hasseltii			
133.		Leptus waldockae			Υ
134.		Lerista allochira (Cape Range Slider)		P3	
135.		Lerista clara			
136.		Lialis burtonis			
137.		Lichmera indistincta (Brown Honeyeater)			
138.	30932	Limosa lapponica (Bar-tailed Godwit)		IA	
139.		Liza sp.			
140.	20022	Lophiocharon trisignatus			
141. 142.	30933	Lucasium stenodactylum Lutianus onthrontarus			
143.		Lutjanus erythropterus Lychas mjobergi			
144.	25651	Malurus lamberti (Variegated Fairy-wren)			
145.		Malurus leucopterus (White-winged Fairy-wren)			
146.		Malurus leucopterus subsp. leuconotus (White-winged Fairy-wren)			
147.		Manorina flavigula (Yellow-throated Miner)			
148.		Masasteron gracilis			
149.		Masasteron sampeyae			
150.	24051	Megaptera novaeangliae (Humpback Whale)		S	
151.	24736	Melopsittacus undulatus (Budgerigar)			
152.	25184	Menetia greyii			
153.	25491	Menetia surda			
154.	24598	Merops ornatus (Rainbow Bee-eater)			
155.	25542	Milvus migrans (Black Kite)			
156.	25545	Mirafra javanica (Horsfield's Bushlark, Singing Bushlark)			
157.		Missulena occatoria			
158.		Miturga occidentalis			
159.	24904	Moloch horridus (Thorny Devil)			
160.		Monocentris japonicus			
161.	05100	Monodactylus argenteus			
162.		Morethia ruficauda subsp. exquisita	\ <u>'</u>		
163.	24223	Mus musculus (House Mouse)  Nemipterus peronii	Υ		
164. 165.	25/2/	Neobatrachus fulvus (Tawny Trilling Frog)			
165. 166.	23424	Nephila edulis			
167.		Nephila plumipes			
168.		Nomindra leeuweni			
169.	24798	Numenius madagascariensis (Eastern Curlew)		Т	
170.		Numenius phaeopus (Whimbrel)		IA	
171.		Nyctophilus geoffroyi (Lesser Long-eared Bat)			
172.		Ocrisiona leucocomis			
173.	24407	Ocyphaps lophotes (Crested Pigeon)			
174.		Oreoica gutturalis (Crested Bellbird)			
175.	34012	Oreoica gutturalis subsp. pallescens (Crested Bellbird, central)			
176.	24620	Pachycephala lanioides (White-breasted Whistler)			
177.	25678	Pachycephala melanura (Mangrove Golden Whistler)			
178.	24621	Pachycephala melanura subsp. melanura (Mangrove Golden Whistler)			
179.	48591	Pandion cristatus (Osprey, Eastern Osprey)		IA	
180.		Paracentropogon vespa			
181.		Paramonacanthus choirocephalus			
182.		Parapercis nebulosa			
183.		Paraplagusia bilineata			
				Departmen	of miles







	Name ID	Species Name	Naturalised	Conservation Code	<sup>1</sup> Endemic To Query Area
184.	24627	Pardalotus rubricatus (Red-browed Pardalote)			
185.	25682	Pardalotus striatus (Striated Pardalote)			
186.		Pegasus volitans			
187.	24040	Pelates sexlineatus			
188. 189.		Pelecanus conspicillatus (Australian Pelican)			
190.		Petrochelidon nigricans (Tree Martin) Petrogale lateralis subsp. lateralis (Black-flanked Rock-wallaby, Black-footed Rock-			
130.	24142	wallaby)		Т	
191.	24659	Petroica goodenovii (Red-capped Robin)			
192.		Phalacrocorax varius (Pied Cormorant)			
193.	24751	Platycercus zonarius subsp. zonarius (Port Lincoln Parrot)			
194.		Plotosus lineatus			
195.	24382	Pluvialis fulva (Pacific Golden Plover)		IA	
196.	24383	Pluvialis squatarola (Grey Plover)		IA	
197.	24679	Podargus strigoides subsp. brachypterus (Tawny Frogmouth)			
198.	24907	Pogona minor subsp. minor (Dwarf Bearded Dragon)			
199.		Priacanthus tayenus			
200.		Priolepis nuchifasciata			
201.	24227	Pseudomonacanthus peroni			
202.		Pseudomys hermannsburgensis (Sandy Inland Mouse)			
203. 204.		Pseudonaja mengdeni (Western Brown Snake) Pseudonaja modesta (Ringed Brown Snake)			
205.		Pseudophryne douglasi (Gorge Toadlet)			
206.	20402	Pseudorhombus dupliciocellatus			
207.	24390	Psophodes occidentalis (Western Wedgebill, Chiming Wedgebill)			
208.		Pteropus scapulatus (Little Red Flying-fox)			
209.		Ptilonorhynchus guttatus			
210.		Rhabdosargus sarba			
211.		Rhinecanthus aculeatus			
212.	25614	Rhipidura leucophrys (Willie Wagtail)			
213.	24457	Rhipidura phasiana (Mangrove Grey Fantail)			
214.		Saurida grandisquamis			
215.		Saurida undosquamis			
216.		Scolopendra morsitans			
217.		Scolopsis monogramma			
218.		Scomberoides commersonnianus			
219.		Scomberoides lysan			
220.		Scomberomorus commerson			
221.		Scorpaenodes guamensis			
222.		Seriolina nigrofasciata			
223. 224.		Siganus spinus Sillago analis			
225.		Sillago lutea			
226.		Sillago maculata			
227.	25267	Simoselaps littoralis (West Coast Banded Snake)			
228.		Sminthopsis macroura (Stripe-faced Dunnart)			
229.		Sphyraena obtusata			
230.	48593	Sternula albifrons (Little Tern)		IA	
231.	48594	Sternula nereis (Fairy Tern)			
232.	25656	Stipiturus ruficeps (Rufous-crowned Emu-wren)			
233.		Storena sinuosa			
234.	24932	Strophurus jeanae			
235.	24946	Strophurus strophurus			
236.		Stygiochiropus communis			
237.		Suta fasciata (Rosen's Snake)			
238.		Taeniopygia guttata (Zebra Finch)			
239.	24175	Taphozous georgianus (Common Sheath-tailed Bat)			
240.		Tetragnatha demissa Thalasagua hangalangia			
241. 242.	18507	Thalasseus bergii (Crested Tern)		IA	
242.		Tiliqua multifasciata (Central Blue-tongue)		IA	
243. 244.		Tiliqua mulliasciata (Central Bide-torigue) Todiramphus chloris (Collared Kingfisher)			
245.		Todiramphus chloris (Collared Kinglisher)  Todiramphus chloris subsp. pilbara (Pilbara Collared Kingfisher)			
246.	42351				
247.		Todiramphus sanctus (Sacred Kingfisher)			
248.		Torquigener pallimaculatus			
249.		Torquigener whitleyi			
250.		Trachinocephalus myops			
251.		Trachyrhamphus longirostris			Υ
252.		Triacanthus biaculeatus			
				Departmen	of







	Name ID	Species Name	Naturalised	Conservation Code	<sup>1</sup> Endemic To Query Area
253.	24803	Tringa brevipes (Grey-tailed Tattler)		P4	
254.	24808	Tringa nebularia (Common Greenshank, greenshank)		IA	
255.		Tringa stagnatilis (Marsh Sandpiper, little greenshank)		IA	
256.		Turnix velox (Little Button-quail)			
257.	30954	Tursiops aduncus (Indo-Pacific Bottlenose Dolphin)			
258. 259.		Tyrannochthonius butleri Upeneus tragula			
260.		Urodacus hoplurus			
261.	24386	Vanellus tricolor (Banded Lapwing)			
262.	2 .000	Wesmaldra learmonth			
263.	41351	Xenus cinereus (Terek Sandpiper)		IA	
264.		Yardiella humphreysi			
265.		Yongeichthys nebulosus			
266.	24857	Zosterops luteus (Yellow White-eye)			
Chromista					
267.	26764	Dictyopteris australis			
268.		Sirophysalis trinodis			
Disertes					
Plantae	2222	Associa suida			
269. 270.		Acacia arida			
270. 271.		Acacia bivenosa Acacia coriacea subsp. coriacea			
271.		Acacia gregorii (Gregory's Wattle)			
273.		Acacia murrayana (Sandplain Wattle)			
274.		Acacia pyrifolia (Ranji Bush, Kandji)			
275.		Acacia pyrifolia var. pyrifolia			
276.	13078	Acacia sclerosperma subsp. sclerosperma			
277.	3549	Acacia spathulifolia			
278.	19456	Acacia stellaticeps			
279.	3577	Acacia tetragonophylla (Kurara, Wakalpuka)			
280.		Acacia xiphophylla			
281.		Aegialitis annulata (Club Mangrove)			
282.		Amyema preissii (Wireleaf Mistletoe)			
283.		Angianthus acrohyalinus (Hook-leaf Angianthus)			
284. 285.		Aristida holathera var. holathera Aristida nitidula (Flat-awned Threeawn)			
286.		Atriplex elachophylla			
287.		Atriplex clacifophylia Atriplex isatidea (Coast Saltbush)			
288.		Atriplex semilunaris (Annual Saltbush)			
289.		Avicennia marina (White Mangrove)			
290.	12714	Brachychiton obtusilobus		P4	
291.	35798	Calothamnus borealis subsp. borealis			
292.	7906	Calotis plumulifera			
293.	2976	Capparis lasiantha (Split Jack, Balqarda)			
294.		Capparis spinosa subsp. nummularia			
295.		Cassytha aurea var. aurea			
296.		Cassytha racemosa forma pilosa			
297.		Ceriops australis			
298. 299.		Chrysocephalum apiculatum subsp. pilbarense Corymbia hamersleyana			
300.		Corynotheca pungens			
301.		Crotalaria cunninghamii (Green Birdflower, Bilbun)			
302.		Crotalaria medicaginea var. neglecta			
303.		Cullen lachnostachys			
304.		Decazesia hecatocephala			
305.	7164	Dicladanthera forrestii			
306.	2504	Dysphania plantaginella			
307.	357	Enneapogon caerulescens (Limestone Grass)			
308.		Eremophea spinosa			
309.		Eremophila setacea			
310.		Eremophila tietkensii			
311.		Erodium cygnorum (Blue Heronsbill)			
312.		Eucalyptus prominens			
313.		Euclayptus xerothermica  Eupharhia quetralis var australis			
314. 315.		Euphorbia australis var. australis Euphorbia trigonosperma			
316.		Exocarpos aphyllus (Leafless Ballart)			
317.		Exocarpos apriyilas (Esaniess Ballart, Djuk)			
318.		Flaveria trinervia (Speedy Weed)	Υ		
319.		Frankenia pauciflora (Seaheath)			
				(Section )	************







	Name ID	Species Name	Naturalised	Conservation Code	<sup>1</sup> Endemic To Query Area
320.		Grevillea calcicola		P3	
321.		Grevillea stenobotrya			
322.	2784	Gyrostemon ramulosus (Corkybark)			
323.	16897	Hakea stenophylla subsp. stenophylla			
324.	23464	Haloragis gossei var. inflata			
325.	6641	Ipomoea yardiensis (Yardie Morning Glory)			
326.	29056	Jasminum sp. Exmouth (G. Marsh 77)			
327.	4061	Lotus cruentus (Redflower Lotus)			
328.	4962	Malvastrum americanum (Spiked Malvastrum)	Υ		
329.	5887	Melaleuca cardiophylla (Tangling Melaleuca)			
330.	8105	Millotia myosotidifolia			
331.	2364	Olax aurantia			
332.	42024	Olearia sp. Kennedy Range (G. Byrne 66)			
333.	34997	Peripleura arida			
334.	45696	Phyllanthus hamelinii (Shark Bay Phyllanthus)			
335.	18260	Pileanthus septentrionalis			
336.	17816	Pluchea ferdinandi-muelleri			
337.	8168	Pluchea rubelliflora			
338.	6491	Plumbago zeylanica (Native Plumbago)			
339.	8192	Pterocaulon sphacelatum (Apple Bush, Fruit Salad Plant)			
340.	2727	Ptilotus gaudichaudii			
341.	2731	Ptilotus helipteroides (Hairy Mulla Mulla)			
342.	41001	Ptilotus nobilis subsp. nobilis (Yellow Tails)			
343.	2747	Ptilotus obovatus (Cotton Bush)			
344.	2766	Ptilotus villosiflorus			
345.	41063	Quoya loxocarpa			
346.		Rhagodia preissii subsp. obovata			
347.		Rhizophora stylosa (Spotted-leaved Red Mangrove)			
348.		Rhodanthe humboldtiana			
349.		Rhynchosia minima (Rhynchosia)			
350.		Sauropus crassifolius			
351.		Scaevola sericophylla			
352.		Scaevola spinescens (Currant Bush, Maroon)			
353.		Scaevola tomentosa (Raggedleaf Fanflower)			
354.		Schenkia clementii			
355.		Sclerolaena recurvicuspis			
356.		Senecio magnificus (Showy Groundsel)			
357.		Senecio pinnatifolius var. pinnatifolius			
358.		Senna artemisioides subsp. oligophylla			
359.	.2200	Sesbania sp.			
360.	8223	Sigesbeckia orientalis (Indian Weed)	Υ		
361.		Sisymbrium orientale (Indian Hedge Mustard)	Y		
362.		Streptoglossa decurrens			
363.		Streptoglossa liatroides			
364.		Stylobasium spathulatum (Pebble Bush)			
365.		Suaeda arbusculoides			
366.		Swainsona calcicola			
367.		Swainsona kingii			
368.		Swainsona pterostylis			
369.		Tinospora esiangkara		P2	
				PZ	
370. 371		Tribulus suberosus  Triodio angueta			
371.		Triodia angusta  Triodia wiscana (Limostona Spinifax)			
372.		Triodia wiseana (Limestone Spinifex)			
373.		Triraphis mollis (Needle Grass)			
374.		Verticordia forrestii (Forrest's Featherflower)			
375.	4395	Zygophyllum retivalve			

Conservation Codes
T - Rare or likely to become extinct
X - Presumed extinct
IA - Protected under international agreement
S - Other specially protected fauna
1 - Priority 1
2 - Priority 2
3 - Priority 2
4 - Priority 4
5 - Priority 5



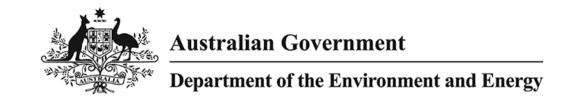


<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> For NatureMap's purposes, species flagged as endemic are those whose records are wholely contained within the search area. Note that only those records complying with the search criterion are included in the calculation. For example, if you limit records to those from a specific datasource, only records from that datasource are used to determine if a species is restricted to the query area.



# **APPENDIX B**

Protected Matters Search Tool Report



# **EPBC Act Protected Matters Report**

This report provides general guidance on matters of national environmental significance and other matters protected by the EPBC Act in the area you have selected.

Information on the coverage of this report and qualifications on data supporting this report are contained in the caveat at the end of the report.

Information is available about <u>Environment Assessments</u> and the EPBC Act including significance guidelines, forms and application process details.

Report created: 22/02/17 13:35:49

**Summary** 

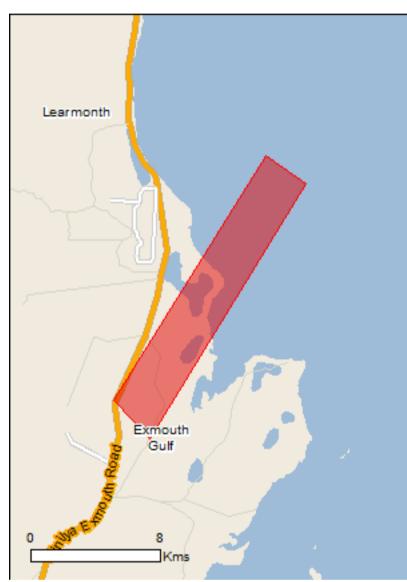
**Details** 

Matters of NES
Other Matters Protected by the EPBC Act

Caveat

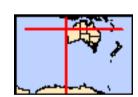
<u>Acknowledgements</u>

**Extra Information** 



This map may contain data which are ©Commonwealth of Australia (Geoscience Australia), ©PSMA 2010

Coordinates
Buffer: 1.0Km



## **Summary**

#### Matters of National Environmental Significance

This part of the report summarises the matters of national environmental significance that may occur in, or may relate to, the area you nominated. Further information is available in the detail part of the report, which can be accessed by scrolling or following the links below. If you are proposing to undertake an activity that may have a significant impact on one or more matters of national environmental significance then you should consider the <u>Administrative Guidelines on Significance</u>.

World Heritage Properties:	None
National Heritage Places:	None
Wetlands of International Importance:	None
Great Barrier Reef Marine Park:	None
Commonwealth Marine Area:	None
Listed Threatened Ecological Communities:	None
Listed Threatened Species:	24
Listed Migratory Species:	33

#### Other Matters Protected by the EPBC Act

This part of the report summarises other matters protected under the Act that may relate to the area you nominated. Approval may be required for a proposed activity that significantly affects the environment on Commonwealth land, when the action is outside the Commonwealth land, or the environment anywhere when the action is taken on Commonwealth land. Approval may also be required for the Commonwealth or Commonwealth agencies proposing to take an action that is likely to have a significant impact on the environment anywhere.

The EPBC Act protects the environment on Commonwealth land, the environment from the actions taken on Commonwealth land, and the environment from actions taken by Commonwealth agencies. As heritage values of a place are part of the 'environment', these aspects of the EPBC Act protect the Commonwealth Heritage values of a Commonwealth Heritage place. Information on the new heritage laws can be found at http://www.environment.gov.au/heritage

A <u>permit</u> may be required for activities in or on a Commonwealth area that may affect a member of a listed threatened species or ecological community, a member of a listed migratory species, whales and other cetaceans, or a member of a listed marine species.

Commonwealth Land:	2
Commonwealth Heritage Places:	None
Listed Marine Species:	64
Whales and Other Cetaceans:	12
Critical Habitats:	None
Commonwealth Reserves Terrestrial:	None
Commonwealth Reserves Marine:	None

#### **Extra Information**

This part of the report provides information that may also be relevant to the area you have nominated.

State and Territory Reserves:	None
Regional Forest Agreements:	None
Invasive Species:	10
Nationally Important Wetlands:	1
Key Ecological Features (Marine)	None

# Details

# Matters of National Environmental Significance

Listed Threatened Species	01.1	[ Resource Information ]
Name	Status	Type of Presence
Birds Calidris ferruginea		
Curlew Sandpiper [856]	Critically Endangered	Species or species habitat may occur within area
<u>Limosa lapponica baueri</u> Bar-tailed Godwit (baueri), Western Alaskan Bar-tailed Godwit [86380]	Vulnerable	Species or species habitat may occur within area
<u>Limosa lapponica menzbieri</u> Northern Siberian Bar-tailed Godwit, Bar-tailed Godwit (menzbieri) [86432]	Critically Endangered	Species or species habitat may occur within area
Macronectes giganteus Southern Giant-Petrel, Southern Giant Petrel [1060]	Endangered	Species or species habitat may occur within area
Numenius madagascariensis Eastern Curlew, Far Eastern Curlew [847]	Critically Endangered	Species or species habitat likely to occur within area
Pezoporus occidentalis Night Parrot [59350]	Endangered	Species or species habitat may occur within area
Sternula nereis nereis Australian Fairy Tern [82950]	Vulnerable	Breeding likely to occur within area
<u>Thalassarche impavida</u> Campbell Albatross, Campbell Black-browed Albatross [64459]	Vulnerable	Species or species habitat may occur within area
Mammals		
Dasyurus hallucatus Northern Quoll, Digul [331]	Endangered	Species or species habitat likely to occur within area
Eubalaena australis Southern Right Whale [40]	Endangered	Species or species habitat may occur within area
Megaptera novaeangliae Humpback Whale [38]	Vulnerable	Congregation or aggregation known to occur within area
Petrogale lateralis lateralis Black-flanked Rock-wallaby, Moororong, Black-footed Rock Wallaby [66647]	Endangered	Species or species habitat known to occur within area
Rhinonicteris aurantia (Pilbara form) Pilbara Leaf-nosed Bat [82790]	Vulnerable	Species or species

Name	Status	Type of Presence habitat may occur within area
Reptiles		
Aipysurus apraefrontalis Short-nosed Seasnake [1115]	Critically Endangered	Species or species habitat likely to occur within area
Caretta caretta Loggerhead Turtle [1763]	Endangered	Foraging, feeding or related behaviour known to occur within area
Chelonia mydas Green Turtle [1765]	Vulnerable	Breeding known to occur within area
Dermochelys coriacea Leatherback Turtle, Leathery Turtle, Luth [1768]	Endangered	Foraging, feeding or related behaviour known to occur within area
Eretmochelys imbricata Hawksbill Turtle [1766]	Vulnerable	Foraging, feeding or related behaviour known to occur within area
Natator depressus Flatback Turtle [59257]	Vulnerable	Breeding known to occur within area
Sharks		
Carcharias taurus (west coast population) Grey Nurse Shark (west coast population) [68752]	Vulnerable	Species or species habitat likely to occur within area
Carcharodon carcharias White Shark, Great White Shark [64470]	Vulnerable	Species or species habitat likely to occur within area
Pristis clavata  Dwarf Sawfish, Queensland Sawfish [68447]	Vulnerable	Species or species habitat known to occur within area
Pristis zijsron Green Sawfish, Dindagubba, Narrowsnout Sawfish [68442]	Vulnerable	Species or species habitat known to occur within area
Rhincodon typus Whale Shark [66680]	Vulnerable	Species or species habitat may occur within area
Listed Migratory Species  * Species is listed under a different scientific name on	the EPBC Act - Threatened	[ Resource Information
Name	Threatened	Type of Presence
Migratory Marine Birds		
Anous stolidus Common Noddy [825]		Species or species habitat likely to occur within area
Apus pacificus Fork-tailed Swift [678]		Species or species habitat likely to occur within area
Fregata ariel Lesser Frigatebird, Least Frigatebird [1012]		Species or species habitat likely to occur within area
Macronectes giganteus Southern Giant-Petrel, Southern Giant Petrel [1060]	Endangered	Species or species habitat may occur within area
Puffinus carneipes Flesh-footed Shearwater, Fleshy-footed Shearwater [1043]		Species or species habitat may occur within area
Migratory Marine Species		

Name	Threatened	Type of Presence
Balaenoptera edeni Bryde's Whale [35]		Species or species habitat may occur within area
Carcharodon carcharias White Shark, Great White Shark [64470]	Vulnerable	Species or species habitat likely to occur within area
Caretta caretta Loggerhead Turtle [1763]	Endangered	Foraging, feeding or related behaviour known to occur within area
Chelonia mydas Green Turtle [1765]	Vulnerable	Breeding known to occur within area
Dermochelys coriacea Leatherback Turtle, Leathery Turtle, Luth [1768]	Endangered	Foraging, feeding or related behaviour known to occur within area
Dugong dugon Dugong [28]		Breeding known to occur within area
Eretmochelys imbricata Hawksbill Turtle [1766]	Vulnerable	Foraging, feeding or related behaviour known to occur within area
Eubalaena australis Southern Right Whale [40]	Endangered	Species or species habitat may occur within area
Manta alfredi Reef Manta Ray, Coastal Manta Ray, Inshore Manta Ray, Prince Alfred's Ray, Resident Manta Ray [84994]		Species or species habitat known to occur within area
Manta birostris Giant Manta Ray, Chevron Manta Ray, Pacific Manta Ray, Pelagic Manta Ray, Oceanic Manta Ray [84995]		Species or species habitat known to occur within area
Megaptera novaeangliae Humpback Whale [38]	Vulnerable	Congregation or aggregation known to occur within area
Natator depressus Flatback Turtle [59257]	Vulnerable	Breeding known to occur within area
Orcinus orca Killer Whale, Orca [46]		Species or species habitat may occur within area
Pristis clavata  Dwarf Sawfish, Queensland Sawfish [68447]	Vulnerable	Species or species habitat known to occur within area
Pristis zijsron Green Sawfish, Dindagubba, Narrowsnout Sawfish [68442]	Vulnerable	Species or species habitat known to occur within area
Rhincodon typus Whale Shark [66680]	Vulnerable	Species or species habitat may occur within area
Sousa chinensis Indo-Pacific Humpback Dolphin [50]		Species or species habitat may occur within area
Tursiops aduncus (Arafura/Timor Sea populations) Spotted Bottlenose Dolphin (Arafura/Timor Sea populations) [78900]		Species or species habitat likely to occur within area
Migratory Terrestrial Species		
Hirundo rustica Barn Swallow [662]		Species or species habitat may occur within

Name	Threatened	Type of Presence
Motacilla cinerea		area
Grey Wagtail [642]		Species or species habitat may occur within area
Motacilla flava Yellow Wagtail [644]		Species or species habitat
		may occur within area
Migratory Wetlands Species		
Calidris ferruginea		
Curlew Sandpiper [856]	Critically Endangered	Species or species habitat may occur within area
<u>Charadrius veredus</u>		
Oriental Plover, Oriental Dotterel [882]		Species or species habitat may occur within area
Glareola maldivarum		
Oriental Pratincole [840]		Species or species habitat may occur within area
Limosa lapponica		
Bar-tailed Godwit [844]		Species or species habitat likely to occur within area
Numenius madagascariensis		
Eastern Curlew, Far Eastern Curlew [847]	Critically Endangered	Species or species habitat likely to occur within area
Pandion haliaetus		
Osprey [952]		Species or species habitat may occur within area
Tringa nebularia		
Common Greenshank, Greenshank [832]		Species or species habitat likely to occur within area

### Other Matters Protected by the EPBC Act

### Commonwealth Land [Resource Information]

The Commonwealth area listed below may indicate the presence of Commonwealth land in this vicinity. Due to the unreliability of the data source, all proposals should be checked as to whether it impacts on a Commonwealth area, before making a definitive decision. Contact the State or Territory government land department for further information.

#### Name

Defence - EXMOUTH NAVAL HF RECEIVING STATION (H/F Receiving Station, Learmonth, WA)

Defence - LEARMONTH TRANSMITTING STATION

Listed Marine Species		[ Resource Information ]
* Species is listed under a different scientific nam	ne on the EPRC Act - Threa	
Name	Threatened	Type of Presence
Birds		Type of the control
Anous stolidus		
Common Noddy [825]		Species or species habitat likely to occur within area
Apus pacificus		
Fork-tailed Swift [678]		Species or species habitat likely to occur within area
Ardea alba		
Great Egret, White Egret [59541]		Species or species habitat known to occur within area
Ardea ibis		
Cattle Egret [59542]		Species or species habitat may occur within

Name	Threatened	Type of Presence
Calidris ferruginea Curlew Sandpiper [856]	Critically Endangered	Species or species habitat may occur within area
Charadrius veredus Oriental Plover, Oriental Dotterel [882]		Species or species habitat may occur within area
Fregata ariel Lesser Frigatebird, Least Frigatebird [1012]		Species or species habitat likely to occur within area
Glareola maldivarum Oriental Pratincole [840]		Species or species habitat may occur within area
Haliaeetus leucogaster White-bellied Sea-Eagle [943]		Species or species habitat likely to occur within area
Hirundo rustica Barn Swallow [662]		Species or species habitat may occur within area
<u>Limosa lapponica</u> Bar-tailed Godwit [844]		Species or species habitat likely to occur within area
Macronectes giganteus Southern Giant-Petrel, Southern Giant Petrel [1060]	Endangered	Species or species habitat may occur within area
Merops ornatus Rainbow Bee-eater [670]		Species or species habitat may occur within area
Motacilla cinerea Grey Wagtail [642]		Species or species habitat may occur within area
Motacilla flava Yellow Wagtail [644]		Species or species habitat may occur within area
Numenius madagascariensis Eastern Curlew, Far Eastern Curlew [847]	Critically Endangered	Species or species habitat likely to occur within area
Pandion haliaetus Osprey [952]		Species or species habitat
Puffinus carneipes Flesh-footed Shearwater, Fleshy-footed Shearwater		Species or species habitat
[1043]  Thalassarche impavida  Campbell Albatross, Campbell Black-browed Albatross	s Vulnerable	Species or species habitat
[64459] <u>Tringa nebularia</u> Common Greenshank, Greenshank [832]		Species or species habitat
Fish		likely to occur within area
Bulbonaricus brauni Braun's Pughead Pipefish, Pug-headed Pipefish [66189]		Species or species habitat may occur within area
Campichthys tricarinatus Three-keel Pipefish [66192]		Species or species habitat may occur within

Name	Threatened	Type of Presence
		area
Choeroichthys brachysoma Pacific Short-bodied Pipefish, Short-bodied Pipefish [66194]		Species or species habitat may occur within area
Choeroichthys suillus Pig-snouted Pipefish [66198]		Species or species habitat may occur within area
Doryrhamphus janssi Cleaner Pipefish, Janss' Pipefish [66212]		Species or species habitat may occur within area
Doryrhamphus negrosensis Flagtail Pipefish, Masthead Island Pipefish [66213]		Species or species habitat may occur within area
Festucalex scalaris Ladder Pipefish [66216]		Species or species habitat may occur within area
Filicampus tigris Tiger Pipefish [66217]		Species or species habitat may occur within area
Halicampus brocki Brock's Pipefish [66219]		Species or species habitat may occur within area
Halicampus grayi Mud Pipefish, Gray's Pipefish [66221]		Species or species habitat may occur within area
Halicampus nitidus Glittering Pipefish [66224]		Species or species habitat may occur within area
Halicampus spinirostris Spiny-snout Pipefish [66225]		Species or species habitat may occur within area
Haliichthys taeniophorus Ribboned Pipehorse, Ribboned Seadragon [66226]		Species or species habitat may occur within area
Hippichthys penicillus Beady Pipefish, Steep-nosed Pipefish [66231]		Species or species habitat may occur within area
Hippocampus angustus Western Spiny Seahorse, Narrow-bellied Seahorse [66234]		Species or species habitat may occur within area
Hippocampus histrix Spiny Seahorse, Thorny Seahorse [66236]		Species or species habitat may occur within area
Hippocampus kuda Spotted Seahorse, Yellow Seahorse [66237]		Species or species habitat may occur within area
Hippocampus planifrons Flat-face Seahorse [66238]		Species or species habitat may occur within area
Hippocampus trimaculatus Three-spot Seahorse, Low-crowned Seahorse, Flat-faced Seahorse [66720]		Species or species habitat may occur within area
Micrognathus micronotopterus Tidepool Pipefish [66255]		Species or species habitat may occur within area

Name	Threatened	Type of Presence
Solegnathus hardwickii Pallid Pipehorse, Hardwick's Pipehorse [66272]		Species or species habitat may occur within area
Solegnathus lettiensis Gunther's Pipehorse, Indonesian Pipefish [66273]		Species or species habitat may occur within area
Solenostomus cyanopterus Robust Ghostpipefish, Blue-finned Ghost Pipefish, [66183]		Species or species habitat may occur within area
Solenostomus paegnius Rough-snout Ghost Pipefish [68425]		Species or species habitat may occur within area
Syngnathoides biaculeatus  Double-end Pipehorse, Double-ended Pipehorse, Alligator Pipefish [66279]		Species or species habitat may occur within area
Trachyrhamphus bicoarctatus  Bentstick Pipefish, Bend Stick Pipefish, Short-tailed Pipefish [66280]		Species or species habitat may occur within area
Trachyrhamphus longirostris Straightstick Pipefish, Long-nosed Pipefish, Straight Stick Pipefish [66281]		Species or species habitat may occur within area
Mammals		
Dugong dugon Dugong [28]		Breeding known to occur
		within area
Reptiles		
Aipysurus apraefrontalis Short-nosed Seasnake [1115]	Critically Endangered	Species or species habitat likely to occur within area
Aipysurus duboisii Dubois' Seasnake [1116]		Species or species habitat may occur within area
Aipysurus eydouxii		
Spine-tailed Seasnake [1117]		Species or species habitat may occur within area
Aipysurus laevis Olive Seasnake [1120]		Species or species habitat may occur within area
Astrotia stokesii Stokes' Seasnake [1122]		Species or species habitat may occur within area
Caretta caretta Loggerhead Turtle [1763]	Endangered	Foraging, feeding or related behaviour known to occur within area
Chelonia mydas Green Turtle [1765]	Vulnerable	Breeding known to occur within area
Dermochelys coriacea  Leatherback Turtle, Leathery Turtle, Luth [1768]	Endangered	Foraging, feeding or related behaviour known to occur within area
Disteira kingii Spectacled Seasnake [1123]		Species or species habitat may occur within area
<u>Disteira major</u> Olive-headed Seasnake [1124]		Species or species habitat may occur within area

Name	Threatened	Type of Presence
Emydocephalus annulatus Turtle-headed Seasnake [1125]		Species or species habitat may occur within area
Ephalophis greyi North-western Mangrove Seasnake [1127]		Species or species habitat may occur within area
Eretmochelys imbricata Hawksbill Turtle [1766]	Vulnerable	Foraging, feeding or related behaviour known to occur within area
Hydrophis elegans Elegant Seasnake [1104]		Species or species habitat may occur within area
Natator depressus Flatback Turtle [59257]	Vulnerable	Breeding known to occur within area
Pelamis platurus Yellow-bellied Seasnake [1091]		Species or species habitat may occur within area
Whales and other Cetaceans		[ Resource Information ]
Name	Status	Type of Presence
Mammals		
Balaenoptera acutorostrata  Minke Whale [33]		Species or species habitat may occur within area
Balaenoptera edeni Bryde's Whale [35]		Species or species habitat may occur within area
Delphinus delphis Common Dophin, Short-beaked Common Dolphin [60]		Species or species habitat may occur within area
Eubalaena australis Southern Right Whale [40]	Endangered	Species or species habitat may occur within area
Grampus griseus Risso's Dolphin, Grampus [64]		Species or species habitat may occur within area
Megaptera novaeangliae Humpback Whale [38]  Orcinus orca	Vulnerable	Congregation or aggregation known to occur within area
Killer Whale, Orca [46]		Species or species habitat may occur within area
Sousa chinensis Indo-Pacific Humpback Dolphin [50]		Species or species habitat may occur within area
Stenella attenuata Spotted Dolphin, Pantropical Spotted Dolphin [51]		Species or species habitat may occur within area
<u>Tursiops aduncus</u> Indian Ocean Bottlenose Dolphin, Spotted Bottlenose Dolphin [68418]		Species or species habitat likely to occur within area
Tursiops aduncus (Arafura/Timor Sea populations) Spotted Bottlenose Dolphin (Arafura/Timor Sea populations) [78900]		Species or species habitat likely to occur within area
Tursiops truncatus s. str. Bottlenose Dolphin [68417]		Species or species

Name	Status	Type of Presence
		habitat may occur within
		area

# **Extra Information**

Asian House Gecko [1708]

Invasive Species [Resource Information]

Weeds reported here are the 20 species of national significance (WoNS), along with other introduced plants that are considered by the States and Territories to pose a particularly significant threat to biodiversity. The following feral animals are reported: Goat, Red Fox, Cat, Rabbit, Pig, Water Buffalo and Cane Toad. Maps from Landscape Health Project, National Land and Water Resouces Audit, 2001.

Name	Status	Type of Presence
Birds		
Columba livia		
Rock Pigeon, Rock Dove, Domestic Pigeon [803]		Species or species habitat likely to occur within area
N. A.		
Mammals		
Capra hircus		
Goat [2]		Species or species habitat likely to occur within area
Equus caballus		
Horse [5]		Species or species habitat likely to occur within area
Felis catus		
Cat, House Cat, Domestic Cat [19]		Species or species habitat
		likely to occur within area
		•
Mus musculus		
House Mouse [120]		Species or species habitat likely to occur within area
Oryctolagus cuniculus		
Rabbit, European Rabbit [128]		Species or species habitat likely to occur within area
Rattus rattus		
Black Rat, Ship Rat [84]		Species or species habitat
		likely to occur within area
Vulpes vulpes		
Red Fox, Fox [18]		Species or species habitat
Red I OX, I OX [10]		likely to occur within area
		intoly to occur within aloa
Plants		
Cenchrus ciliaris		
Buffel-grass, Black Buffel-grass [20213]		Species or species habitat likely to occur within area
		intery to occur within area
Reptiles		
Hemidactylus frenatus		
A ! !!		

Species or species

Name	Status	Type of Presence
		habitat likely to occur within area
Nationally Important Wetlands		[ Resource Information ]
Name		State
Cape Range Subterranean Waterways		WA

### Caveat

The information presented in this report has been provided by a range of data sources as acknowledged at the end of the report.

This report is designed to assist in identifying the locations of places which may be relevant in determining obligations under the Environment Protection and Biodiversity Conservation Act 1999. It holds mapped locations of World and National Heritage properties, Wetlands of International and National Importance, Commonwealth and State/Territory reserves, listed threatened, migratory and marine species and listed threatened ecological communities. Mapping of Commonwealth land is not complete at this stage. Maps have been collated from a range of sources at various resolutions.

Not all species listed under the EPBC Act have been mapped (see below) and therefore a report is a general guide only. Where available data supports mapping, the type of presence that can be determined from the data is indicated in general terms. People using this information in making a referral may need to consider the gualifications below and may need to seek and consider other information sources.

For threatened ecological communities where the distribution is well known, maps are derived from recovery plans, State vegetation maps, remote sensing imagery and other sources. Where threatened ecological community distributions are less well known, existing vegetation maps and point location data are used to produce indicative distribution maps.

Threatened, migratory and marine species distributions have been derived through a variety of methods. Where distributions are well known and if time permits, maps are derived using either thematic spatial data (i.e. vegetation, soils, geology, elevation, aspect, terrain, etc) together with point locations and described habitat; or environmental modelling (MAXENT or BIOCLIM habitat modelling) using point locations and environmental data layers.

Where very little information is available for species or large number of maps are required in a short time-frame, maps are derived either from 0.04 or 0.02 decimal degree cells; by an automated process using polygon capture techniques (static two kilometre grid cells, alpha-hull and convex hull); or captured manually or by using topographic features (national park boundaries, islands, etc). In the early stages of the distribution mapping process (1999-early 2000s) distributions were defined by degree blocks, 100K or 250K map sheets to rapidly create distribution maps. More reliable distribution mapping methods are used to update these distributions as time permits.

Only selected species covered by the following provisions of the EPBC Act have been mapped:

- migratory and
- marine

The following species and ecological communities have not been mapped and do not appear in reports produced from this database:

- threatened species listed as extinct or considered as vagrants
- some species and ecological communities that have only recently been listed
- some terrestrial species that overfly the Commonwealth marine area
- migratory species that are very widespread, vagrant, or only occur in small numbers

The following groups have been mapped, but may not cover the complete distribution of the species:

- non-threatened seabirds which have only been mapped for recorded breeding sites
- seals which have only been mapped for breeding sites near the Australian continent

Such breeding sites may be important for the protection of the Commonwealth Marine environment.

# Coordinates

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# Acknowledgements

This database has been compiled from a range of data sources. The department acknowledges the following custodians who have contributed valuable data and advice:

- -Office of Environment and Heritage, New South Wales
- -Department of Environment and Primary Industries, Victoria
- -Department of Primary Industries, Parks, Water and Environment, Tasmania
- -Department of Environment, Water and Natural Resources, South Australia
- -Department of Land and Resource Management, Northern Territory
- -Department of Environmental and Heritage Protection, Queensland
- -Department of Parks and Wildlife, Western Australia
- -Environment and Planning Directorate, ACT
- -Birdlife Australia
- -Australian Bird and Bat Banding Scheme
- -Australian National Wildlife Collection
- -Natural history museums of Australia
- -Museum Victoria
- -Australian Museum
- -South Australian Museum
- -Queensland Museum
- -Online Zoological Collections of Australian Museums
- -Queensland Herbarium
- -National Herbarium of NSW
- -Royal Botanic Gardens and National Herbarium of Victoria
- -Tasmanian Herbarium
- -State Herbarium of South Australia
- -Northern Territory Herbarium
- -Western Australian Herbarium
- -Australian National Herbarium, Canberra
- -University of New England
- -Ocean Biogeographic Information System
- -Australian Government, Department of Defence
- Forestry Corporation, NSW
- -Geoscience Australia
- -CSIRO
- -Australian Tropical Herbarium, Cairns
- -eBird Australia
- -Australian Government Australian Antarctic Data Centre
- -Museum and Art Gallery of the Northern Territory
- -Australian Government National Environmental Science Program
- -Australian Institute of Marine Science
- -Reef Life Survey Australia
- -American Museum of Natural History
- -Queen Victoria Museum and Art Gallery, Inveresk, Tasmania
- -Tasmanian Museum and Art Gallery, Hobart, Tasmania
- -Other groups and individuals

The Department is extremely grateful to the many organisations and individuals who provided expert advice and information on numerous draft distributions.

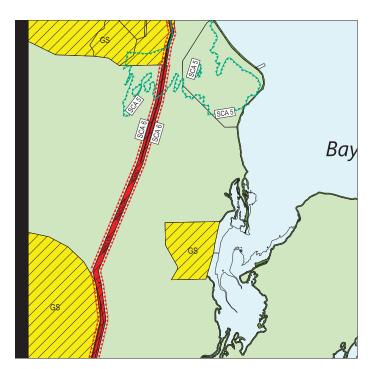
Please feel free to provide feedback via the Contact Us page.



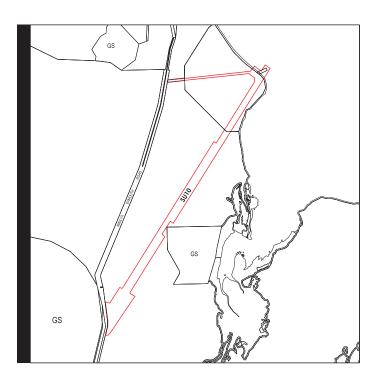
10 Bermondsey Street West Leederville WA 6007 **t** (+618) 9388 8360 **f** (+618) 9381 2360
PO BOX 14, West Perth WA 6872 **w** 360environmental.com.au **e** admin@360environmental.com.au

opeople oplanet oprofessional

## SHIRE OF EXMOUTH Local Planning Scheme No.4 Scheme Amendment Request







ZONES
SU10 SPECIAL USE ZONE





RSM Australia Pty Ltd 1 / 12 Bayly Street Geraldton WA 6530 PO Box 61 Geraldton WA 6531

> T +61 08 9920 7400 F +61 08 9920 7450

> > www.rsm.com.au

### **Minutes of Special General Meeting**

### 6<sup>th</sup> March 2019 Mandu Mandu Room Ningaloo Centre 7.00 pm

Under instructions from the Ningaloo Visitor Centre management Committee Inc RSM Australia have been engaged to conduct a Special General Meeting under the Associations Incorporation Act 2015.

Open meeting-

Meeting opened by Mr. Trevor Lake Partner RSM Australia at 7.05 pm

Role Call of Membership-

Confirmation of the attendees at the meeting was confirmed with current paid membership list.

Item 1:

Consideration of Special General Motion as endorsed by the Management Committee

"That the NVCMC agrees to:

- 1. The voluntary cancellation of the NVCMC upon completion of motions to 2 to 9 inclusive below and otherwise in accordance with the NVCMC's Rules of Association and the Associations Incorporation Act 2015 (WA);
- 2. Sell all required stock on hand to the Shire of Exmouth at cost as determined by the Shire, the remainder to be sold/disposed by the NVC;
- 3. Transfer all required plant, equipment and intellectual property rights required to continue to deliver visitor centre operations to the Shire of Exmouth at no cost;
- 4. Refund any pre-paid membership fees to NVCMC members on a pro-rata basis;

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- 5. Refund any forward booking commissions held in trust by the NVCMC as at the cancellation date of the NVCMC to the operator less commission on cash held by the NVCMC;
- 6. Fully payout all NVCMC staff entitlements up to and including the cancellation date of the NVCMC;
- 7. Retain sufficient funds to pay out all of NVCMC's current and anticipated expenses and liabilities;
- 8. Subject to motions 7 and 9, transfer, at no cost to the Shire of Exmouth, all assets (including without limitation all funds held in bank accounts, plant and equipment, intellectual property and domain ownership) to a dedicated destination development reserve fund to be administered and controlled by the Ningaloo Foundation Advisory Group, which is to be established by the Shire in accordance with section 5.8 of the Local Government Act 1995 (WA) and to be governed by the terms of reference agreed upon with the Shire of Exmouth (TOR); and
- 9. The Shire of Exmouth assuming and taking over all responsibilities for the Ningaloo visitor centre operations in accordance with the TOR."

Moved: Michael Purslow Seconded: David Gillespie

Motion Carried Unanimously

Meeting closed 7.35 pm





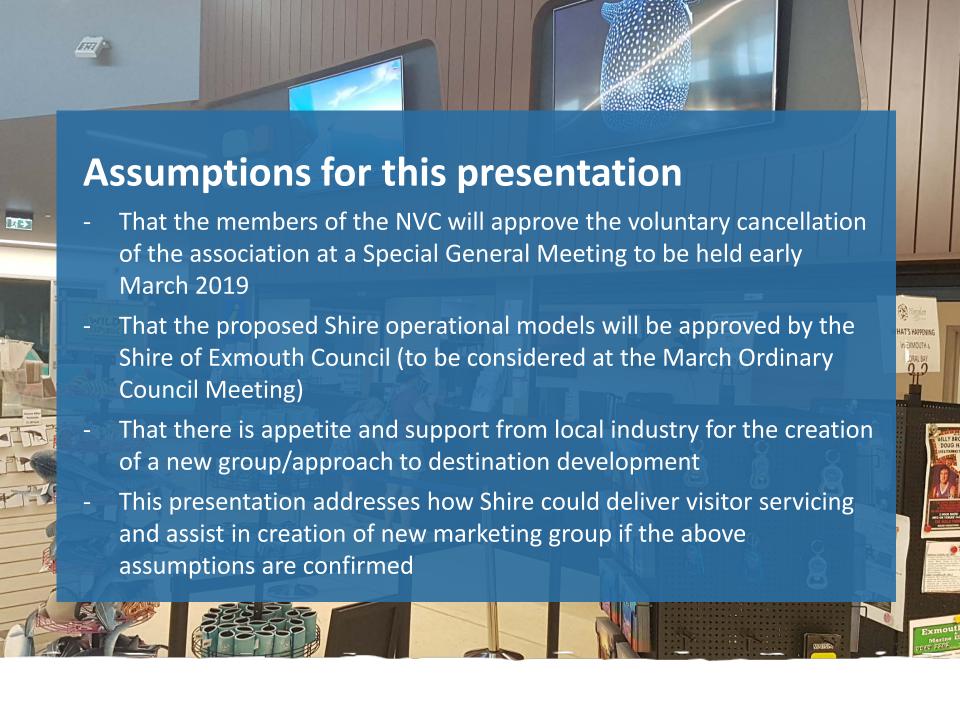
### WELCOME TO

# **Background**

- In 2017 Shire conducted independent review of Ningaloo Visitor Centre
- Kirkgate Consulting Report endorsed by Council in October 2017
- Dec 2017 Shire contracted Distinctly Travel Management (DTM) to investigate bespoke visitor servicing and destination marketing model
- DTM report presented recommendations to Council May 2018
- Council requested the Ningaloo Visitor Centre Management Committee (NVCMC) undertake greater consultation with membership
- NVCMC sought feedback from membership (June-Oct)
- At January 2019 meeting NVCMC confirmed to seek member endorsement for voluntary cancellation
- Shire potential operational models developed to replace the NVCMC

## **Context**

- All parties agree the Ningaloo Visitor Centre plays a vital role in ensuring maximum economic benefit is gained from visitors and the Shire has been a consistent and significant funder for many years.
- The NVC Management Committee believe a volunteer committee approach is no longer sustainable and the current operation cannot continue without significant Shire funding and resourcing.
- The NVC Management Committee support the proposed Shire operational models for visitor centre and destination development as set out in this presentation.
- If the Shire is to take responsibility of the Visitor Centre then the challenge will be to ensure service delivery standards are maintained whilst achieving greatest value for money for local ratepayers and businesses.





- Shire to take full responsibility of Visitor Centre including all front counter staffing, accounts, HR, IT, admin of operations for at least next 3 year period.
- Key shire operational model elements;
  - Maintain staff information services on front counter plus implement self serve digital kiosks
  - Maintain current booking service and investigate opportunity for additional booking platforms
  - Replace memberships with user pays approach for brochure racking and instore advertising fees.
  - Maintain merchandising however restock with Aquarium and visitor centre branded items to reduce competition with local retailers.
  - Work with DBCA to improve the overall visitor servicing experience to visitors to the destination and reduce duplication.

# 2. Destination Development

- Opportunity to establish a new and more effective approach to market and develop the visitor destination.
- Shire to establish the Ningaloo Foundation Advisory Group as a committee of Council with a dedicated destination development Reserve Fund.
- Its primary purpose will be to effectively promote the economic development of the Exmouth and Ningaloo visitor destination.
- The Advisory Group will comprise the technical expertise and required stakeholder representation to ensure effective strategic direction is achieved.
- Strengths of this approach;
  - Strong governance model;
  - Strong industry involvement and direction;
  - Authority to make decisions;

# **Ningaloo Foundation Advisory Group TOR**

- Modelled on the successful National Anzac Centre Advisory Group.
- High level, very strategic in focus, skills based approach.
- Shire to provide administrative and governance expertise.
- Advisory Group to comprise 6 voting members;
  - Tourism industry representatives (4 voting members 2 nominated by existing NVCMC and 2 sought by EOI)
  - Exmouth Chamber of Commerce and Industry (1 voting member)
  - Shire of Exmouth Council representative (1 voting member)
  - 1 representative from each of Australia's Coral Coast, Dept Biodiversity Conservation & Attractions, and Gascoyne Development Commission (non voting members)
- Chair to be elected from amongst 6 voting members.
- Only the Advisory Group will have delegated authority to spend funds from the dedicated destination development Reserve Fund.



Office Use Only	
TRIM:	
Grant No:	
Project Coordinator	

## **CSRFF Small Grants Application Form**

### For projects up to \$200,000 to be acquitted by 15 June 2020

render your project All applications <u>MU</u>	ST be submitted to			act your local governn	nent to determin
DLGSC Contact:	the cut-of	f date for the su Da	ate:	Office:	
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Suburb:	Exmouth	State:	: WA	Postando	6707
		State.	· VVA	Postcode:	6707
Street Address:	Murat Road		CANADA MARKA TERRETA MARKAMAN		
Suburb:	Exmouth	State:	, WA	Postcode:	6707
Preferred Contact P		eted to this person	n		
Name:	Derek Nunn	Title: Mr			1971 to 671 that Children de Children and American and Am
Position Held:	President				
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Mobile Phone:	0447 891480	од 1900-1908 (1900-1904) Бенгийн одон останог, остано настологийн очин останости.	Email:	exsquashclub@	<u> ⊋gmail.com</u>
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Contact:	Taryn Ryan			Title: Dr ☐Mr	☐Mrs☐ Ms⊠
Position Held:	Community Devel	opment Officer			
Business Phone:	9949 3032	and the second s	Facsimile:	f	and the second s
	1		reactor described and the form of the control of the later and a second	cdo@exmouth.wa.g	////// 18.//8/4du/du-b- ***********************************

PROJECT DETAILS
Project Title (brief and specific): Replacement of two (2) squash court floors
Project Description:
Replace two existing squash court floors that have been damaged by termite infestation.
How did you establish a need for your project?
Termite damage visible and confirmed by local pest control agent.
What alternatives were considered and why were they rejected (e.g cost, suitability, feasibility)?

Have the full lifecycle costs of the project been considered and can you afford the ongoing costs of managing, maintaining and replacing the facility? Will a specific asset replacement fund be created?

Yes. Generally speaking the Club has maintained the facility under the present arrangement successfully dating back as far as the early 1990's. In fact, the Club has demonstrably increased the net worth of the facility, specifically by financing the building of additional courts in the late 90's and continues to have a good long-term working relationship with the owners of the premises.

This particular project is a little different. It does not represent a maintenance issue as such and is a case of repair necessary due to unforeseen damage, the net effect of which has reduced the capacity of the facility by 50% (two of four courts non-operational), which has had a huge impact on participants over the last 12 months. It also negates the Club's ability to host and build on previous events, such as the Exmouth NW Junior Championship that was so successful in 2017

Aside from repeat termite damage, which as a priority this project will look to minimise the chance of re-occurrence so far as it tractably is possible, the ongoing costs associated with the floors is minimal. The current floors are 20+ years old and were laid at the same times as those on our other two courts. These remain in perfect condition and there is no reason they will not last another 20+ years or more. Termite damage aside, the only other damage that could realistically be anticipated would be as a result of flooding, and this would be covered by building insurance.

Project location:	Exmouth WA 6707		
Land ownership:	Who owns the land on which your facility will be located? The Shire of Exmouth Lease Expiry (if applicable):		
Planning approvals		If no, provide the date it w	vill be applied for:
Where applicable, has planning permission been granted? (LGA) NA//			//
Aboriginal Heritage Act? NA			
Department of Biodiversity, Conservation and Attractions? (Environmental, Swan River)		NA	
Native Vegetation Clearing Permit?		NA	//
Please list any other approvals that are required?		NA	//

### How will your project increase physical activity?

There are no viable alternatives.

Squash ranks as one of the healthiest sports in terms of providing a cardio respiratory workout. It builds muscular strength in the lower body and can improve flexibility ion the core and back. A game usually lasts for 45-60 minutes and participation costs, like on-going maintenance costs of the facility, are minimal. Courts are available for use 24/7 year-round, and members and the general public are able to access facilities using tokens purchased locally to operate the lights and air conditioners. Being played on an indoor court local weather conditions are irrelevant. Squash can be played from a young age, and the Club cater for competition and social play, with a specific junior program.

Squash has historically been a popular game in Exmouth, and the Exmouth Squash Club has enjoyed an active and friendly social outlet for many players of all levels. On occasion the club has entered teams in national events in the

NW of WA, and hosted similar events in Exmouth, resulting in forming a close-knit community throughout a number of clubs.

At the other end of the scale, the Club is affiliated with WA Squash, who offer support by way of various programs (including a school's program), and the Exmouth Squash Club have had representatives selected for the WA Squash Junior State Squad every year since 2008. Many selected many players have gone on to represent the state and play in the Australian Junior Championships.

Do you share your facility with other groups? No

List the main sport and recreation activities (maximum of 3) which will benefit from your proposal. Please indicate the approximate % usage of the facility (or part of the facility relating to this proposal).

Sport/community organisation	% use of the facility	Hours per week
Squash / Exmouth Squash Club	80	32
Squash / General Public	20	8

Activity/sport membership numbers over the past three years relevant to your project. For example, if a bowls project, golf members not relevant; social membership numbers not applicable.

Note: if membership is not applicable, ie recreation facility or aquatic centre, enter the number of users of the facility.

2016/17	200+	2017/18	150	2018/19	35

State Sporting Associations are involved in the assessment of applications and may be able to provide valuable information when planning you project, particularly in relation to technical design issues. They should be consulted as part of the application process. A complete list of State Sporting Associations and their contact details are is available on the department's website: <a href="http://www.dsr.wa.gov.au/contact-us/find-a-sport-or-recreation-association">http://www.dsr.wa.gov.au/contact-us/find-a-sport-or-recreation-association</a>

What is the name of the State Sporting Associa	ation for your activity/sport?
WA Squash	
Have you discussed your project with your Sta	te Sporting Association? Yes
Contact Name: Neil Butler	Date of contact: Numerous, but last contact 21/02/2019

### PROJECT DELIVERY

Please indicate key milestones of your project. The key milestones need to be realistic and demonstrate that the project can be delivered in the timeframe.

Task	Date
Attainment of Council approvals	Pending
Preparation of tender/quotes for the major works contract	Complete
Issuing of tender for major works	Complete
Signing of major works contract	Immediately on confirmation of available funding
Site works commence	Demolition and pest control can start immediately following receipt of confirmation of available funding.
Construction of project starts	Court floor installation starts approx. 14 weeks from confirmation of available funding.
Project 50% complete	Floor installation 5-7 days in total
Project Completed	7 days from commencement of floor installation.
Project hand over and acquittal	Immediately on completion of flooring.

Are there any operational constraints that would impact on the construction phase of your project? (such as your sporting season, major annual event or inclement weather) – provide details. Projects that are delayed due to undeclared known constraints are not eligible for a deferral. No

### **GST**

Grant payments are payable to the applicant/grantee only. This may have taxation implications for grantees. If grantees wish specific advice relating to their grant, this can be obtained from the Australian Taxation Office (ATO). Please note depending upon the value of the project and/or grant, the ATO may require an organisation be registered for GST. If the applicant is registered for GST, the grant is grossed up with the GST amount.

### PRIVACY STATEMENT AND STATEMENT OF DISCLOSURE

The Organisation acknowledges and agrees that this Application and information regarding it is subject to the *Freedom of Information Act 1992* and that the Grantor may publicly disclose information in relation to this Application, including its terms and the details of the Organisation.

Any information provided by you to DLGSC can be accessed by you during standard office hours and updated by writing to DLGSC or calling (08) 9492 9700. All information provided on this form and gathered throughout the assessment process will be stored on a database that will only be accessed by authorised departmental personnel and is subject to privacy restrictions.

DLGSC may wish to provide certain information to the media for promotional purposes. The information will only include the applicant's club name, sport, location, grant purpose and grant amount.

### APPLICANT'S CERTIFICATION

I certify that the information supplied is to the best of my knowledge, true and correct.

Name:	Derek Nunn				
ivallie.	President of Exmouth Squash Club				
Position Held:					

Signature:			
	26/02/19		
Date:			

### LODGEMENT OF YOUR APPLICATION

- Applications including all attachments are to be received electronically and officially submitted to
   <u>csrff@dlgsc.wa.gov.au</u> by the cut off date. A hard copy can also be provided and should be clipped at
   the top left-hand corner, please do not bind.
- It is recommended that you retain your completed application form, including attachments for your own records and future audit purposes.
- All attachments and supporting documentation (see next section) should be clearly named and identified and submitted with the application form.
- Applications must be submitted to your Local Government Authority by the Local Government's advertised cut-off date to ensure inclusion at the relevant Council Meeting.

The following documentation must be included with your application. Applicants may wish to supply additional RELEVANT information.

_		Committee of the Commit	ACC.	ccc.
G	rants	up to	300.	:000

Χ	Application form.
Χ	Incorporation Certificate.
Χ	Two written quotes.
	If your project involves the upgrade of an existing facility, include <b>photograph/s</b> of this facility.
	Locality map, site map and building plans (in relevant constructions projects), including where the proposed facility is located in relation to other sport and recreation infrastructure.
	Income and expenditure statements for the current and next financial years. (LGAs exempted).
	Written confirmation of financial commitments from other sources including copies of council minutes. (If a club is contributing financially then evidence of their cash at hand must be provided).
	For resurfacing projects, a written guarantee from the supplier of the product that clearly identifies the product's life expectancy.
	Itemised project cost for components and identified on the relevant quote for each (including cost escalation).
	For floodlighting projects, a <b>lighting plan</b> must be supplied showing lux, configuration and sufficient power supply

### Your application will be considered not eligible if:

- You have not discussed your project with the Department of Local Government, Sport and Cultural Industries and your State Sporting Association.
- · You do not meet the eligibility criteria for the grant category to which you are applying.
- You have not included with your application all the relevant required supporting documentation. There is no onus on Department staff to pursue missing documentation.
- Applicants/projects that have received a CSRFF grant in the past and have not satisfactorily acquitted
  that grant. In some cases this may apply to localities where other significant projects have not been
  progressed or have not completed a previous project in accordance with the conditions of the grant
  provided. An assessment will be made in November and if no physical progress has occurred, new
  applications may not be recommended.
- It is not on the correct application form.
- The project for which application is made is specifically excluded from receiving CSRFF support.

### **DEVELOPMENT BONUS APPLICANTS ONLY**

If you applied for a CSRFF grant for more than one third of the cost of the project, please provide evidence of meeting at least one of the following criteria.

You MUST contact your local DLGSC office to determine eligibility before applying.

Category		Details
Geographical location	Regional/remote location	Exmouth is located 1300 kilometres north of Perth and is located above the 26th Parallel within the Gascoyne Region and is classified as a remote location
Co-location	New	
	Existing	
	Water saving	
Sustainability initiative	Energy reduction	
	Other	
20 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	New participants	
	Existing participants –	
Increased participation	higher level	
	Special interest	
	Other	

# PROJECT BUDGET

# ESTIMATED EXPENDITURE

Please itemise the components of your project in the table below, indicating their cost and which quote or part of quote was used to estimate this. Quantity Surveyor costs will be accepted however the responsibility lies with the applicant to ensure the validity of the information. A contingency allowance is considered an acceptable component. PLEASE ITEMISE BY COMPONENT (e.g changerooms, storage, kitchen) rather than materials (electrician, plumber, finishings).

ie Flectrical Works	2000		
	25,000	27,500	B & S Electrical
Pest control	8000	8800	Capricorn Pest Control (NB: Only Pest Control provider in Exmouth)
Floors	52000	57200	CourtTech (NB: Very specialist service, none located in WA)
Donated materials (Please provide cost breakdown)			
Volunteer labour (Please provide cost breakdown)			
Sub Total	00009	00099	
Cost escalation			Please explain amount used
a) Total project expenditure	00009 e	00099	

- At least two written quotes are required for each component.
- If your project is a floodlighting installation or upgrades, please ensure that the power supply is sufficient and no upgrade will be required. If upgrade is required and not budgeted for, the grant will immediately be withdrawn. A **lighting plan** must be supplied showing lux and configuration.
  - Projects that do not meet Australian Standards are ineligible for funding.

# PROJECT FUNDING

Source of funding	\$Amount ex GST	\$ Amount inc GST		Funding confirmed Y / N	Comments to support claim (please attach relevant support)
Local government	15000	16500	LGA cash and in-kind		
Applicant cash	15000	16500	Organisation's cash		
Volunteer labour			Cannot exceed applicant cash and LGA contribution – max \$50,000		
Donated materials			Cannot exceed applicant cash and LGA contribution		
Other State Government funding					
Federal Government funding					
Other funding – to be listed			Loans, sponsorship etc		
CSRFF request (No Development Bonus)			up to 1/3 project cost	z	
or CSRFF request (Development Bonus)	30000	33000	Up to ½ project cost	Z	
b) Total project funding	00009	00099	This should equal project expenditure as listed on the previous page	expenditure as list	ed on the previous page
REQUIRED: If the funding approved is less than funding requested for this project, or the project is more expensive than indicated, where would the extra funds be sourced from? Is this funding confirmed? If the project scope would be reduced, which components would be revisited?	ess than fu nding conf	inding reque	sted for this project, or the project is project scope would be reduced, wh	more expensive ich components	than indicated, where would the would be revisited?
Funding is not confirmed and is subject to Council endorsement at the March Ordinary Council Meeting and also a successful CSRFF application outcome.	ncil endorsen	nent at the Ma	rch Ordinary Council Meeting and also a suo	cessful CSRFF app	ication outcome.

# GST

Grant payments are payable to the applicant/grantee only. This may have taxation implications for grantees. If grantees wish specific advice relating to their grant, this can be obtained from the Australian Taxation Office (ATO). Please note depending upon the value of the project and/or grant, the ATO may require an organisation be registered for GST. If the applicant is registered for GST, the grant is grossed up with the GST amount.

### PROJECT ASSESSMENT SHEET

This page is for the use of the relevant Local Government Authority to be used for both community and LGA projects. Please **attach copies of council minutes** relevant to the project approval.

Name of Local Gove	rnment Authority: Shire of Exmouth	
Name of Applicant:	Exmouth Squash Club	

Note: The applicant's name cannot be changed once the application is lodged at DLGSC.

### Section A

The CSRFF principles have been considered and the following assessment is provided: (Please include below your assessment of how the applicant has addressed the following criteria)

All applications Unsatisfactory Not relevant Satisfactory M Project justification П  $\boxtimes$ Planned approach  $\boxtimes$ П Community input  $\boxtimes$ П Management planning  $\boxtimes$ П Access and opportunity  $\boxtimes$ Design M  $\Box$ Financial viability X Co-ordination  $\boxtimes$ П Potential to increase Physical activity M Sustainability

### **Section B**

Priority r	ranking of no of applications	2 of 2 applications received				
Is this p	roject consistent with the					
	planning and building approvals ven for this project?	⊠ Yes □ No				
lf no, wh	If no, what approvals are still outstanding?					
Project F	Project Rating (Please tick the most appropriate box to describe the project)					
Α	Well planned and needed by municipality					
В	Well planned and needed by applicant ⊠					
С	C Needed by municipality, more planning required					
D	Needed by applicant, more planning required					
Ε	E Idea has merit, more planning work needed					
F Not recommended						

Please complete the questions attached. This assessment is an important part of the CSRFF process and your answers to these questions assist the committee make their recommendations, even if you are the applicant. Please provide a summary of any attachments in your assessment, rather than referring to attachments or external documents such as Council Minutes.

1. Please confirm your contribution to the project, whether it has been formally approved (including financial year for which it is approved) and any conditions on the funding. If no funding has been provided, why not?

The Shire of Exmouth's contribution to the project has not been formally approved and is pending Council approval at the March Ordinary Council Meeting. The Shire of Exmouth's Council Policy 4.2 states Council will provide 25% of the total estimated project costs if the CSRFF application is successful.

2. A) If a community group application: Do you believe the project is financially viable, including the applicant's ability to provide upfront contributions, ongoing payments and contributions to an asset replacement fund. Does council commit to underwriting any shortfalls as the ultimate asset owner?

The Shire of Exmouth believes the project is financially viable including the applicant's ability to provide upfront contributions. Yes, as the asset owner Council undertakes to cover any shortfalls.

- B) If a council application: Is Council fully aware of the ongoing cost of operating and maintaining this facility and does your organisation have the capacity to service it into the future? How are the user groups contributing to the ongoing cost of operating the facility?
- 3. Please provide any additional comments regarding this applications merit against the assessment criteria to support your project rating and ranking.

Signed Position Date

Applications for CSRFF funding must be submitted to your Department of Local Government, Sport and Cultural Industries office by **4pm on 29 March 2019.** Late applications cannot be accepted in any circumstances.

**DLGSC OFFICES** 



Office Use Only	
TRIM:	_
Grant No:	
Project Coordinator	=====

# **CSRFF Small Grants Application Form**

For projects t	ip to \$200,00	U LO	pe a	icqu	IIIIea	by 15 June 2020	
and Cultural Industr render your project	ies office before co ineligible. <u>ST</u> be submitted to	mpletin your lo	ng and	subm	nitting y nent. Co	Department of Local Government of Local Government of Local government of applications.	do so will
DLGSC Contact: Ber	nita Donda			Date:	08/02/2	019 Office: Carnar	/on
Applicant's Details:						entre de la companya	
Organisation Name:	Exmouth Tennis C	lub Inc		mens is been recommended	***************************************		narinas nada nada diga da
Postal Address:	PO Box 147			***************************************			
Suburb:	Exmouth	State:			WA	Postcode:	6707
Street Address:	Willersdorf Avenue	e					
Suburb:	Exmouth	State:			WA	Postcode:	6707
Preferred Contact P		ted to th	is pers	son	need to the control of the control o		
Name:	Steve Foster	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,				Title: Dr ☐Mr [	⊠Mrs□ Ms□
Position Held:	President						
Business Phone:	08 99493000	indere en de minime de la	(	gagoni iya, gargag ar nasiyi	Facsi	mile:	All
Mobile Phone:	0409437244				Email	: building@exmo	uth.wa.gov.au
Organisation Busin	ess Details:						
Does your organisatio	n have an ABN?	Yes	$\boxtimes$	No		ABN: 18773422547	
Is your organisation re	ganisation registered for GST? Yes  No  No  Note, in order to be eligible for funding yo						
Is your organisation n	ot-for-profit?	Yes	×	No		attach a copy of the Incorporation Certificate. LG. exempt	
Is your organisation in	corporated?	Yes	$\boxtimes$	No		Incorporation #: A824092	*
Bank details:		Bank:	West	pac		BSB: 036-180 A/c:	36-0541
Local Government /	Authority Details:						
LGA:	Shire Of Exmouth						The States and the Auditorian and Auditorian a
Contact:	Taryn Ryan					Title: Dr ☐Mr [	_Mrs□ Ms⊠
Position Held:	Community Develo	pment	Officer	•			
Business Phone:	9949 3000			Fa	csimile:		
Mobile Phone:				En	nail:	cdo@exmouth.wa.g	ov.au

PROJECT DETAILS							
Project Title (brief and	Project Title (brief and specific): Tennis Court Lighting Upgrade						
Project Description:	Project Description:						
To replace 6 lighting to	wers with 4 new towers and LED lighting & high	pressure tennis court surface					
How did you establish a need for your project?  The lighting towers are badly corroded at the base and need to be replaced also the centre poles do not have the							
required setback to me	required setback to meet the current Australian Standard. It is our intention to remove the centre poles and replace the outer poles with upgraded LED lighting to comply with the current standards and Lux required.						
The Exmouth Tennis Club has 5 courts but are looking only refurbishing the lighting towers to 2 courts reason being the tennis club built the clubrooms and courts, we are looking to possibly surrender 3 courts for basketball and netball for them to refurbish and use, In turn we will combine all three clubs into a sporting association which all have equal use of clubrooms & profits and make for a vibrant sporting complex, this proposal is in very early stages at the moment.							
What alternatives were considered and why were they rejected (e.g cost, suitability, feasibility)?							
To remove the corroded lighting towers and have no lights on tennis court. This is not suitable because we are in the North West and temperatures during the day often exceed over 40 which would make the courts unplayable, and without lights unable to play at night in cooler hours.							
Have the full lifecycle costs of the project been considered and can you afford the ongoing costs of managing, maintaining and replacing the facility? Will a specific asset replacement fund be created?							
The existing towers have been there for 30 years and have been through numerous cyclones, we would expect that the new towers to have similar life expectancy with minimal maintenance required.							
Project location:	Willersdorf Road						
Land aumanahini	Crown Management Order Shire of Exmouth						
Land ownership:	Lease Expiry (if applicable): Ongoing with Exmouth Tennis Club Inc.						
Planning approvals	N/A	If no, provide the date it will be applied for:					
Where applicable, ha	s planning permission been granted? (LGA)	Yes					
Aboriginal Heritage A		Yes					
Department of Biodiv (Environmental, Swan	versity, Conservation and Attractions? River)	Yes					
Native Vegetation Cle	earing Permit?	Yes					
Please list any other	Please list any other approvals that are required?  Yes No						
How will your project tennis at night	t increase physical activity? The project will in	crease physical activity by being able to play					
for hire and currently u	cility with other groups? Yes  No  sed 5 days a week for yoga and have been used  courts are available for hire to general public and	previously for Dance, taekwondo &					

List the main sport and recreation activities (maximum of 3) which will benefit from your proposal. Please indicate the approximate % usage of the facility (or part of the facility relating to this proposal).

Sport/commu	nity organisation	% use of th	ne facility	Hours per w	eek	
Exmouth Tenn	is Club	100		14		
golf members no	embership numbers ove ot relevant; social mem	bership numbers not	applicable.			, ,
2016/17	rship is not applicable,	2017/18	43	2018/19	or users or tr	ne racility.
information whe part of the applic	associations are involvent planning you project, cation process. A compose website: <a href="http://www.decelor.org/linearing-recorder-right">http://www.decelor.org/linearing-right</a>	particularly in relation lete list of State Spor	n to technical o ting Associatio	design issues. They sons and their contact of	hould be cor details are is	nsulted as
What is the na	ıme of the State Spor	ting Association for	your activity	/sport?		
Tennis West						
Have you disc	ussed your project w	ith your State Sport	ing Associati	on? Yes 🛚	No	
Contact Name:	Kent Burton	THE PART OF THE PA	Date of conta	act: 7 March 2019	······································	(MICOCOMMINATE AND ASSESSMENT OF THE SECOND

### PROJECT DELIVERY

Please indicate key milestones of your project. The key milestones need to be realistic and demonstrate that the project can be delivered in the timeframe.

Task	Date
Attainment of Council approvals	Pending March OCM
Preparation of tender/quotes for the major works contract	Immediately following funding approval
Issuing of tender for major works	N/A
Signing of major works contract	N/A
Site works commence	Within 1 month of release of funding
Construction of project starts	N/A
Project 50% complete	3 months of commencement of works
Project Completed	6 months of commencement of works
Project hand over and acquittal	6 months following funding agreement

Are there any operational constraints that would impact on the construction phase of your project? (such as your sporting season, major annual event or inclement weather) – provide details. Projects that are delayed due to undeclared known constraints are not eligible for a deferral. No

### **GST**

Grant payments are payable to the applicant/grantee only. This may have taxation implications for grantees. If grantees wish specific advice relating to their grant, this can be obtained from the Australian Taxation Office (ATO). Please note depending upon the value of the project and/or grant, the ATO may require an organisation be registered for GST. If the applicant is registered for GST, the grant is grossed up with the GST amount.

### PRIVACY STATEMENT AND STATEMENT OF DISCLOSURE

The Organisation acknowledges and agrees that this Application and information regarding it is subject to the *Freedom of Information Act 1992* and that the Grantor may publicly disclose information in relation to this Application, including its terms and the details of the Organisation.

Any information provided by you to DLGSC can be accessed by you during standard office hours and updated by writing to DLGSC or calling (08) 9492 9700. All information provided on this form and gathered throughout the assessment process will be stored on a database that will only be accessed by authorised departmental personnel and is subject to privacy restrictions.

DLGSC may wish to provide certain information to the media for promotional purposes. The information will only include the applicant's club name, sport, location, grant purpose and grant amount.

### APPLICANT'S CERTIFICATION

I certify that the information supplied is to the best of my knowledge, true and correct.

	Steve Foster
Name:	President Exmouth Tennis Club
Position Held:	
Signature:	
Date:	

Our whole Community wins

### LODGEMENT OF YOUR APPLICATION

- Applications including all attachments are to be received electronically and officially submitted to
   <u>csrff@dlgsc.wa.gov.au</u> by the cut off date. A hard copy can also be provided and should be clipped at
   the top left-hand corner, please do not bind.
- It is recommended that you retain your completed application form, including attachments for your own records and future audit purposes.
- All attachments and supporting documentation (see next section) should be clearly named and identified and submitted with the application form.
- Applications must be submitted to your Local Government Authority by the Local Government's
  advertised cut-off date to ensure inclusion at the relevant Council Meeting.

The following documentation must be included with your application. Applicants may wish to supply additional RELEVANT information.

Gran	nts	un	to	\$1	66.	66	66

Application form.
Incorporation Certificate.
Two written quotes.
If your project involves the upgrade of an existing facility, include <b>photograph/s</b> of this facility.
Locality map, site map and building plans (in relevant constructions projects), including where the proposed facility is located in relation to other sport and recreation infrastructure.
Income and expenditure statements for the current and next financial years. (LGAs exempted).
Written confirmation of financial commitments from other sources including copies of council minutes. (If a club is contributing financially then evidence of their cash at hand must be provided).
For resurfacing projects, a written guarantee from the supplier of the product that clearly identifies the product's life expectancy.
Itemised project cost for components and identified on the relevant quote for each (including cost escalation).
For floodlighting projects, a <b>lighting plan</b> must be supplied showing lux, configuration and sufficient power supply

### Your application will be considered not eligible if:

- You have not discussed your project with the Department of Local Government, Sport and Cultural Industries and your State Sporting Association.
- · You do not meet the eligibility criteria for the grant category to which you are applying.
- You have not included with your application all the relevant required supporting documentation. There
  is no onus on Department staff to pursue missing documentation.
- Applicants/projects that have received a CSRFF grant in the past and have not satisfactorily acquitted
  that grant. In some cases this may apply to localities where other significant projects have not been
  progressed or have not completed a previous project in accordance with the conditions of the grant
  provided. An assessment will be made in November and if no physical progress has occurred, new
  applications may not be recommended.
- It is not on the correct application form.
- The project for which application is made is specifically excluded from receiving CSRFF support.

### **DEVELOPMENT BONUS APPLICANTS ONLY**

If you applied for a CSRFF grant for more than one third of the cost of the project, please provide evidence of meeting at least one of the following criteria.

You MUST contact your local DLGSC office to determine eligibility before applying.

Category		Details
Geographical location	Regional/remote location Growth local government	Exmouth 6707 WA
Co-location	New Existing	
Sustainability initiative	Water saving Energy reduction Other	Replacing Halide Lights with LED Power consumption saving lights
Increased participation	New participants  Existing participants – higher level  Special interest  Other	Lighting will lead to increased participation as players can play at night.

# PROJECT BUDGET

# **ESTIMATED EXPENDITURE**

Please itemise the components of your project in the table below, indicating their cost and which quote or part of quote was used to estimate this. Quantity Surveyor progressing the responsibility lies with the applicant to ensure the validity of the information. A continuous the responsibility lies with the applicant to ensure the validity of the information.

Project Description detailed breakdown of project to be supplied	\$ Cost ex GST	\$ Cost inc GST	Quote Used (list company name and quote no)
ie Electrical Works	25,000	27,500	B & S Electrical
Quote 1			
Removal of existing light poles Installation of new lighting poles	0506\$	\$9955	CJ Lord Building & Renovation
Transport	\$2400	\$2640	Jackhaul Haulage Contractors
Supply & Insulation Lighting Poles & LED Lights	\$35114.55	\$38626	Network Power Solutions
Incidentals	\$1000	\$1100	Estimated
Quote 1 Total	\$47564.55	\$52321	
Quote 2			
Removal of existing light poles Installation of new lighting poles	\$9587	\$10545.70	Norcape Building Company
Transport	\$2600	\$2860	Toll Logistics
Supply Power poles & LED Lighting	\$30146.40	\$33161.04	Mondoluce Pty LTD
Electrical Quote decommissioning & Insulation	\$8451.48	\$9296.63	ERA Contracting
Incidentals	\$1000	\$1100	Estimated
Quote 2 Total	\$51784.88	\$56963.37	
Donated materials (Please provide cost breakdown)			
Volunteer labour (Please provide cost breakdown) High pressure wash tennis courts 100 hrs \$35	\$3181	\$3500	

Cost escalation a) Total project expenditure \$50745.55 \$5821 Please explain amount used	Sub Total				
Total project expenditure \$50745.55		Cost escalation			
	a)	Total project expenditure	\$50745.55	\$55821	Please explain amount used

- At least **two written quotes** are required for each component.
  If your project is a floodlighting installation or upgrades, please ensure that the power supply is sufficient and no upgrade will be required. If upgrade is required and not budgeted for, the grant will immediately be withdrawn. A **lighting plan** must be supplied showing lux and configuration.
  Projects that do not meet **Australian Standards** are ineligible for funding.

# PROJECT FUNDING

Source of funding	\$Amount ex GST	\$ Amount inc GST		Funding confirmed Y / N	Comments to support claim (please attach relevant support)
Local government	\$11095.88	\$12205.25	LGA cash and in-kind		
Applicant cash	\$11095.88	\$12205.25	Organisation's cash		
Volunteer labour	\$3181	\$3500	Cannot exceed applicant cash and LGA contribution – max \$50,000		
Donated materials			Cannot exceed applicant cash and LGA contribution		
Other State Government funding					
Federal Government funding					
Other funding - to be listed			Loans, sponsorship etc		
CSRFF request (No Development Bonus)			up to 1/3 project cost	z	
or CSRFF request (Development Bonus)	\$25372.77	\$27910.50	Up to 1/2 project cost	Z	
b) Total project funding	\$50745.55	\$55821	This should equal project expenditure as listed on the previous page	expenditure as list	ed on the previous page
REQUIRED: If the funding approved is less than funding requested for this project, or the project is more expensive than indicated, where would the extra funds be sourced from? Is this funding confirmed? If the project scope would be reduced, which components would be revisited?	less than fu unding confi	inding reque	sted for this project, or the project is project scope would be reduced, whi	more expensive	than indicated, where would th would be revisited?
No additional funding should be required as the project has been fully costed.	ne project has	been fully cost	9d.		

No additional funding should be required as the project has been fully costed.

No, the project is pending council endorsement at the March Ordinary Council Meeting and subject to a successful CSRFF application outcome.

Grant payments are payable to the applicant/grantee only. This may have taxation implications for grantees. If grantees wish specific advice relating to their grant, this can be obtained from the Australian Taxation Office (ATO). Please note depending upon the value of the project and/or grant, the ATO may require an organisation be registered for GST. If the applicant is registered for GST, the grant is grossed up with the GST amount.

#### PROJECT ASSESSMENT SHEET

This page is for the use of the relevant Local Government Authority to be used for both community and LGA projects. Please attach copies of council minutes relevant to the project approval.

Name of Local Government Authority: Shire of Exmouth			
Name of Applicant:	Exmouth Tennis Club		

Note: The applicant's name cannot be changed once the application is lodged at DLGSC.

#### Section A

The CSRFF principles have been considered and the following assessment is provided: (Please include below your assessment of how the applicant has addressed the following criteria)

All applications

	Satisfactory	Unsatisfactory	Not relevant
Project justification	$\boxtimes$		
Planned approach	$\boxtimes$		
Community input	$\boxtimes$		
Management planning	$\boxtimes$		
Access and opportunity	$\boxtimes$		
Design	$\boxtimes$		
Financial viability	$\boxtimes$		
Co-ordination	$\boxtimes$		
Potential to increase Physical activity	$\boxtimes$		
Sustainability			

#### Section B

Е

Prior recei	ity ranking of no of applications ved	1 of 2 applications received	
ls thi	s project consistent with the		
	all planning and building approvals given for this project?	⊠ Yes □ No	
lf no	what approvals are still outstanding?		
Proje	ct Rating (Please tick the most appro	priate box to describe the project)	
Α	Well planned and needed by munic	cipality $\square$	
В	B Well planned and needed by applicant		
C Needed by municipality, more planning required			
D	D Needed by applicant, more planning required		

Please complete the questions attached. This assessment is an important part of the CSRFF process and your answers to these questions assist the committee make their recommendations, even if you are the applicant. Please provide a summary of any attachments in your assessment, rather than referring to attachments or external documents such as Council Minutes.

Idea has merit, more planning work needed

Not recommended

1. Please confirm your contribution to the project, whether it has been formally approved (including financial year for which it is approved) and any conditions on the funding. If no funding has been provided, why not?

The Shire of Exmouth supports the Exmouth Tennis Club's application for funding through the CSRFF scheme. The Shire of Exmouth's contribution to the project has not been formally approved and is pending Council approval at the March Ordinary Council Meeting. The Shire of Exmouth's Council Policy 4.2 states Council will provide 25% of the total estimated project costs if the CSRFF application is successful.

2. A) If a community group application: Do you believe the project is financially viable, including the applicant's ability to provide upfront contributions, ongoing payments and contributions to an asset replacement fund. Does council commit to underwriting any shortfalls as the ultimate asset owner?

The Shire of Exmouth believes the project is financially viable including the applicant's ability to provide upfront contributions and ongoing costs. Yes, as the asset owner Council undertakes to cover any shortfalls.

B) If a council application: Is Council fully aware of the ongoing cost of operating and maintaining this facility and does your organisation have the capacity to service it into the future? How are the user groups contributing to the ongoing cost of operating the facility?

3. Please provide any additional comments regarding this applications merit against the assessment criteria to support your project rating and ranking.

Signed Position Date

Applications for CSRFF funding must be submitted to your Department of Local Government, Sport and Cultural Industries office by **4pm on 29 March 2019**. Late applications cannot be accepted in any circumstances.

**DLGSC OFFICES** 



# Community Perceptions Survey 2018 Results Summary

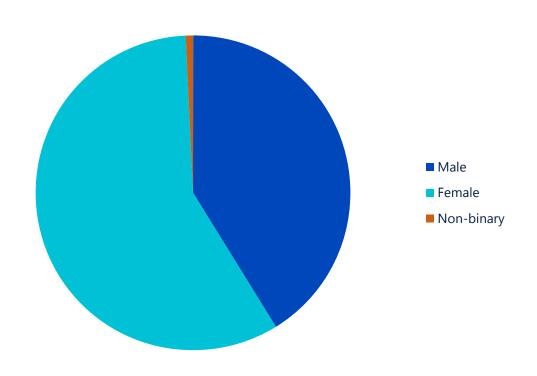


# Our survey approach

The Community Perceptions Survey gathers feedback from the community on how the Shire has performed and what our priorities should be in the future based on community views.

- 347 responses (272 complete);
- Information sources included social media, notice boards, direct mail and mall information stalls;
- 85% of responses were collected via the Shire of Exmouth Facebook page and website with the remaining 15% via e-mail, mobile and kiosk links and hard copy.

# Sample size

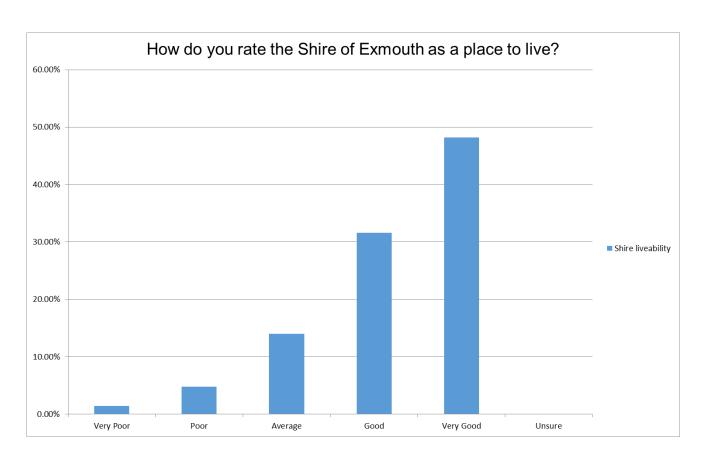


Male: 41% Female: 58% Non-binary 1%

# Sample size by age:

18-24	0.37%	1
25-34	14.71%	40
35-44	32.72%	89
45-54	23.90%	65
55-64	17.28%	47
65+	11.03%	30

# **Opinions about the Shire**



- **31.6%** of people surveyed think Exmouth is a good place to live
- 48.2% per cent of people think Exmouth is a very good place to live
- Overall, almost 94% think Exmouth is an average or better place to live
- 27.2% of people think Exmouth is a better or much better place to live than 12 months ago.
- 48% think it is the same and 21.2% believe it is a worse place to live than 12 months ago.

# What are the best things about Exmouth





SAFETY AND

SECURITY



SENSE OF COMMUNITY



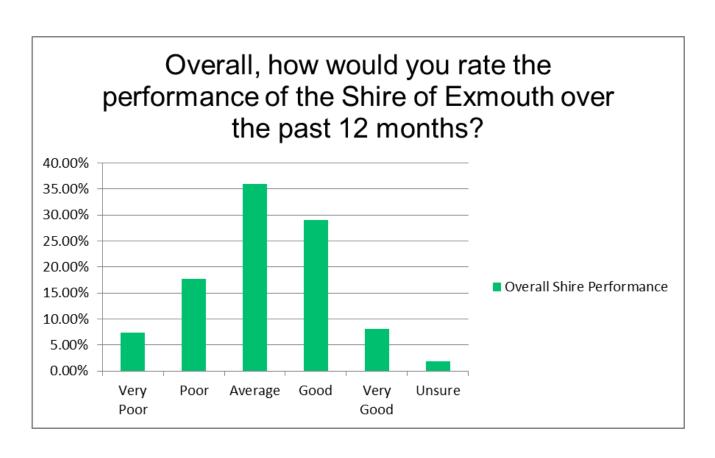
Livibility factors were given a weighted score out of 5: The best things about Exmouth were identified as:

- 1. Natural environment: 4.35/5
- 2. Safety and Security: 4/5
- 3. Sense of Community: 3.5/5
- 4 Leisure, sport and entertainment: 3.5/5

The worst things were:

- 1. Cost of living: 2/5
- 2. Job prospects: 2.3/5
- 3. Access to health services 2.8/5

# **Opinions about the Shire**



- 8% of people surveyed rate the overall Shire performance as very good
- 29% rate Shire performance as good
- Overall, **73%** rate Shire performance as average to very good.

# Services measured

Recycling

Tantbiddi / Bundegi boat ramps

Mosquito control

Prevention of illegal dumping

Foreshore and beach amenities

Tracks and trails

Dog / Cat control

Street litter clean up

Household bin collections

Ningaloo Centre

Financial responsibility

Footpaths and cycleways

Town planning approvals

Provision/maintenance of public toilets

Community events

Airport services

Parks, gardens and open spaces

Streetscape and verges

Spray park

Cemetery

Community consultation/engagement

Tip services

Locals roads

Sports facilities (Hard courts/ovals)

**Building approvals** 

Prevention of illegal camping

Town centre amenities

Swimming pool

Library

# Gap analysis



# Performing above expectations



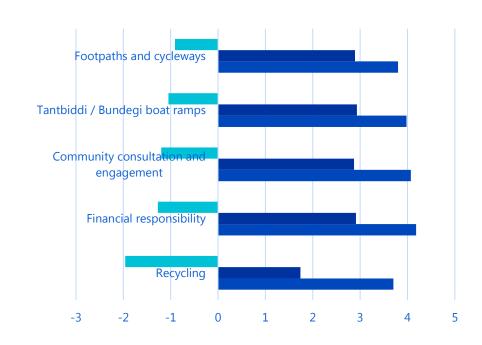
# Gap analysis

# Below expectations (top five):

- Recycling
- Financial responsibility
- Community consultation and engagement
- Tantabiddi/Bundegi boat ramps
- Footpaths and cycleways

# Above expectations:

- Spray Park
- Library
- Ningaloo Centre







# Corporate Communications Plan 2018/19 – 2019/20

#### 1. Background

The Shire of Exmouth is committed to engaging in clear, honest and timely communication with local residents and ratepayers, community groups, businesses and visitors to the region, staff and key regional, state and federal stakeholders.

This document outlines strategies to assist the Shire of Exmouth in implementing a customer focused organisational culture and highlights key projects to improve Shire communications through the provision of clear consistent messaging, timely and effective distribution of information and the best use of communication resources.

#### **Situation Analysis**

In 2018 the Shire of Exmouth carried out extensive community consultation during its review of the Strategic Community Plan: Exmouth 2030. The Shire has commenced a review of its communication strategy and begun implementing a proactive communication model based on forward planning and key messaging.

#### **Communication Vision**

The Strategic Community Plan: Exmouth 2030 identified better communication as a key action point for the Shire of Exmouth. Council is committed to attaining a high level of effective communication, internally and externally.

#### **Communication Values**

The Exmouth Shire Council has identified a number of key communication values over the last 12 months. These include:

Value	What it means	What it achieves
Honesty	To be truthful and transparent	Increases trust between the
		Council and community.
Clarity	To present information simply	Increases understanding, reduces
	and in an understandable way	confusion and misinterpretation.
Timely	To respond quickly and provide	Increases understanding,
	information when it is needed	promotes informed discussion and
	(proactively)	avoids misinformation.
Accessible	To make information available	Increases transparency and trust,
	and easy to find	facilitates self-help and promotes
		understanding.
Consistency	Communicate the same messages	Promotes Council unity and
		establishes understanding.

#### **Strategic Alignment**

Strategic Community Plan: Exmouth 2030

Outcome 3.1	Explore opportunities to deliver services and facilities that attract and retain people living in the shire.			
	3.1.1 advocate, promote and incentivise Exmouth as a preferred place to live and work in the long term.			
Outcome 4.1	To provide proactive, collaborative and transparent leadership.			
	4.1.1 enhance open and interactive engagement between council and the community.			
Outcome 4.2	A local government that is respected and accountable.			
	4.2.1 constantly strive to be engaged and relevant to our community and make informed decisions.			

#### 2. Program Objectives

To ensure all Shire stakeholders are well informed about Shire operations, activities and services. Our aim is to ensure the Shire is viewed as a professional organisation that communicates with honesty, integrity and respect for diversity of opinions.

### 3. Communications Objectives

Consideration of Exmouth Shire Council's (Council's) long term strategies, as identified in the Corporate Business Plan and Strategic Community Plan, the organisations primary corporate communication objectives are:

- To improve Council's relationship with the community and encourage community involvement.
- To improve Council's communication with the community by reviewing. communication channels including social media strategy and web based information;
- To deliver effective internal communication; and
- To effectively communicate Council's brand, functions and identity.

#### 4. Target Audience

- Exmouth residents and ratepayers
- Shire staff and their families
- Elected members
- Community groups and sporting associations
- Exmouth businesses, investors and funding bodies
- Council supported entities (ie Ningaloo Visitor Centre)
- Visitors to Exmouth
- State and Federal Government and departments
- Professional Associations and authorities
- State and National tourism bodies

# **5. Communications Strategy**

OBJECTIVE ONE: To improve Council's relationship with the community and encourage community involvement

Strategy	Action	Purpose	Priority	Responsibility
To be visible in the community	Continue to encourage Council and Shire participation in community events, meetings, activities etc Implement a	Increase knowledge of community issues and initiatives. Strengthen relationships. Show support for community organisations and activities.  Increase knowledge,	High  Medium	Commercial and Community  Commercial and
	program of meetings with key stakeholders to facilitate ongoing relationships	create communication channels and strengthen relationships	The sales in	Community Executive Managers
	Review Council sponsorship guidelines and and sponsorship recognition requirements	Improve community understanding of Council support for programs, events and activities	High	Communication and Community
Actively listen to the community and provide the opportunity to provide feedback on projects and	Prepare and roll out external benchmarking survey	Give residents the opportunity to provide feedback to Council on its achievements and assess Council performance in key areas.	High	Commercial and Community Executive Managers
performance.	Review community feedback through website, social media, event debriefs and other measures as appropriate	Assess performance, measure outcomes and provide feedback on areas for improvement.	High	Customer Services
Be responsive to communication, complaints and complements	Review response protocol for all incoming correspondence	To provide a responsive and timely correspondence management system and clearly communicate with the community	High	Customer Services/ Records

	1		_
Create and	To provide a clear	High	Customer
implement a	complaints handling		service/ Exec
complaints	procedure and ensure		Managers/ HR
handling	all complaints are dealt		
procedure and	with in a professional		
roll out training	and consistent manner.		
on complaints			
management for			
frontline staff			

OBJECTIVE TWO: To improve Council's communication with the community including via electronic media, including social media and web based tools.

Strategy	Action	Purpose	Priority	Responsibility
Maintain a	Review Shire of	Provide up-to-	High	Commercial
website that	Exmouth website	date and relevant		and
provides timely	with a view to	information on		Community
information that	improving	Shire, Council and		
is easy to	functionality,	community		
access.	branding and	activities. Increase		
	accessibility.	use		
Promote use of	Initiate a program to	Provide local	High	Commercial
key	promote the Shire	residents and		and
communications	web, facebook	ratepayers with		Community
tools as sources	pages, community	information on		Executive
of community	notice boards,	where to get		Managers
information	newsletter, local	access to Council		
	newspaper and	information.		
	Exmouth Info as			
	sources of Council			
	information			
	Educate staff on	Ensure staff are	High	HR and
	protocols for web,	using all relevant		Commercial
	social media,	available		and
	noticeboards	information		Community
	updates	channels to inform		
		the community of		
		council activities		
	Review Shire	Improve	High	Commercial
	Facebook policy to	community		and
	allow the inclusion of	engagement in		Community
	community based	Shire Facebook		
	events and activities	page and improve		
	in order to make the	distribution of		
	page a key source	shire information.		
	and "go-to" page for	Be a relevant and		
	accurate community	credible		
	information.	information		
		source.		
	Develop community	Provide up-to-	Medium	Commercial
	calendar on Shire	date and relevant		and
	website and policy	information on		community
	for community use	council and		
		community		
		activities. Increase		
		use		
	Implement online	Provide up-to-	Medium	Commercial
	newsletter and	date and relevant		and .
	subscription	information on		community

		council and community activities. Increase use		
	Expand community newsletter	Investigate implementing quarterly newsletter aligned with key calendar events: ie:  • Year ahead • Report on Strategic Communit y Plan outcomes • Priority projects (ie recycling) and • Budget	Medium/High	Commercial and Community and EMs
Streamline Shire communication processes	Create internal communications calendar	Curate content for communication with the community. Reduce communication costs Maximise communication opportunities	High	Commercial and Community Executive Managers Managers
Investigate the relocation or turning around of the Shire's electronic notice board.	Get quotes for the relocation/replication of the notice board and examine the case for relocation	Improve visibility of the board.	Medium	Commercial and Community
Investigate options for the management of mall notice boards	Investigate options to digitise current community notice board.	Improve community engagement and visibility of Shire information on the boards and reduce administrative burden	Medium	Commercial and Community

# OBJECTIVE THREE: To deliver effective internal communication

Strategy	Action	Purpose	Priority	Responsibility
Deliver timely information to staff regarding Council news, activities, services and functions	Develop and produce a regular staff newsletter	Provide regular information to keep staff up-to-date with information, activities, achievements and training opportunities across all worksites	High	Commercial and Community
	Develop intranet site contain online forms, staffing information, employment opportunities, newsletter, FAQs	Proactively communicate with staff on issue relating to the workplace and Shire activities. Build a sense of organisational belonging and pride	Medium	HR Commercial and Community
	Implement briefing notes system to ensure staff are aware of all key happenings in the organisation	Support staff to provide correct and timely information to the community.	High	Commercial and Community All Departments
	Investigate the cost of implementing a media monitoring and reporting system	Provide accurate measurement of media engagement strategy results	Medium	Commercial and Community
Encourage internal communication and positive interactions amongst staff	Staff meetings	Provide up-to- date information on Shire activities and issues and a forum for two-way communication	Medium	HR

# OBJECTIVE FOUR: To effectively communicate Council's brand, functions and identity

Strategy	Action	Purpose	Priority	Responsibility
Create greater awareness of Council projects, activities and decisions	Continue with "From the President's Desk" e- newsletter and investigate regular media column	Create greater awareness of Council functions and Shire activities by facilitating key messaging	High	Commercial and community
	Create community events calendar	Lead community to Shire website for key information	Medium	Commercial and Community
	Review Shire newsletter format	Create a more relevant and engaging communication platform that engages residents	High	Commercial and Community
Build a positive community profile for the organisation through proactive and effective media engagement	Implement media protocols	Facilitate effective communication with media representatives. Minimise the potential for confusion or misunderstanding	Medium	Commercial and Community CEO and Shire President
	Liaise with media outlets	Maintain respectful relationships and positive media engagement based on facts and transparency	High	Commercial and Community CEO
	Maintain regular media coverage through proactive engagement	Inform the community about key issues, activities and decisions.	High	Commercial and Community
	Develop communications and marketing plans for key council projects and strategic priorities	Maintain proactive engagement with the community as key plans, projects and strategies progress.	High	Commercial and Community All departments

Create greater	Develop a	Reduce stakeholder	Medium	Development
awareness of	communications	frustration caused		Services/Community
legislative and	strategy to	by lack of		and Comms.
compliance	inform and	procedural		
requirements	educate key	understanding. Set		
	stakeholders on	realistic		
	Council	expectations for		
	processes and	processing of		
	requirements.	information.		
		Improve		
		understanding of		
		Council role in		
		legislative		
		enforcement.		

### **6. Communications Tools**

#### □ Media

- Press release
- Radio
- Newspaper articles
- Video release
- E-newsletter
- Television
- Surveys
- Advertising campaigns
- Websites
- Facebook/social media
- Exmouth Info
- Public forums
- Letters
- Leaflets
- Fliers
- Newsletters
- Public Notices
- FAQs
- Information sheets
- Posters and fliers
- Direct mail
- Rates notices
- Annual Reports
- Budget
- Signage and banners
- Events
- Councillor & staff meetings
- Community engagement activities



# Monthly Financial Report

For the period ended

# February 2019

PO Box 21 2 Truscott Crescent Exmouth Western Australia 6707

Phone: (08) 9949 3000 Fax: (08) 9949 3050 Email: records@exmouth.wa.gov.au Web: www.exmouth.wa.gov.au

ABN: 32 865 822 043

# **SHIRE OF EXMOUTH**

### **MONTHLY FINANCIAL REPORT**

# (Containing the Statement of Financial Activity) For the Period Ended 28 February 2019

# **LOCAL GOVERNMENT ACT 1995** LOCAL GOVERNMENT (FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT) REGULATIONS 1996

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Compiled by: Jennine Ashby Reviewed by: Kevin Wilson Date Reviewed: 18 March 2019

### MONTHLY FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 28 FEBRUARY 2019

#### **INFORMATION**

#### PREPARATION TIMING AND REVIEW

Date prepared: All known transactions up to 7th April 2018 Prepared by: Manager of Finance and Administration Reviewed by: Director of Corporate Services

#### **BASIS OF PREPARATION**

#### REPORT PURPOSE

This report is prepared to meet the requirements of Local Government (Financial Management) Regulations 1996, Regulation 34. Note: The Statements and accompanying notes are prepared based on all transactions recorded at the time of preparation and may vary due to transactions being processed for the reporting period after the date of preparation.

#### **BASIS OF ACCOUNTING**

This statement comprises a special purpose financial report which has been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards (as they apply to local governments and not-for-profit entities), Australian Accounting Interpretations, other authoritative pronouncements of the Australian Accounting Standards Board, the Local Government Act 1995 and accompanying regulations. Material accounting policies which have been adopted in the preparation of this statement are presented below and have been consistently applied unless stated otherwise. Except for cash flow and rate setting information, the report has also been prepared on the accrual basis and is based on historical costs, modified, where applicable, by the measurement at fair value of selected non-current assets, financial assets and liabilities.

#### THE LOCAL GOVERNMENT REPORTING ENTITY

All Funds through which the Council controls resources to carry on its functions have been included in this statement. In the process of reporting on the local government as a single unit, all transactions and balances between those funds (for example, loans and transfers between Funds) have been eliminated. All monies held in the Trust Fund are excluded from the statement, but a separate statement of those monies appears at Note 12.

#### SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICES

#### GOODS AND SERVICES TAX

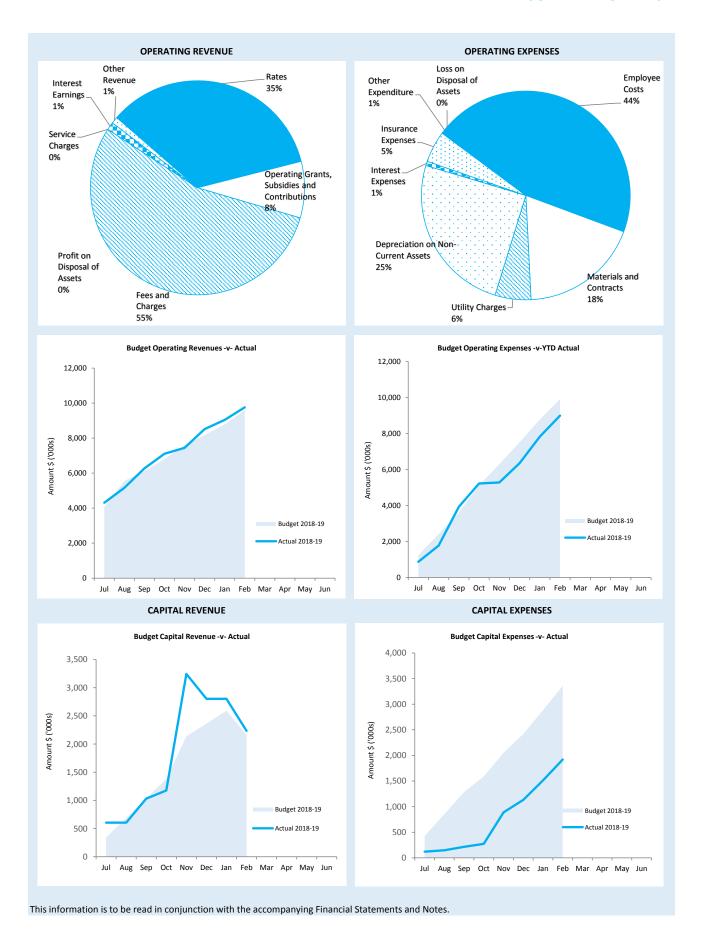
Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of GST, except where the amount of GST incurred is not recoverable from the Australian Taxation Office (ATO). Receivables and payables are stated inclusive of GST receivable or payable. The net amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the ATO is included with receivables or payables in the statement of financial position. Cash flows are presented on a gross basis. The GST components of cash flows arising from investing or financing activities which are recoverable from, or payable to, the ATO are presented as operating cash flows.

#### **CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES**

The preparation of a financial report in conformity with Australian Accounting Standards requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that effect the application of policies and reported amounts of assets and liabilities, income and expenses. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances; the results of which form the basis of making the judgements about carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

#### **ROUNDING OFF FIGURES**

All figures shown in this statement are rounded to the nearest dollar.



### **KEY TERMS AND DESCRIPTIONS**

#### FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 28 FEBRUARY 2019

# **STATUTORY REPORTING PROGRAMS**

Shire operations as disclosed in these financial statements encompass the following service orientated activities/programs.

PROGRAM NAME	OBJECTIVE	ACTIVITIES
GOVERNANCE	To provide a decision making process for the efficient allocation of scarce resources.	Includes the activities of members of council and the administrative support available to the council for the provision of governance of the district. Other costs relate to the task of assisting elected members and ratepayers on matters which do not concern specific council services.
GENERAL PURPOSE FUNDING	To collect revenue to allow for the provision of services.	Rates, general purpose government grants and interest revenue.
LAW, ORDER, PUBLIC SAFETY	To provide services to help ensure a safer and environmentally conscious community.	Supervision and enforcement of various local laws relating to fire prevention, animal control and other aspects of public safety including emergency services.
HEALTH	To provide an operational framework	Inspection of food outlets and their control, provision of
EDUCATION AND WELFARE	To provide services to disadvantaged persons, the elderly, children and youth.	Maintenance of child minding centre, playgroup centre, senior citizen centre and aged care centre. Provision and maintenance of home and community care programs and youth services.
HOUSING	To provide and maintain elderly residents housing.	Provision and maintenance of elderly residents housing.
COMMUNITY AMENITIES	To provide services required by the community.	Rubbish collection services, operation of rubbish disposal sites, litter control, construction and maintenance of urban storm water drains, protection of the environment and administration of town planning schemes, cemetery and public conveniences.
RECREATION AND CULTURE	To establish and effectively manage infrastructure and resource which will help the social well being of the community.	Maintenance of public halls, civic centres, aquatic centre, beaches, recreation centres and various sporting facilities. Provision and maintenance of parks, gardens and playgrounds. Operation of library, museum and other cultural facilities.
TRANSPORT ECONOMIC SERVICES	To provide safe, effective and To help promote the Shire and its economic wellbeing.	Construction and maintenance of roads, streets, footpaths, Tourism and area promotion including the maintenance and operation of a caravan park. Provision of rural services including weed control, vermin control and standpipes. Building Control.
OTHER PROPERTY AND SERVICES	To monitor and control Council overheads operating accounts.	Private works operation, plant repair and operation costs and engineering operation costs.

### **STATUTORY REPORTING PROGRAMS**

						Var. %	
		18/19	18/19 YTD	YTD	Var. \$	(b)-	
	Ref	Amended	Budget	Actual	(b)-(a)	(a)/(a)	Var
	Note	Budget	(a)	(b)			
Oneming Funding Supplied Deficit	1/h)	\$	\$	\$	\$	%	
Opening Funding Surplus(Deficit)	1(b)	982,735	982,735	2,893,348	1,910,613	194%	
Revenue from operating activities							
Governance		8,200	5,464	6,160	696	13%	
General Purpose Funding - Rates	5	3,376,907	3,370,379	3,363,282	(7,097)	(0%)	
General Purpose Funding - Other		1,082,369	806,419	831,395	24,976	3%	
Law, Order and Public Safety		41,570	29,545	26,694	(2,851)	(10%)	
Health		39,622	30,392	38,564	8,172	27%	
Education and Welfare		1,600	1,064	200	(864)	(81%)	
Housing		59,932	39,920	44,230	4,310	11%	
Community Amenities		1,202,223	1,049,090	1,100,269	51,179	5%	
Recreation and Culture		811,178	542,159	453,605	(88,554)	(16%)	_
Transport		5,193,939	3,462,600	3,640,792	178,192	5%	•
Economic Services		239,377	201,085	169,887	(31,198)	(16%)	_
Other Property and Services		17,830	11,872	86,139			×
Other Property and Services		12,074,747			74,267	626%	
Expenditure from operating activities		12,074,747	9,549,989	9,761,216			
Governance		(901 710)	(E22.206)	(520 127)	(7.024)	(20/)	
General Purpose Funding		(801,710)	(522,206)	(530,127)	(7,921)	(2%)	
		(125,436)	(53,732)	(62,775)	(9,043)	(17%)	_
Law, Order and Public Safety		(402,714)	(274,071)	(317,211)	(43,140)	(16%)	
Health		(162,194)	(108,600)	(148,066)	(39,466)	(36%)	•
Education and Welfare		(87,179)	(61,187)	(59,127)	2,060	3%	
Housing		0	704	(47,454)	(48,158)	6841%	
Community Amenities		(2,075,357)	(1,423,508)	(1,242,207)	181,301	13%	_
Recreation and Culture		(5,328,224)	(3,601,906)	(2,856,810)	745,096	21%	<b>A</b>
Transport		(5,292,390)	(3,384,574)	(3,434,086)	(49,512)	(1%)	
Economic Services		(590,885)	(404,773)	(296,083)	108,690	27%	_
Other Property and Services		(15,000)	(82,815)	979	83,794	101%	_
		(14,881,089)	(9,916,668)	(8,992,968)			
Operating activities excluded from budget		2 244 204	2 462 472	2 225 462			
Add Back Depreciation	_	3,244,304	2,162,472	2,235,163	72,691	3%	
Adjust (Profit)/Loss on Asset Disposal	6	(173,040)	151,934	0	(151,934)	(100%)	•
Amount attributable to operating activities		264,922	1,947,727	3,003,411			
Investing Activities							
Non-operating Grants, Subsidies and							
Contributions	10	4,141,718	2,817,120	3,590,961	773,841	27%	_
Proceeds from Disposal of Assets	6	122,319	0	0	0		
Capital Acquisitions	7	(5,535,974)	(3,356,464)	(1,919,281)	1,437,183	43%	_
Amount attributable to investing activities		(1,271,937)	(539,344)	1,671,680			•
Financing Activities							
Self-Supporting Loan Principal		55,000	0	29,750	29,750		
Transfer from Reserves	9	860,284	0	29,730			
Advances to Community Groups	9	60,000	(60,000)	(60,000)	0	0%	
Repayment of Debentures	0						
Transfer to Reserves	8	(263,832)	(137,124)	(141,093)	(3,969)	(3%)	
TRANSPECTO RESERVES	9	(1,037,307)	(984,487)	(1,005,788)	(21,301)	(2%)	
		(225.055)	14 404 6461	14 477 4941			
Amount attributable to financing activities		(325,855)	(1,181,611)	(1,177,131)			

#### **KEY INFORMATION**

▲▼ Indicates a variance between Year to Date (YTD) Budget and YTD Actual data as per the adopted materiality threshold. Refer threshold. Refer to Note 2 for an explanation of the reasons for the variance.

The material variance adopted by Council for the 2018/19 year is \$10,000 or 10% whichever is the greater.

This statement is to be read in conjunction with the accompanying Financial Statements and notes.

### **KEY TERMS AND DESCRIPTIONS** FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 28 FEBRUARY 2019

#### **REVENUE**

#### RATES

All rates levied under the Local Government Act 1995. Includes general, differential, specific area rates, minimum rates, interim rates, back rates, ex-gratia rates, less discounts offered. Exclude administration fees, interest on instalments, interest on arrears and service charges.

#### **OPERATING GRANTS, SUBSIDIES AND CONTRIBUTIONS**

Refer to all amounts received as grants, subsidies and contributions that are not non-operating grants.

#### **NON-OPERATING GRANTS, SUBSIDIES AND CONTRIBUTIONS**

Amounts received specifically for the acquisition, construction of new or the upgrading of non-current assets paid to a local government, irrespective of whether these amounts are received as capital grants, subsidies, contributions or donations.

#### **PROFIT ON ASSET DISPOSAL**

Profit on the disposal of assets including gains on the disposal of long term investments. Losses are disclosed under the expenditure classifications.

#### **FEES AND CHARGEES**

Revenues (other than service charges) from the use of facilities and charges made for local government services, sewerage rates, rentals, hire charges, fee for service, photocopying charges, licences, sale of goods or information, fines, penalties and administration fees. Local governments may wish to disclose more detail such as rubbish collection fees, rental of property, fines and penalties, other fees and charges.

#### SERVICE CHARGES

Service charges imposed under Division 6 of Part 6 of the Local Government Act 1995. Regulation 54 of the Local Government (Financial Management) Regulations 1996 identifies these as television and radio broadcasting, underground electricity and neighbourhood surveillance services. Exclude rubbish removal charges. Interest and other items of a similar nature received from bank and investment accounts, interest on rate instalments, interest on rate arrears and interest on debtors.

#### INTEREST EARNINGS

Interest and other items of a similar nature received from bank and investment accounts, interest on rate instalments, interest on rate arrears and interest on debtors.

#### OTHER REVENUE / INCOME

Other revenue, which can not be classified under the above headings, includes dividends, discounts, rebates etc.

#### NATURE OR TYPE DESCRIPTIONS

#### **EXPENSES**

#### **EMPLOYEE COSTS**

All costs associate with the employment of person such as salaries, wages, allowances, benefits such as vehicle and housing, superannuation, employment expenses, removal expenses, relocation expenses, worker's compensation insurance, training costs, conferences, safety expenses, medical examinations, fringe benefit tax, etc.

#### **MATERIALS AND CONTRACTS**

All expenditures on materials, supplies and contracts not classified under other headings. These include supply of goods and materials, legal expenses, consultancy, maintenance agreements, communication expenses, advertising expenses, membership, periodicals, publications, hire expenses, rental, leases, postage and freight etc. Local governments may wish to disclose more detail such as contract services, consultancy, information technology, rental or lease expenditures.

#### UTILITIES (GAS, ELECTRICITY, WATER, ETC.)

Expenditures made to the respective agencies for the provision of power, gas or water. Exclude expenditures incurred for the reinstatement of roadwork on behalf of these agencies.

#### **INSURANCE**

All insurance other than worker's compensation and health benefit insurance included as a cost of employment.

#### LOSS ON ASSET DISPOSAL

Loss on the disposal of fixed assets.

#### **DEPRECIATION ON NON-CURRENT ASSETS**

Depreciation expense raised on all classes of assets.

#### **INTEREST EXPENSES**

Interest and other costs of finance paid, including costs of finance for loan debentures, overdraft accommodation and refinancing expenses.

#### OTHER EXPENDITURE

Statutory fees, taxes, provision for bad debts, member's fees or State taxes. Donations and subsidies made to community groups.

#### BY NATURE OR TYPE

	Ref Note	18/19 Amended Budget	YTD Budget (a)	YTD Actual (b)	Var. \$ (b)-(a)	Var. % (b)-(a)/(a)	Var.
		\$	\$	\$	\$	%	
Opening Funding Surplus (Deficit)	1(b)	982,735	982,735	2,893,348	1,910,613	194%	<b>A</b>
Revenue from operating activities							
Rates	5	3,370,107	3,370,379	3,363,282	(7,097)	(0%)	
Specified Area Rates	5	47,293	47,293	52,304	5,011	11%	
Operating Grants, Subsidies and							
Contributions	10	1,131,745	786,516	826,372	39,856	5%	
Fees and Charges		7,368,108	5,237,336	5,305,920	68,584	1%	
Interest Earnings		164,655	109,916	115,768	5,852	5%	
Other Revenue		43,400	32,253	97,571	65,318	203%	
Profit on Disposal of Assets	6	6,939	4,624	0			
		12,132,247	9,588,317	9,761,216			
Expenditure from operating activities		(6.404.004)	(4.076.065)	(2.004.074)			
Employee Costs		(6,481,084)	(4,376,865)	(3,981,071)	395,794	9%	
Materials and Contracts		(3,086,655)	(2,029,319)	(1,668,399)	360,920	18%	<b>A</b>
Utility Charges		(930,734)	(620,080)	(500,605)	119,475	19%	_
Depreciation on Non-Current Assets		(3,244,304)	(2,162,472)	(2,235,163)	(72,691)	(3%)	
Interest Expenses		(84,129)	(49,633)	(60,771)	(11,138)	(22%)	•
Insurance Expenses		(466,353)	(435,755)	(438,204)	(2,449)	(1%)	
Other Expenditure		(407,851)	(85,986)	(108,755)	(22,769)	(26%)	•
Loss on Disposal of Assets	6	(179,979)	(156,558)	0			
		(14,881,089)	(9,916,668)	(8,992,968)			
Operating activities excluded from budget							
Add back Depreciation		3,244,304	2,162,472	2,235,163	72,691	3%	
Adjust (Profit)/Loss on Asset Disposal	6	(173,040)	151,934	0	(151,934)	(100%)	$\blacksquare$
Amount attributable to operating activities		322,422	1,986,055	3,003,412			
Investing activities							
Non-operating grants, subsidies and contributions	10	4,141,718	2,817,120	3,590,961	773,841	27%	
Proceeds from Disposal of Assets	6	122,319	2,817,120	3,390,901	773,841	2770	
Land held for resale	U	122,319	0	0	0		
Capital acquisitions	7	(5,535,974)	(3,356,464)	(1,919,281)		420/	
Amount attributable to investing activities	,	(1,271,937)	(5,330,404)	1,671,680	1,437,183	43%	
Amount attributuale to investing activities		(1,271,337)	(333,344)	1,071,000			
Financing Activities							
Self-Supporting Loan Principal		55,000	0	29,750	29,750		<b>A</b>
Transfer from Reserves	9	860,284	0	0	0		
Advances to Community Groups		60,000	(60,000)	(60,000)	0	0%	
Repayment of Debentures	8	(263,832)	(137,124)	(141,093)	(3,969)	(3%)	
Transfer to Reserves	9	(1,037,307)	(984,487)	(1,005,788)	(21,301)	(2%)	
Amount attributable to financing activities		(325,855)	(1,181,611)	(1,177,131)			
Closing Funding Surplus (Deficit)	1(b)	(292,635)	1,247,835	6,391,309			
	• •	• • •					

#### **KEY INFORMATION**

▲▼ Indicates a variance between Year to Date (YTD) Budget and YTD Actual data as per the adopted materiality threshold. Refer to Note 2 for an explanation of the reasons for the variance.

This statement is to be read in conjunction with the accompanying Financial Statements and Notes.

# NOTE 1(a) **NET CURRENT ASSETS**

#### SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### **CURRENT AND NON-CURRENT CLASSIFICATION**

In the determination of whether an asset or liability is current or non-current, consideration is given to the time when each asset or liability is expected to be settled. The asset or liability is classified as current if it is expected to be settled within the next 12 months, being the Council's operational cycle. In the case of liabilities where Council does not have the unconditional right to defer settlement beyond 12 months, such as vested long service leave, the liability is classified as current even if not expected to be settled within the next 12 months. Inventories held for trading are classified as current even if not expected to be realised in the next 12 months except for land held for resale where it is held as non current based on Council's intentions to release for sale.

#### **EMPLOYEE BENEFITS**

The provisions for employee benefits relates to amounts expected to be paid for long service leave, annual leave, wages and salaries and are calculated as follows:

(i) Wages, Salaries, Annual Leave and Long Service Leave (Short-term Benefits)

The provision for employees' benefits to wages, salaries, annual leave and long service leave expected to be settled within 12 months represents the amount the Shire has a present obligation to pay resulting from employees services provided to balance date. The provision has been calculated at nominal amounts based on remuneration rates the Shire expects to pay and includes related on-costs.

(ii) Annual Leave and Long Service Leave (Long-term Benefits)

The liability for long service leave is recognised in the provision for employee benefits and measured as the present value of expected future payments to be made in respect of services provided by employees up to the reporting date using the project unit credit method. Consideration is given to expected future wage and salary levels, experience of employee departures and periods of service. Expected future payments are discounted using market yields at the reporting date on national government bonds with terms to maturity and currency that match as closely as possible, the estimated future cash outflows. Where the Shire does not have the unconditional right to defer settlement beyond 12 months, the liability is recognised as a current liability.

#### **PROVISIONS**

Provisions are recognised when: The council has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events; it is more likely than not that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation; and the amount has been reliably estimated. Provisions are not recognised for future operating losses. Where there are a number of similar obligations, the likelihood that an outflow will be required in settlement is determined by considering the class of obligations as a whole. A provision is recognised even if the likelihood of an outflow with respect to any one of item included in the same class of obligations may be small.

#### INVENTORIES

Inventories are measured at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

# **OPERATING ACTIVITIES** NOTE 1(b) **ADJUSTED NET CURRENT ASSETS**

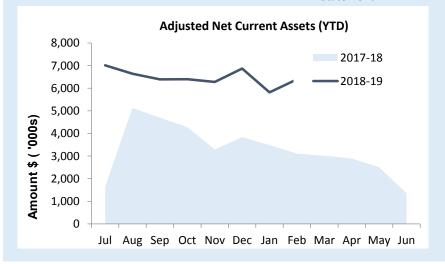
	Ref	Last Years Closing	This Time Last Year	Year to Date Actual
Adjusted Net Current Assets	Note	30 June 2018	28 Feb 2018	28 Feb 2019
		\$	\$	\$
Current Assets				
Cash Unrestricted	3	2,689,059	2,450,925	4,633,393
Cash Restricted	3	6,437,450	6,064,205	7,443,239
Receivables - Rates	4	302,096	632,784	687,022
Receivables - Debtors	4	1,261,982	603,032	1,264,625
Loans receivable		59,000	20,000	29,250
Interest / ATO Receivable		104,844	18,217	60,070
Inventories		28,847	24,369	44,682
Accrued Income/Payments in Advance		61,037	0	0
		10,944,315	9,813,530	14,162,280
Less: Current Liabilities				
Payables		(783,204)	(1,914,305)	(205,130)
ATO Payable		(166,022)	(36,399)	(93,354)
Prepaid Revenue		(605,290)		
Provisions - employee		(779,782)	(822,969)	(779,782)
Long term borrowings	_	(263,832)	(128,351)	(122,739)
		(2,598,130)	(2,902,024)	(1,201,004)
Unadjusted Net Current Assets		8,346,185	6,911,506	12,961,276
Adjustments and exclusions permitted by FM Reg 32				
Less: Cash reserves	3	(6,437,450)	(6,064,205)	(7,443,239)
Less: Loans receivable		(59,000)	(20,000)	(29,250)
Add: Provisions - employee		779,782	822,969	779,782
Add: Long term borrowings		263,832	128,351	122,739
Adjusted Net Current Assets		2,893,348	1,778,622	6,391,308

#### SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Please see Note 1(a) for information on significant accounting polices relating to Net Current Assets.

#### **KEY INFORMATION**

The amount of the adjusted net current assets at the end of the period represents the actual surplus (or deficit if the figure is a negative) as presented on the Rate Setting Statement.



**This Year YTD** Surplus(Deficit)

\$6.39 M

**Last Year YTD** Surplus(Deficit)

\$1.78 M

# NOTE 2 **EXPLANATION OF MATERIAL VARIANCES**

The material variance thresholds are adopted annually by Council as an indicator of whether the actual expenditure or revenue varies from the year to date budget materially.

The material variance adopted by Council for the 2018/19 year is \$10,000 or 10% whichever is the greater.

Reporting Program	Var. \$	Var. %	Var.	Timing/ Permanent	Explanation of Variance
	\$	%			
Revenue from operating activities					
General Purpose Funding - Other	24,976	3%		Permanent	Increased interest earnings and grants
					commission income
Recreation and Culture	(88,554)	(16%)		Timing	Ningaloo Centre fees revenue under budget
Transport	178,192	5%		Permanent	Increased landing fees revenue
Economic Services	(31,198)	(16%)	•	Timing	Reduced building fee revenue, no sale of
					potable water.
Other Property and Services	74,267	626%		Permanent	Insurance reimbursements and Workers
					Compensation recoup.
Expenditure from operating activities					
Law, Order and Public Safety	(43,140)	(16%)	•	Timing	Plant Recovery and Depreciation exceeding
Law, Graci and Labile Sarcty	(43,140)	(1070)	•	111111111111111111111111111111111111111	budget
Health	(39,466)	(36%)	_	Permanent	Increased employee cost including relieving
	(,,	(/			Health Officer
Community Amenities	181,301	13%		Timing	Reduced depreciation and assets disposals not
					finalised
Recreation and Culture	745,096	21%			Reduced work employee costs and reduction
					due to depreciation adjustments
Economic Services	108,690	27%			Reduced area promotion expenditure,
					employee costs and asset disposal not
					finalised
Other Property and Services	83,794	101%	_	Timing	Workers Compensation allocations
Investing Activities	772.044	270/		Timeire	750/ MADMA funding received and 17/40
Non-operating Grants, Subsidies and	773,841	27%		Timing	75% MRWA funding received and 17/18 grant
Contributions Capital Acquisitions	1,437,183	43%		Timing	received Capital works program has commenced
Capital Acquisitions	1,437,103	45%		riiiiiig	Capital works program has commenced
KEY INFORMATION					
▲ increase in surplus					

increase in surplus

decrease in surplus

# **OPERATING ACTIVITIES** NOTE 3 **CASH AND INVESTMENTS**

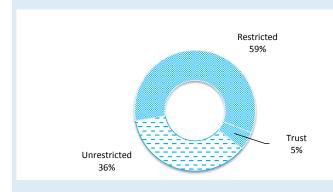
				Total		Interest	Maturity
Cash and Investments	Unrestricted	Restricted	Trust	YTD Actual	Institution	Rate	Date
	\$	\$	\$	\$			
Cash on Hand							
Petty Cash and Floats	4,048			4,048			
At Call Deposits							
Municipal Fund	4,629,345			4,629,345	Westpac	0.50%	At Call
Reserve Fund		866,687		866,687	Westpac	0.50%	At Call
Trust Fund			86,528	86,528	Westpac	0.50%	At Call
Term Deposits							
Municipal Investment - Term Deposit							
Reserve Investment - Term Deposit		2,061,501		2,061,501	AMP	2.80%	15-May-19
Reserve Investment - Term Deposit		2,012,769		2,012,769	AMP	2.80%	14-Jun-19
Reserve Investment - Term Deposit		2,502,283		2,502,283	NAB	2.66%	18-Jun-19
Trust Investment - Term Deposit			335,942	335,942	Westpac	2.06%	03-Mar-19
Trust Investment - Term Deposit			200,000	200,000	Westpac	2.10%	04-Mar-19
Total	4,633,393	7,443,239	622,470	12,699,101			

#### SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, cash at bank, deposits available on demand with banks and other short term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are reported as short term borrowings in current liabilities in the statement of financial position.

#### **KEY INFORMATION**

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, cash at bank, deposits available on demand with banks and other short term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are reported as short term borrowings in current liabilities in the statement of financial position.



Total Cash	Unrestricted
\$12.7 M	\$4.63 M

# **OPERATING ACTIVITIES** NOTE 4 **RECEIVABLES**

Rates Receivable	30 June 2018	28 Feb 19
	\$	\$
Opening Arrears Previous Years	329,022	302,096
Levied this year	4,176,213	4,401,647
Plus Interim Rates	20,304	(7,393)
Plus Back Rates	2,140	8,845
Less Collections to date	(4,185,565)	(3,978,154)
<b>Equals Current Outstanding</b>	342,115	727,041
Less Deferred Pensioners	(40,018)	(40,018)
Net Rates Collectable	302,096	687,022
% Collected	92.44%	84.55%
VEV 11150014451011		

#### **KEY INFORMATION**

Trade and other receivables include amounts due from ratepayers for unpaid rates and service charges and other amounts due from third parties for goods sold and services performed in the ordinary course of business.

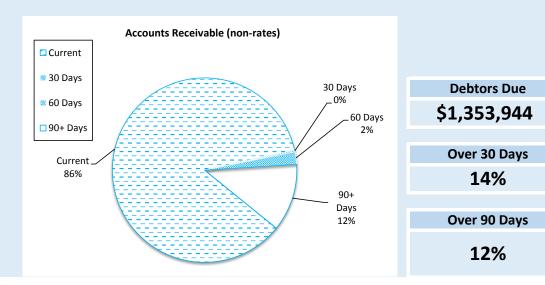


Collected	Rates Due
85%	\$687,022

Receivables - General	Current	30 Days 60 Days		90+ Days	Total		
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$		
Receivables - General	1,083,989	3,186	27,781	149,668	1,264,625		
Percentage	86%	0%	2%	12%			
Balance per Trial Balance	!						
Sundry debtors							
GST receivable							
Loans receivable - clubs/institutions							
Total Receivables General Outstanding							
Amounts shown above include GST (where applicable)							

#### SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Trade and other receivables include amounts due from ratepayers for unpaid rates and service charges and other amounts due from third parties for goods sold and services performed in the ordinary course of business. Receivables expected to be collected within 12 months of the end of the reporting period are classified as current assets. All other receivables are classified as non-current assets. Collectability of trade and other receivables is reviewed on an ongoing basis. Debts that are known to be uncollectible are written off when identified. An allowance for doubtful debts is raised when there is objective evidence that they will not be collectible.



# **OPERATING ACTIVITIES** NOTE 4 **RECEIVABLES**

Information on Community Loans (Council Funded)		New Loans		Principal Repayments		Principal Outstanding		Interest Repayments	
·	Principal						J		
Particulars	30-Jun-18	Actual	Budget	Actual	Budget	Actual	Budget	Actual	Budget
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Recreation and Culture									
SSL Squash Club 2010	7,500			2,500	2,500	5,000	5,000		
SSL Bowling Club 2009	2,000			2,000	2,000	0	0		
SSL Bowling Club 2012	40,000			20,000	40,000	20,000	0		
SSL EGFC 2013	31,500			5,250	10,500	26,250	21,000		
SSL Golf Club 2016	32,000				4,000	32,000	28,000		
SSL Truscott Club 2018		60,000	60,000			60,000	60,000		
Total	113,000	60,000	60,000	29,750	59,000	143,250	114,000	0	0

#### **KEY INFORMATION**

Community loans are funded by the Community Interest Free Loans Reserve Fund for the provision of interest free loans to Exmouth clubs and organisations to assist in the provision of facilities and equipment for the betterment of the club or organsiation and its members. Applications are subjest to the eligibitly and criteria outlined in Council Policy 2.2 - Interest Free Loans to Clubs & Organisations

# OPERATING ACTIVITIES NOTE 5 RATE REVENUE

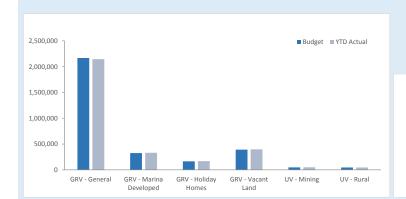
General Rate Revenue			Budget					YTD Actual			
		Number of	Rateable	Rate	Interim	Back	Total	Rate	Interim	Back	Total
	Rate in	Properties	Value	Revenue	Rate	Rate	Revenue	Revenue	Rates	Rates	Revenue
RATE TYPE	\$			\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Differential General Rate											
GRV - General	0.072200	1165	29,946,749	2,162,155	5,000		2,167,155	2,161,785	(7,114)	(9,786)	2,144,886
GRV - Marina Developed	0.099300	93	3,280,860	325,789			325,789	325,192	5,331	603	331,125
GRV - Holiday Homes	0.102100	64	1,623,700	165,780			165,780	168,568			168,568
GRV - Vacant Land	0.012170	228	3,117,450	392,781			392,781	390,590	6,785	829	398,203
UV - Mining	0.156800	12	300,515	47,121	1,000		48,121	47,121	3,763	(490)	50,394
UV - Rural	0.078400	7	581,880	45,541			45,541	45,541			45,541
	Minimum \$	;									
GRV - General	910	66	527,130	60,060			60,060	61,880			61,880
GRV - Marina Developed	910	1	0	910			910	910			910
GRV - Holiday Homes	910	0	0	0			0	0			0
GRV - Vacant Land	910	177	893,460	161,070			161,070	160,160			160,160
UV - Mining	500	18	23,912	9,000			9,000	9,000			9,000
UV - Rural	700	1	5,800	700			700	700			700
Sub-Totals		1,832	40,301,456	3,370,907	6,000	C	3,376,907	3,371,447	8,765	-8,845	3,371,367
Discount							0				
Concession							0				
Amount from General Rates							3,376,907				3,371,367
Ex-Gratia Rates							0				-
Total General Rates							3,376,907				3,371,367
Specified Area Rates											
GRV Marina - Specified Rate	0.013100		3,609,199				47,293	51,670	767		52,437
Total Specified Area Rates		_	3,609,199	0			47,293	51,670	767	0	52,437
Totals							3.424.200				3.423.804

#### SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

commencement of the rating period or, where earlier, upon receipt of the rates.

KEY INFORMATION

Rates, grants, donations and other contributions are recognised as revenues when the local government obtains control over the assets comprising the contributions. Control over assets acquired from rates is obtained at the

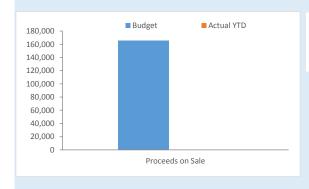


Budget	YTD Actual	%		
\$3.38 M	\$3.37 M	100%		
13% - 5% - 11% - 1	2% - 69%			
■ GRV - Holiday Homes ■ UV - Mining	s GRV - Vacant Land			

**General Rates** 

# **OPERATING ACTIVITIES** NOTE 6 **DISPOSAL OF ASSETS**

_			Budget				YTD Actual	
	Net Book				Net Book			
Asset Description	Value	Proceeds	Profit	(Loss)	Value	Proceeds	Profit	(Loss)
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Y AMENITIES								
2010 Rubbish Truck EX4574	47,716	10,000		(37,716)				
2007 Cat Loader EX8843	46,830	21,600		(25,230)				
Г								
2015 Holden Colorado 1GEX694	34,955	15,000		(19,955)				
Iveco Water Truck EX7709	47,887	21,200		(26,687)				
Cat Bobcat Skid Loader EX7712	15,676	6,400		(9,276)				
2011 Toyota Hilux 4x2 S/Cab EX042	14,355	4,590		(9,765)				
Mazda 2WD Ute EX7795	9,128	4,590		(4,538)				
SERVICES								
2015 Holden Colorade 3005EX	34,439	15,000		(19,439)				
2001 Mitsubishi Challenger 1EWJ69	13,966	2,000		(11,966)				
PERTY & SERVICES								
2014 Holden Colorado 3EX	30,407	15,000		(15,407)				
2015 Mini Excavator	43,061	50,000	6,939					
	220 420	165 200	6 020	(170 070)	0	0	0	(
	AMENITIES  2010 Rubbish Truck EX4574  2007 Cat Loader EX8843  2015 Holden Colorado 1GEX694  Iveco Water Truck EX7709  Cat Bobcat Skid Loader EX7712  2011 Toyota Hilux 4x2 S/Cab EX042  Mazda 2WD Ute EX7795  SERVICES  2015 Holden Colorade 3005EX  2001 Mitsubishi Challenger 1EWJ65  PERTY & SERVICES  2014 Holden Colorado 3EX	Asset Description \$  AMENITIES  2010 Rubbish Truck EX4574 47,716 2007 Cat Loader EX8843 46,830  2015 Holden Colorado 1GEX694 34,955 Iveco Water Truck EX7709 47,887 Cat Bobcat Skid Loader EX712 15,676 2011 Toyota Hilux 4x2 S/Cab EX042 14,355 Mazda 2WD Ute EX7795 9,128 SERVICES 2015 Holden Colorade 3005EX 34,439 2001 Mitsubishi Challenger 1EWJ65 13,966 PERTY & SERVICES 2014 Holden Colorado 3EX 30,407	Asset Description	Asset Description	Asset Description    Net Book Value	Net Book Value	Asset Description	Asset Description    Net Book Value   Proceeds   Profit   (Loss)   Value   Proceeds   Profit



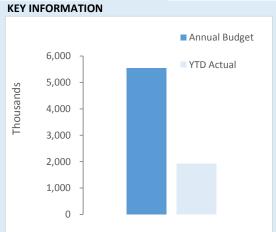
Proceeds on Sale									
Budget	YTD Actual	%							
\$165,380	\$0	0%							

# **INVESTING ACTIVITIES** NOTE 7 **CAPITAL ACQUISITIONS**

	Amended Annual		YTD Actual	YTD Budget
Capital Acquisitions	Budget	YTD Budget	Total	Variance
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Land	0	0	0	0
Buildings	790,000	293,320	153,660	(139,660)
Plant & Equipment	1,137,000	757,976	0	(757,976)
Furniture & Equipment	112,500	74,992	117,637	42,645
Infrastructure - Roads	2,882,590	1,760,308	1,384,562	(375,746)
Infrastructure - Other	613,884	469,868	263,422	(206,446)
Capital Expenditure Totals	5,535,974	3,356,464	1,919,281	(1,437,183)
Capital Acquisitions Funded By:				
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Capital grants and contributions	4,141,718	2,817,120	3,590,961	773,841
Borrowings	0	0	0	0
Other (Disposals & C/Fwd)	122,319	0	0	0
Cash Backed Reserves				
Aviation Reserve	215,000	0	0	0
Plant Replacement Reserve	350,000	0	0	0
Waste Management Reserve	101,000	0	0	0
Contribution - operations	605,937	539,344	(1,671,680)	(2,211,024)
Capital Funding Total	5,535,974	3,356,464	1,919,281	(1,437,183)

#### SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

All assets are initially recognised at cost. Cost is determined as the fair value of the assets given as consideration plus costs incidental to the acquisition. For assets acquired at no cost or for nominal consideration, cost is determined as fair value at the date of acquisition. The cost of noncurrent assets constructed by the local government includes the cost of all materials used in the construction, direct labour on the project and an appropriate proportion of variable and fixed overhead. Certain asset classes may be revalued on a regular basis such that the carrying values are not materially different from fair value. Assets carried at fair value are to be revalued with sufficient regularity to ensure the carrying amount does not differ materially from that determined using fair value at reporting date.



Acquisitions	Annual Budget	YTD Actual	% Spent
	\$5.54 M	\$1.92 M	35%
<b>Capital Grant</b>	Annual Budget	YTD Actual	% Received
	\$4.14 M	\$3.59 M	87%

#### Capital Expenditure Total Level of Completion Indicators



Percentage YTD Actual to Annual Budget Expenditure over budget highlighted in red.

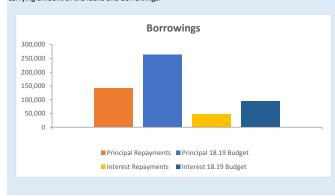
0	- 10	
Complete	ellii.	Level of completion indicator, please see table at the end of this note for further detail.

			Amended	VTD	YTD	Marianaa
		Account Number	Annual Budget	YTD Budget	Actual	Variance (Under)/Over
Ca	pital Expenditure	Number	buuget	buuget	Actual	(Olldel)/Ove
	Land					
	Buildings		790,000	293,320	153,660	
	SES Bushfire Brigade Shed - Construction of new shed	A056002	140,000	140,000	148,838	8,838
	Staff Housing Buildings - Painting/Flooring/ Window Treatments	A125001	75,000	50,000	4,822	
	Toy Library Shed - Construction of new shed	A125301	20,000	13,328	0	
	Ningaloo Centre - Finalisation of Ningaloo Centre Building	A119003	420,000	0	0	. , ,
	Recreation Hall - Internal building works	A112001	10,000	6,664	0	
	Learmonth Building - Upgrade arrivals and lighting	A126800	55,000	36,664	0	. , ,
	Old Administration Building - Upgrade power connection	A125011	70,000	46,664	0	(,,
	Plant & Equipment	*****	1,137,000	757,976	0	
	Iveco Acco Water Truck EX7709	A125105	407,000	271,328	0	(407,000)
	Cat Bobcat EX7712					
	Toyota Dual Cab EX042					
	Maxda 2WD Ute (P055)					
	Streel Drum Roller				_	
	Excavator at Waste Site	A125517	250,000	166,664	0	
	Rubbish Truck	A125532	410,000	273,328	0	. , ,
	Learmonth - Carpark ticketing machines	A126201	45,000	30,000	0	,,
	Water Dispensing Unit	A134003	20,000	13,328	0	. , ,
	Sweeper for undercover area EDHS	A117002	5,000	3,328	0	(5,000)
	Furniture & Equipment		112,500	74,992	117,637	
	Lefroy Street Units - Upgrade Furniture	A125125	0	0	6,214	6,214
	Ningaloo Centre - Fit out Office Space	A119007	40,000	26,664	38,712	(1,288)
	Software/ Hardware - Aquarium	A119005	66,500	44,328	57,773	(8,727)
	Photocopier	A125148	6,000	4,000	5,945	(55)
	Airport - Wifi system upgrade	A125140	0	0	8,993	8,993
	Infrastructure - Roads		2,882,590	1,760,308	1,384,562	
	Footpath/Kerbing	A125321	80,000	53,328	17,019	(62,981)
	Murat Road - widen, redesign intersection, flood mitigation, path	A125201	1,750,000	1,166,664	1,338,382	(411,618)
	Mortiss St & Neale Cove - upgrade	A125210	605,290	242,116	0	(605,290)
	Yardie Creek Road - Road shoulder and seal edge works	A125203	417,300	278,200	29,162	(388,138)
	Street Lights	A124001	30,000	20,000	0	(30,000)
	Infrastructure - Other		613,884	469,868	263,422	
	Sanctuary Bore - New bore & casing	A114100	0	0	36,579	36,579
	Sanctuary Bore - Replace tank	A114101	15,000	0	0	(15,000)
	Spray Park - Remedial surface works	A114101	30,000	35,000	64	(29,936)
	Waste Site -Construction of Septage Ponds	A101012	166,884	166,884	226,779	59,895
	Beach Carparks - Joint DBCA & Shire upgrades	A115150	10,000	6,664	0	(10,000)
	Bird Deterrent System and Shed	A117008	22,000	14,664	0	(22,000)
	Broadcasting Tower Improvements - Replace 2 guide wires	A117502	15,000	10,000	0	(15,000)
	Learmonth Facility - Apron extension	A125322	115,000	76,664	0	(115,000)
	Learmonth Facility - Fuel mitigation for runway	A126009	80,000	53,328	0	(80,000)
	Exmouth Airport - Gravel sheeting & bitumen for runway	A127006	120,000	80,000	0	
	Town Mall - Digital signage	A134201	40,000	26,664	0	

				Princ	ipal	Prin	cipal	Inte	rest
Information on Borrowings	_	New	Loans	Repayı	ments	Outst	anding	Repay	ments
	Principal								
Particulars	30-Jun-18	Actual	Budget	Actual	Budget	Actual	Budget	Actual	Budget
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Housing									
Loan 77 - Snapper Loop Land	47,955			23,643	47,955	24,312	0	1,355	4,640
Loan 80 - Staff Dwellings	677,075			41,361	62,535	635,714	614,540	20,783	33,565
Community Ammenities									
Loan 81 - Rubbush Truck	331,881			39,767	80,013	292,114	251,868	3,999	9,413
Recreation and Culture									
Loan 82 - Ningaloo Centre	947,628			26,842	54,130	920,786	893,498	15,778	32,868
Other Property and Services									
Loan 76 - 1 Bennett Street	258,253			9,480	19,199	248,773	239,054	6,508	13,709
Total	2,262,792	0	0	141,093	263,832	2,121,699	1,998,960	48,423	94,195

#### SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

All loans and borrowings are initially recognised at the fair value of the consideration received less directly attributable transaction costs. After initial recognition, interest-bearing loans and borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Fees paid on the establishment of loan facilities that are yield related are included as part of the carrying amount of the loans and borrowings.



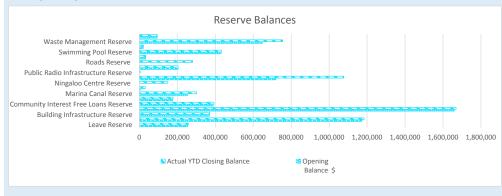
#### KEY INFORMATION

All loans and borrowings are initially recognised at the fair value of the consideration received less directly attributable transaction costs. After initial recognition, interest-bearing loans and borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Fees paid on the establishment of loan facilities that are yield related are included as part of the carrying amount of the loans and borrowings.

	Principal Repayments \$0
Interest Earned	Interest Expense
\$115,768	\$0
Reserves Bal	Loans Due
\$7.44 M	\$. M

#### **Cash Backed Reserve**

						<b>Budget Transfers</b>	Actual Transfers		
	Opening	Budget Interest	Actual Interest	<b>Budget Transfers In</b>	<b>Actual Transfers In</b>	Out	Out	<b>Budget Closing</b>	<b>Actual YTD Closing</b>
Reserve Name	Balance	Earned	Earned	(+)	(+)	(-)	(-)	Balance	Balance
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Leave Reserve	255,275	3,817	2,337	0		0	0	259,092	257,612
Aviation Reserve	1,173,441	17,545	10,744	0		(215,000)	0	975,986	1,184,185
Building Infrastructure Reserve	369,174	5,520	2,113	0		0	0	374,694	371,287
Community Development Fund Reserve	1,659,472	24,807	9,496	0		(40,000)	0	1,644,279	1,668,968
Community Interest Free Loans Reserve	390,299	5,836	2,233	0		(60,000)	0	336,135	392,532
Insurance/Natural Disasters Reserve	176,386	2,637	1,009	0		0	0	179,023	177,395
Marina Canal Reserve	255,079	3,825	1,460	46,000	46,000	0	0	304,904	302,539
Marina Village Asset Replacement Reserve	5,986	90	34	26,226	26,226	0	0	32,302	32,246
Ningaloo Centre Reserve	0	0		150,000	150,000	0	0	150,000	150,000
Plant Reserve	719,476	900	7,782	350,000	350,000	(350,000)	0	720,376	1,077,258
Public Radio Infrastructure Reserve	0	0		5,000	5,000	0	0	5,000	5,000
Rehabilitation Reserve	204,013	3,050	1,167	0		0	0	207,063	205,180
Roads Reserve	0	0		280,700	280,700	0	0	280,700	280,700
Shire Staff Housing Reseve	34,016	509	195	0		0	0	34,525	34,211
Swimming Pool Reserve	430,562	6,738	2,464	0		0	0	437,300	433,026
Town Planning Scheme Reserve	21,063	315	121	0		0	0	21,378	21,184
Waste Management Reserve	648,924	4,094	6,283	100,000	100,000	(101,000)	0	652,018	755,207
Unspent Grants & Contributions Reserve	94,284	0	424	0		(94,284)	0	0	94,708
	6,437,450	79,683	47,862	957,926	957,926	(860,284)	0	6,614,775	7,443,238

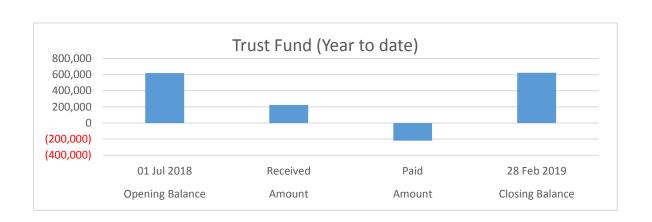


**Grants and Contributions** 

	Annual Budget	YTD Budget	YTD Actual	YTD Variance (Under)/Over
perating grants, subsidies and contributions				
Grants Commission - General Purpose / Untied Road Grant	886,690	665,016	687,851	22,83
DFES - AWARE - Risk Assessment funding	0	0	4,000	,
FESA - ESL Grant BFB - BFB Operations	0	0	396	39
FESA - ESL Grant SES - SES Operations	28,575	18,858	8,547	(10,31
Ningaloo Centre Contributions	. 0	. 0	360	` 36
Ningaloo Centre Funding	20,000	13,328	0	(13,32
Main Roads WA - Direct Grant	55,980	37,320	95,419	58,09
Dept LG Sport & Cultural Industries - Regional Every Club Funding	0	0	15,000	15,00
Resource Companies - Community Engagement Grants	125,000	41,666	0	(41,66
Diesel Fuel Subsidy	15,500	10,328	14,799	4,47
	4 404 -4-		026 272	39,8
perating grants, subsidies and contributions Total  on-operating grants, subsidies and contributions	1,131,745	786,516	826,372	33,6:
on-operating grants, subsidies and contributions		•	·	
on-operating grants, subsidies and contributions  FESA - ESL Grant BFB - Bush Fire Brigade Shed	140,000	93,328	151,848	58,5
on-operating grants, subsidies and contributions  FESA - ESL Grant BFB - Bush Fire Brigade Shed  Dept of Transport - Bundegi Boat Ramp Final Claim	140,000	93,328	151,848 116,985	58,5: 116,9
on-operating grants, subsidies and contributions  FESA - ESL Grant BFB - Bush Fire Brigade Shed  Dept of Transport - Bundegi Boat Ramp Final Claim  Royalties 4 Regions - Ningaloo Centre Final Claim	140,000 0 1,416,000	93,328 0 1,000,000	151,848 116,985 1,000,000	58,5. 116,98
pon-operating grants, subsidies and contributions  FESA - ESL Grant BFB - Bush Fire Brigade Shed  Dept of Transport - Bundegi Boat Ramp Final Claim  Royalties 4 Regions - Ningaloo Centre Final Claim  Regional Development Australia - Ningaloo Centre Final Claim	140,000 0 1,416,000 300,000	93,328 0 1,000,000 200,000	151,848 116,985 1,000,000 300,000	58,52 116,98 100,00
Pon-operating grants, subsidies and contributions  FESA - ESL Grant BFB - Bush Fire Brigade Shed  Dept of Transport - Bundegi Boat Ramp Final Claim  Royalties 4 Regions - Ningaloo Centre Final Claim  Regional Development Australia - Ningaloo Centre Final Claim  Dept of Transport - Roads to Recovery Program	140,000 0 1,416,000 300,000 192,018	93,328 0 1,000,000 200,000 128,008	151,848 116,985 1,000,000 300,000 192,018	58,52 116,98 100,00 64,02
Pon-operating grants, subsidies and contributions  FESA - ESL Grant BFB - Bush Fire Brigade Shed Dept of Transport - Bundegi Boat Ramp Final Claim Royalties 4 Regions - Ningaloo Centre Final Claim Regional Development Australia - Ningaloo Centre Final Claim Dept of Transport - Roads to Recovery Program Main Roads WA - Murat Road Funding	140,000 0 1,416,000 300,000 192,018 1,750,000	93,328 0 1,000,000 200,000 128,008 1,166,664	151,848 116,985 1,000,000 300,000 192,018 1,776,751	58,52 116,98 100,00 64,02 610,08
Pon-operating grants, subsidies and contributions  FESA - ESL Grant BFB - Bush Fire Brigade Shed Dept of Transport - Bundegi Boat Ramp Final Claim Royalties 4 Regions - Ningaloo Centre Final Claim Regional Development Australia - Ningaloo Centre Final Claim Dept of Transport - Roads to Recovery Program Main Roads WA - Murat Road Funding Main Roads WA - Yardie Creek Funding	140,000 0 1,416,000 300,000 192,018 1,750,000 278,200	93,328 0 1,000,000 200,000 128,008 1,166,664 185,464	151,848 116,985 1,000,000 300,000 192,018 1,776,751 53,360	58,5. 116,9. 100,0. 64,0 610,0. (132,10
Pon-operating grants, subsidies and contributions  FESA - ESL Grant BFB - Bush Fire Brigade Shed Dept of Transport - Bundegi Boat Ramp Final Claim Royalties 4 Regions - Ningaloo Centre Final Claim Regional Development Australia - Ningaloo Centre Final Claim Dept of Transport - Roads to Recovery Program Main Roads WA - Murat Road Funding	140,000 0 1,416,000 300,000 192,018 1,750,000	93,328 0 1,000,000 200,000 128,008 1,166,664	151,848 116,985 1,000,000 300,000 192,018 1,776,751	58,5: 116,90 100,00 64,0: 610,00 (132,10 (38,32
PESA - ESL Grant BFB - Bush Fire Brigade Shed Dept of Transport - Bundegi Boat Ramp Final Claim Royalties 4 Regions - Ningaloo Centre Final Claim Regional Development Australia - Ningaloo Centre Final Claim Dept of Transport - Roads to Recovery Program Main Roads WA - Murat Road Funding Main Roads WA - Yardie Creek Funding RADS - Learmonth Airport Apron Upgrade Lotterywest - Community Engagement Funding	140,000 0 1,416,000 300,000 192,018 1,750,000 278,200 57,500 8,000	93,328 0 1,000,000 200,000 128,008 1,166,664 185,464 38,328 5,328	151,848 116,985 1,000,000 300,000 192,018 1,776,751 53,360 0	58,5 116,9 100,0 64,0 610,0 (132,10 (38,32 (5,32
Pon-operating grants, subsidies and contributions  FESA - ESL Grant BFB - Bush Fire Brigade Shed Dept of Transport - Bundegi Boat Ramp Final Claim Royalties 4 Regions - Ningaloo Centre Final Claim Regional Development Australia - Ningaloo Centre Final Claim Dept of Transport - Roads to Recovery Program Main Roads WA - Murat Road Funding Main Roads WA - Yardie Creek Funding RADS - Learmonth Airport Apron Upgrade	140,000 0 1,416,000 300,000 192,018 1,750,000 278,200 57,500	93,328 0 1,000,000 200,000 128,008 1,166,664 185,464 38,328	151,848 116,985 1,000,000 300,000 192,018 1,776,751 53,360	58,5 116,9 100,0 64,0 610,0 (132,10 (38,32 (5,32

Funds held at balance date over which the Shire has no control and which are not included in this statement are as follows:

Description	Opening Balance 01 Jul 2018	Amount Received	Amount Paid	Closing Balance 28 Feb 2019
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Hall & Rec Centre Bonds	4,950	6,550	(4,400)	7,100
Olma Funding	2,423			2,423
Forum Travel Fund	2,990			2,990
NADC	11,335			11,335
Council Nomination Fees	80			80
Cyclone Baptist Needy Fund	2,800			2,800
Sundries	8,544	120	(120)	8,544
Building/Planning Bonds	73,400			73,400
Youth Affairs	1,401			1,401
Cash in Lieu POS	169,420	205,798		375,218
BCITF	312	5,518	(5,710)	120
BSL Levy	276	4,661	(4,135)	802
Jaurabi Coastal Park	59,400			59,400
Unclaimed Monies	7,637			7,637
Bond Deed Exmouth Marina Holdings	18,186			18,186
Key Bonds	850	250	(200)	900
Staff Housing Bonds	0	250	(250)	0
Donations for Other Organisations	135			135
Ingleton St Reserve 29086 (20A/152)	205,249		(205,249)	0
Exmouth Volunteer Fire & Rescue	50,000			50,000
	619,388	223,147	(220,065)	622,470



Amended

# NOTES TO THE STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL ACTIVITY FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 28 FEBRUARY 2019

Amendments to original budget since budget adoption. Surplus/(Deficit)

				Non Cash	Increase in	Decrease in	<b>Budget Running</b>
GL Code	Description	Council Resolution	Classification	Adjustment	Available Cash	Available Cash	Balance
				\$	\$	\$	\$
	Budget Adoption	0	pening Surplus				982,735
	Permanent Changes						
A125210	Mortiss St & Neale Cove Road upgrade (DOT)	09-0918	Capital Expenditure			(605,290)	377,445
A114100	Infrastructure (New)	06-1118	Capital Expenditure		30,000		407,445
A114101	Infrastructure (Renew)	06-1118	Capital Expenditure			(30,000)	377,445
				0	30,000	(635,290)	
				0	30,000	(635,290)	

## **MONTHLY LIST OF PAYMENTS - February 2019**

The following schedule of accounts have been paid under delegation by the CEO since the previous Council meeting. Checks have been carried out to verify prices, computations and costing.

Municipal Account: Cheque n

Cheque numbers 13594,13602-13605 -\$ 11,348.02
Direct Debits and EFT Payments EFT14475 - EFT14728 -\$ 833,887.27

Credit Card Purchases -\$ 5,475.56

Total Municipal Account -\$ 850,710.85

Trust Account:

Cheque numbers \$ -EFT Payments EFT14646-EFT14648 -\$ 278.00

Total Trust Account -\$ 278.00

TOTAL PAYMENTS - February 2019 -\$ 850,988.85

		T			1	1
Reference		Name	Description	Mui	nicipal Account	Trust Account
13594		TELSTRA CORPORATION	COUNCILLOR MOBILE PHONE ACCOUNT	-\$	259.94	
13602		DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORT - EXMOUTH	SPECIAL SERIES NUMBER PLATES	-\$	200.00	
13603		TELSTRA CORPORATION	UTILITIES	-\$	1,180.99	
13604	22/02/2019	PIVOTEL SATELLITE PTY LTD	TRAK SPOT TRACKING CHARGE	-\$	31.00	
13605	22/02/2019	TELSTRA CORPORATION	UTILITIES	-\$	9,676.09	
				TOTAL CHEQUES -\$	11,348.02	\$ -
DD 4000 4	04 /02 /2040	AMDATA	AIDDONT CERVICE FEEC IANII IADV 2040		2 204 22	
DD4868.1	01/02/2019	WESTNET PTY LTD	AIRPORT SERVICE FEES JANUARY 2019	-\$  ¢	3,301.32	
DD4891.1 DD4891.2		WESTPAC BANKING CORPORATION	UTILITIES  MERCHANT FEES	-\$   ¢	404.78 624.54	
DD4891.2 DD4881.1		WESTPAC BANKING ***Credit Card ONLY	CREDIT CARD TRANSACTIONS JANUARY 2019	-> c	619.37	
DD4883.1		SUPERANNUATION	PAYROLL DEDUCTIONS	- <del>-</del>  -	35,789.02	
DD4883.1 DD4901.1		WESTNET PTY LTD	UTILITIES		49.99	
DD4905.1		WA LOCAL GOVERNMENT SUPERANNUATION	PAYROLL DEDUCTIONS	-\$ -\$	33,984.89	
DD4303.1	27/02/2013	WA LOCAL GOVERNIVERY 301 ENAMMOATION	TATROLL DEDOCTIONS	TOTAL DIRECT DEBIT PAYMENTS -\$	74,773.91	\$ -
				,	. ,,	*
EFT14575	08/02/2019	AAA TRIPLE A ASPHALT	COLDMIX BULKA BAGS X 10	-\$	4,345.00	
EFT14576		AIRSAFE TRANSPORT TRAINING	STAFF TRAINING	-\$	160.00	
EFT14577		AMPAC DEBT RECOVERY	COMMISSIONS AND COSTS FOR JANUARY 2019	-\$	6,078.42	
EFT14578		ATOM SUPPLY / GERALDTON INDUSTRIAL SUPPLIES	WORKSHOP CONSUMABLES	-\$	468.65	
EFT14579		AUSTRALIA POST	POSTAGE FOR JANUARY 19	-\$	217.34	
EFT14580		AUSTRALIAN GOVERNMENT CHILD SUPPORT AGENCY	PAYROLL DEDUCTIONS	-\$	225.99	
EFT14581		AUSTRALIAN TAX OFFICE (PAYG)	PAYROLL DEDUCTIONS	-\$	43,348.00	
EFT14582		AVIS AUSTRALIA	CAR HIRE	-\$	238.98	
EFT14583		BAY BEANS PTY LTD	STAFF ROOM CONSUMABLES	-\$	324.00	
EFT14584		CALTEX STARMART EXMOUTH	TYRES	-\$	295.00	
EFT14585	08/02/2019		REMUNERATION AS PER STAFF CONTRACT JUL 18-JAN 19	-\$	1,342.00	
EFT14586		CAPRICORN PEST CONTROL	PEST CONTROL	-\$	3,520.00	
EFT14587		CARNARVON MOTOR GROUP	VEHICLE PARTS	-\$	156.82	
EFT14588		CONSERVATION, ANIMAL RESCUE, RESEARCH & EDUCATION (CARE)	ALUMINIUM CAN COLLECTION	-\$	240.00	
EFT14589		COVS AUTOMOTIVE, MINING & INDUSTRIAL SUPPLIES	VEHICLE PARTS	-\$	3,253.02	
EFT14590		DUALCO CONTRACTING (WA) PTY LTD	AIRCONDITIONER REPAIRS	-\$	1,135.20	
EFT14591		ERA CONTRACTORS	ELECTRICAL WORKS AIRPORT	-\$	209.25	
EFT14592		EXMOUTH AUTO AND MARINE ELECTRICS	BATTERIES FOR RUBBISH TRUCK	-\$	756.00	
EFT14593	08/02/2019	EXMOUTH AUTOMOTIVE AND BOATING SERVICES	VEHICLE REPAIRS	-\$	175.00	
EFT14594		EXMOUTH BETTA ELECTRICAL & GAS	MICROWAVE FOR STAFF ROOM	-\$	269.00	
EFT14595		EXMOUTH CIVIL PTY LTD	MURAT ROAD UPGRADE PROGRESS CLAIM # 3	-\$	346,490.46	
EFT14596		EXMOUTH COMMUNITY MARKETS INC	COMMUNITY AND SPORTING GRANT	-\$	1,500.00	
EFT14597		EXMOUTH FUEL SUPPLIES	FUEL	-\$	214.50	
EFT14598		EXMOUTH GYMNASTIC CLUB	COMMUNITY & SPORTING GRANT	-\$	1,500.00	
EFT14599		EXMOUTH IGA	CONSUMABLES FOR JAN 19	-\$	396.67	
EFT14600		EXMOUTH INDUSTRIAL SERVICES (EIS)	VEHICLE PARTS	-\$	288.97	
EFT14601		EXMOUTH LADIES DARTS ASSOCIATION	COMMUNITY GRANT	-\$	2,500.00	
EFT14602		EXMOUTH NEWSAGENCY & TOYWORLD	STATIONERY	-\$	169.30	
EFT14603		EXMOUTH PHARMACY	FIRST AID KIT SUPPLIES	-\$	68.94	
EFT14604		EXMOUTH TILE AND CARPET CLEANING	CARPET CLEANING	-\$	1,045.00	
	1,,				_,0 .0.00	

Reference	Date	Name	Description	Mani	cipal Account	Trust Account
			-	Mulli		Trust Account
EFT14605 EFT14606		EXMOUTH WHOLESALERS EXY PLUMBING & CONTRACTING	CONSUMABLES FOR JAN 19 PLUMBING WORKS - JANUARY 2019	-\$	855.89	
EFT14606 EFT14607		GO GO ON HOLD PTY LTD	ON HOLD MESSAGES SERVICE FOR FEBRUARY TO JULY 2019	-> c	3,906.92 455.40	
EFT14607 EFT14608		GRAMA BAZITA TOTAL FIRE SOLUTIONS	FIRE MAINTENANCE FOR DEC 18	-> ¢	1,598.70	
EFT14609		HITACHI CONSTRUCTION MACHINERY (AUST) PTY LTD	VEHICLE PARTS	- Ş Ċ	1,577.73	
EFT14610		HOME TIMBER AND HARDWARE	AIRPORT CONSUMABLES FOR MONTH OF JAN 19	-Ş -¢	758.15	
EFT14611		HORIZON POWER - ACCOUNTS	UTILITIES	-ş _¢	44,302.77	
EFT14612		HT CLEANING SERVICES PTY LTD	CONTRACT CLEANING OF NINGALOO CENTRE FOR FEBRUARY 2019	-¢	10,633.22	
EFT14613	08/02/2019		ADDITIONAL BOARD LICENCES SUBSCRIPTION TO 30 JUNE 19	-\$ -\$	1,375.00	
EFT14614		IXOM OPERATIONS PTY LTD	CHLORINE FOR WATER SEWERAGE FARM AND POOL	-\$	710.64	
EFT14615		JACKSON'S PLUMBING CONTRACTORS	CHLORINE INJECTOR TAILS & REGULATOR INSTALLATION SEWERAGE FARM	-\$	1,296.90	
EFT14616		JASON SIGNMAKERS	STREET SIGN	-\$	126.50	
EFT14617	08/02/2019		UTILITIES REIMBURSEMENTS	-\$	1,056.61	
EFT14618		LOCAL GOVT RACING & CEMETERIES EMP UNION	PAYROLL DEDUCTIONS	-\$	19.40	
EFT14619	08/02/2019		REIMBURSEMENT OF FUEL AS PER CONTRACT	-\$	73.19	
EFT14620		METROCOUNT	PARTS	-\$	95.70	
EFT14621		MOORE STEPHENS (WA) P/L	FBT WORKSHOP AND EOY WEBINARS STAFF TRAINING	-\$	825.00	
EFT14622		MUMBY'S AUTO ELECTRICAL AND AIR CONDITIONING	PARTS	-\$	333.00	
EFT14623		McLEODS BARRISTERS AND SOLICTORS	LEGAL FEES	-\$	3,293.95	
EFT14624		NGT LOGISTICS PTY LTD	FREIGHT	-\$	3,163.05	
EFT14625		NINGALOO HARVEST IGA	AQUARIUM FOOD	-\$	44.00	
EFT14626		NINGALOO NECTAR	WATER	-\$	108.00	
EFT14627	08/02/2019	NOISE AND VIBRATION MEASUREMENT SYSTEMS PTY LTD	CALIBRATIONS	-\$	830.50	
EFT14628	08/02/2019	NORWEST CRANE HIRE #2 PTY LTD	RELOCATE PRAWN STRUCTURE	-\$	316.80	
EFT14629	08/02/2019	OFFICEWORKS	STATIONERY	-\$	437.68	
EFT14630	08/02/2019	P & G BODY BUILDERS	SUPPLY AIR RAM FOR TIPPER TRUCK	-\$	352.00	
EFT14631	08/02/2019	REPCO CARNARVON	PARTS	-\$	551.10	
EFT14632	08/02/2019	SCOPE BUSINESS IMAGING	PREVENTATIVE SERVICE PLAN FOR PHOTOCOPIER	-\$	304.73	
EFT14633	08/02/2019	SCOTT PRINT	BUSINESS CARDS FOR STAFF	-\$	115.50	
EFT14634	08/02/2019	SLIMLINE WAREHOUSE DISPLAY SHOPS	IPAD HOLDERS MUSEUM	-\$	1,164.69	
EFT14635	08/02/2019	SRB LEGAL	LEGAL SERVICES	-\$	2,087.80	
		THE HONDA SHOP	PARTS	-\$	735.00	
EFT14637	08/02/2019	TNT EXPRESS AUSTRALIA - ACCOUNTS	FREIGHT	-\$	162.17	
EFT14638	08/02/2019		FREIGHT	-\$	1,250.51	
EFT14639	08/02/2019	TOTAL EDEN PTY LTD	PARTS	-\$	253.00	
EFT14640	08/02/2019	TOTALLY WORKWEAR MIDLAND	STAFF UNIFORMS	-\$	377.42	
EFT14641	08/02/2019	WA LIBRARY SUPPLIES	LABEL AND BARCODE PROTECTORS AND WIRE EASELS	-\$	103.45	
EFT14642		WEST AUSSIE REPTILES	VENOMOUS RELOCATION COURSE - RANGER	-\$	350.00	
EFT14643		WESTRAC PTY LTD	PARTS FOR LOADER	-\$	273.70	
EFT14644	· ·	WORKWEAR GROUP PTY LTD	STAFF UNIFORMS	-\$	575.85	
EFT14645	08/02/2019		OIL WASTE DISPOSAL COMPLIANCE FEES	-\$	33.00	
EFT14646		CONSTRUCTION TRAINING FUND	BCITF LEVIES COLLECTED JANUARY 2019			-\$ 69.75
EFT14647		EXMOUTH TOY LIBRARY	BOND REFUND	1		-\$ 200.00
EFT14648		SHIRE OF EXMOUTH	BCITF COMMISSIONS COLLECTED JAN 2019	<u> </u>		-\$ 8.25
EFT14649		WESTERN AUSTRALIAN TREASURY CORP.	LOAN REPAYMENT	-\$	7,768.00	
EFT14650		ACS MARCOMM	MICROPHONE BATTERIES AND COVERS	-\$	457.93	
EFT14651		ADVENTURE REELS PTY LTD	LICENSE FEE FOR 2019 OCEAN FILM FESTIVAL 18TH APRIL 2019	-\$	1,000.00	
EFT14652		AFFORDABLE SIGNS	BANNERS	-\$	1,012.00	
EFT14653		AMPAC DEBT RECOVERY	DEBT RECOVERY	-\$	1,276.54	
		ATOM SUPPLY / GERALDTON INDUSTRIAL SUPPLIES	BATTERIES  PAYPOLL REDUCTIONS	-\$   c	222.18	
		AUSTRALIAN GOVERNMENT CHILD SUPPORT AGENCY	PAYROLL DEDUCTIONS  PAYROLL DEDUCTIONS	-> ->	225.99	
EFT14656		AUSTRALIAN TAX OFFICE (PAYG)	PAYROLL DEDUCTIONS VEHICLE PERAIRS	-> c	43,995.06	
		AUTOPRO/NINGALOO CAR BOAT HIRE	VEHICLE REPAIRS	-> ->	160.00	
EFT14658	22/02/2019		AQUARIUM SUPPLIES	-> c	495.76	
EFT14659 EFT14660		BLACKWOODS (J.BLACKWOOD & SON PTY LTD)	TOOLS  DELINGUIDSE TELEDHONE FOR LISE WITH WATER TREATMENT DI ANT COMPLITER	-> c	152.80 100.00	
	22/02/2019	CAPE WATER CART AND EXMOUTH LANDSCAPE SUPPLIES	REIMBURSE TELEPHONE FOR USE WITH WATER TREATMENT PLANT COMPUTER  WATER TRUCK HIRE	-> c	484.00	
EFT14661 EFT14662		CAPE WATER CART AND EXMOUTH LANDSCAPE SUPPLIES  CARDNO (WA) PTY LTD	ENVIRONMENTAL MONITORING FOR PERIOD ENDING 12.10.18	-> _¢	18,769.89	
EFT14663		CASTROL AUSTRALIA PTY LTD	PREMIUM COOL PLUS 20L	-ب د'د'	321.95	
LI 114005	22/02/2019	CASTROL AUSTRALIA ETT LID	I NEIVITOIVI COOL FEO3 ZUE	<sup>ر-</sup> ا	341.93	

\$   1,215   15   15   15   15   15   15   15	Reference	Date	Name	Description	Muni	cipal Account	Trust Account
17.7546    17.7540				-	-\$		
1979-1006   2002-2007   2002	-				-¢		
1995					-\$		
\$7,000.000.000.0000.0000.0000.0000.0000.	-				-\$		
1940-06   1940					-\$		
19.10.00   19.10.00				· ·	-\$		
					-¢		
\$ 2,757.75	-				-¢		
\$   \$   \$   \$   \$   \$   \$   \$   \$   \$		1 1			-Ş _¢		
2002/2015   DOLLAD BETTA ELECTRICAL IS GOS					-Ş _¢		
PRINCIPLE   1979   PRINCIPLE WRITE   1979	-		` ,		- Ş . c		
	-				-Ş _¢		
Filter   Part					-Ş -\$		
					-Ş -\$		
\$7,000   \$7,000   \$7,000   \$1,000   \$2,000   \$	-				-Ş -\$		
1797/2019   1797					-\$		
FITT-1985   22/07/2019   PORTENDER AND HANDWARD   ADQUARDANCES   \$ 2.757.10					-\$	· ·	
FITTAGES   2,2017/2019   ROBERT PROVER ACCOUNTS					-\$		
17.1468   22.07.2019   INSPITATIVE CREAMPROYN   ACCOMMODATION OR INGRIZON POWER FUNCTION \$2.2.19	-				-\$	· ·	
ETT-1468   22/02/2019   MARSAT AUSTRALIA PTY I'D					-\$		
FTT-1686   27/07/2019   INCRED ON THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPER					-\$		
FITT-1968   22/02/2019   LANGEON					-\$		
\$ 323.50					-\$		
FETT-1688   220/22019   MART FRACE & CEMETERIS EMP UNON   PARKOL DEDUCTIONS   \$ 1.040					-\$		
EFFT4699   22/02/2019   MARE FRACIAL PPT LIMITED (former ALLEASING FPT LTD)   LEASING COMPRICATE FOR COMPRITE FQLUEMINT   \$ 7.433.52					-\$		
PETTASSP  22/02/2019   MARKES STEPHENS (WAI) PÚ					-\$		
FIT14991   27/07/2019   MODIES TEPHINS (WA) P/L   FIT AND BUDGET WORKSHOPS PERTH 7.3.18   \$ 2,805.00     FET14092   27/07/2019   MUNISTROS AUTO ELECTRICAL AND AIR CONDITIONING   VEHICLE REPRIAS   \$ 2,286.00     FET14093   27/07/2019   NOTIONISCING FYY LTD   REPLACE AIRCONDITIONER IN CARETAKERS HOUSE   \$ 2,286.00     FET14094   27/07/2019   NOTIONISCING FYY LTD   REPLACE AIRCONDITIONER IN CARETAKERS HOUSE   \$ 185.02     FET14095   27/07/2019   NOTIONISCING FYY LTD   REPLACE AIRCONDITIONER IN CARETAKERS HOUSE   \$ 185.02     FET14097   27/07/2019   NORACOO INSCINA   WATER   \$ 182.00     FET14097   27/07/2019   ARCHEM CONSTRUCTION SUPPLIES FY LTD   SAFE HOUSE   SAFE PER AND ARCHEM CONSTRUCTION SUPPLIES FY LTD   PATCH COMPOUND FOR SPRAY PARK   \$ 611.66     FET14098   27/07/2019   ARCHEM CONSTRUCTION SUPPLIES FY LTD   PATCH COMPOUND FOR SPRAY PARK   \$ 611.66     FET14099   27/07/2019   ARCHEM CONSTRUCTION SUPPLIES FY LTD   PATCH COMPOUND FOR SPRAY PARK   \$ 7.00     FET14090   27/07/2019   ARCHEM CONSTRUCTION SUPPLIES FOR THE TOTAL OF A SAFE RECRUITMENT MEDICAL   \$ 7.00     FET14091   27/07/2019   ARCHEM CONSTRUCTION SUPPLIES FOR THE SERVICES FY LTD   PATCH COMPOUND FOR SPRAY PARK   \$ 7.00     FET14090   27/07/2019   ARCHEM CONSTRUCTION SUPPLIES FOR THE SERVICES FOR			, ,		-\$		
FIT14982   27/07/2019   MUMMY'S AUTO LICETRICAL AND AIR CONDITIONING   VEHICLE REPAIRS   1,205.00     FIT14994   27/07/2019   INCROMOS PRIVE TO   FREIGHT   5   135.02     FIT14995   27/07/2019   INCROMOS PRIVE TO   FREIGHT   5   315.02     FIT14998   27/07/2019   INCROMOS PRIVE TO   FREIGHT   5   315.02     FIT14998   27/07/2019   INCROMOS PRIVE TO   SOP BIN HISE FOR LANUARY 2019   5   27.995.01     FIT14998   27/07/2019   INCROMOS PRIVE TO   SOP BIN HISE FOR LANUARY 2019   5   27.995.01     FIT14998   27/07/2019   PRIVED TO   SOP BIN HISE FOR LANUARY 2019   5   27.995.01     FIT14998   27/07/2019   PRIVED TO   SOP BIN HISE FOR LANUARY 2019   5   27.00     FIT14998   27/07/2019   PRIVED TO   SOP BIN HISE FOR LANUARY 2019   5   27.00     FIT14998   27/07/2019   PRIVED TO   SOP BIN HISE FOR LANUARY 2019   5   27.00     FIT14999   27/07/2019   PRIVED TO   SOP BIN HISE FOR LANUARY 2019   5   27.00     FIT14990   27/07/2019   PRIVED FOR HIS SERVICES PPUT L'D   PARTS FOR NINGALOD CHAINER   5   27.00     FIT14990   27/07/2019   PRIVED FOR HIS SERVICES PPUT L'D   PARTS FOR NINGALOD CHAINER   5   27.00     FIT14990   27/07/2019   PRIVED FOR HIS SERVICES PPUT L'D   PARTS FOR NINGALOD CHAINER   5   27.00     FIT14990   27/07/2019   PRIVED FOR HIS SERVICES PPUT L'D   PARTS FOR NINGALOD CHAINER   5   27.00     FIT14990   27/07/2019   PRIVED FOR HIS SERVICES PPUT L'D   PARTS FOR NINGALOD CHAINER   5   27.00     FIT14990   27/07/2019   PRIVED FOR HIS SERVICES PPUT L'D   PARTS FOR NINGALOD CHAINER   5   27.00     FIT14990   27/07/2019   PRIVED FOR HIS SERVICES PPUT L'D   PARTS FOR NINGALOD CHAINER   5   27.00     FIT14990   27/07/2019   PRIVED FOR HIS SERVICES PPUT L'D   PARTS FOR NINGALOD CHAINER   5   27.00     FIT14990   27/07/2019   PRIVED FOR HIS SERVICES PPUT L'D   PARTS FOR NINGALOD CHAINER   5   27.00     FIT14990   27/07/2019   PRIVED FOR NINGALOD CHAINER   5   27.00     FIT14990   27/07/2019   PRIVED FOR NINGALOD CHAINER   5   27.00     FIT14990   27/07/2019   PRIVED FOR NINGALOD CHAINER   5   27.00     FIT14990	-				-\$		
FFT14696   27/02/2019   NETWORK FOWERS SQUITIONS PTV TID   REPLACE AIRCONNITONER IN CARETAKERS HOUSE   \$ 2,286.00					-\$		
FRIEGHT   S.   185.62	-				-\$		-
FIT14695   22/02/2019   NINCALOO NICTAR   WATER   \$   312.00     FIT14697   22/02/2019   PARCES CARNER HIRE \$2 PTY LTD   SUP BIN HIRE FOR LANUARY 2019   \$   2.395.90     FIT14697   22/02/2019   PARCES CARNER HIRE \$2 PTY LTD   PARTS FOR NINGALOO CENTRE   \$   2.50.16     FIT14698   22/02/2019   PARCES RELACE & FOREST PTY LTD   PARTS FOR NINGALOO CENTRE   \$   2.50.16     FIT14700   22/02/2019   PARCES RELACE & FOREST PTY LTD   PARTS FOR NINGALOO CENTRE   \$   2.50.16     FIT14700   22/02/2019   PARCES REVICES PROTECTOR FIRE SERVICES PTY LTD   EMERGENCY CONTROL ORGANISATION EQUIPMENT   \$   379.65     FIT14701   22/02/2019   REPCO CARNARWON   COOLANT   FREIGHT   \$   2.50.16     FIT14702   22/02/2019   REPCO CARNARWON   COOLANT   \$   2.50.16     FIT14703   22/02/2019   SCHANCARWON   COOLANT   \$   2.50.16     FIT14704   22/02/2019   SCHANCARWON   COOLANT   \$   2.50.16     FIT14704   22/02/2019   SCHANCARWON   STAFF TRAINING   \$   5   6.19.30     FIT14705   22/02/2019   SCHANCARWON   STAFF TRAINING   \$   5   6.19.30     FIT14706   22/02/2019   SCHANCARWON   STAFF TRAINING   \$   5   6.90.05     FIT14707   22/02/2019   SCHANCARWON   STAFF TRAINING   \$   5   6.90.05     FIT14708   22/02/2019   SCHANCARWON   STAFF TRAINING   \$   5   6.90.05     FIT14709   22/02/2019   SCHANCARWON   STAFF TRAINING   \$   5   6.90.05     FIT14709   22/02/2019   SCHANCARWON   STAFF TRAINING   \$   6.90.05     FIT14709   22/02/2019   SCHANCARWON   STAFF TRAINING   \$   6.90.05     FIT14709   22/02/2019   SCHANCARWON   STAFF TRAINING   \$   6.90.05     FIT14710   22/02/2019   SCHANCARWON	-				-\$	· ·	-
FFT14696   22/02/2019   NORWEST CRANE HIRE R2 PTY LTD   SUP BIN HIRE FOOR IANUARY 2019   \$ 2,335.50     FFT14697   22/02/2019   PACKER CONSTRUCTION SUPPLES PTY LTD   PARTS FOR NINGALOO CENTRE   \$ 205.16     FFT14698   22/02/2019   PARKER BLACK & FORREST PTY LTD   PARTS FOR NINGALOO CENTRE   \$ 205.16     FFT14709   22/02/2019   PATWEST LABORATORY WA   \$ 5 APR. EXECUTION SUPPLES PROTECTOR FIRE SERVICES PTY LTD   PARTS FOR NINGALOO CENTRE   \$ 7 70.00     FFT14701   22/02/2019   PATWEST LABORATORY WA   \$ 5 APR. EXECUTION SUPPLES PROTECTOR FIRE SERVICES PTY LTD   PARTS FOR NINGALOO CENTRE   \$ 7 70.00     FFT14701   22/02/2019   ROCK CORNARY ON   \$ 6 APR. EXECUTION SUPPLES PROTECTOR FIRE SERVICES PTY LTD   PARTS FOR NINGALOO CENTRE   \$ 8 22.00     FFT14702   22/02/2019   ROCK CORNARY ON   \$ 6 APR. EXECUTION SUPPLES PROTECTOR FIRE SERVICES PTY LTD   PARTS FOR NINGALOO COLLANT   \$ 8 22.00     FFT14703   22/02/2019   SELOT ALUSTRALIA PTY LTD   AMBIENT SCENTING FOR MONTH OF FEBRUARY 2019   \$ 143.00     FFT14703   22/02/2019   SELOT ALUSTRALIA PTY LTD   AMBIENT SCENTING FOR MONTH OF FEBRUARY 2019   \$ 5 43.00     FFT14701   22/02/2019   SELOT ALUSTRALIA PTY LTD   AMBIENT SCENTING FOR MONTH OF FEBRUARY 2019   \$ 5 43.00     FFT14702   22/02/2019   SELOT ALUSTRALIA PTY LTD   AMBIENT SCENTING FOR MONTH OF REBULARY 2019   \$ 5 40.00     FFT14703   22/02/2019   SELOT ALUSTRALIA PTY LTD   AMBIENT SCENTING FOR MONTH OF THE AUGUST AND AUGUST AUGUST AND AUGUST AND AUGUST AND AUGUST					-\$		
FETT-1469   22/02/2019   PARCHEM CONSTRUCTION SUPPLIES PTY LTD					-\$		
FEFT14698   22/02/2019   PARTHER ELACK & FORREST PTY LTD	EFT14697				-\$		
EFF11490   22/02/2019   PATHWEST LABORATORY WA   STAFF RECRUITMENT MEDICAL   \$ 70.00	EFT14698				-\$		
FETI-4701   22/02/2019   RELCOURERS   FEIGHT   5   22.00	EFT14699				-\$	70.00	
FEFTLATOIL 22/02/2019   RELCOURIERS   FEFIGHT   \$ 2.200	EFT14700			EMERGENCY CONTROL ORGANISATION EQUIPMENT	-\$	379.65	
EFF114702   22/02/2019   REPCO CARNARYON   COOLANT   \$ 29.43	EFT14701	22/02/2019	R&L COURIERS		-\$	22.00	
EFT14704   22/02/2019   SIGMA CHEMICALS   SODA ASH AND POTASSIUM FOR AQUARIUM   S   619.30	EFT14702	22/02/2019	REPCO CARNARVON	COOLANT	-\$	29.43	
EFT14705   22/02/2019   SPECIALISED CAREER SOLUTIONS   STAFF TRAINING   \$ 8,245.78	EFT14703	22/02/2019	SCENT AUSTRALIA PTY LTD	AMBIENT SCENTING FOR MONTH OF FEBRUARY 2019	-\$	143.00	
EFT14706   22/02/2019   SPYKER BUSINESS SOLUTIONS   MONTHLY IT SUPPORT JANUARY 19 INC UBIQUITI UNIFI CLOUD KEY GEN2   5 6,900.58	EFT14704	22/02/2019	SIGMA CHEMICALS	SODA ASH AND POTASSIUM FOR AQUARIUM	-\$	619.30	
EFT14706   22/02/2019   SPYKER BUSINESS SOLUTIONS   MONTHLY IT SUPPORT JANUARY 19 INC UBIQUITI UNIFI CLOUD KEY GEN2   5 6,900.58	EFT14705			STAFF TRAINING	-\$	8,245.78	
EFT14708   22/02/2019   STATE LAW PUBLISHER   ADVERTISING   STATE LAW PUBLISHER   AQUARIUM SUPPLIES   AQUARIUM SUPPLIES   S 407.00	EFT14706			MONTHLY IT SUPPORT JANUARY 19 INC UBIQUITI UNIFI CLOUD KEY GEN2	-\$	· ·	
EFT14719   22/02/2019   SUSTAINABLE REEFS REEF AQUACULTURE PTY LTD   AQUARIUM SUPPLIES   \$ 407.00	EFT14707	22/02/2019	ST JOHNS AMBULANCE	FIRST AID KIT SUPPLIES	-\$	360.10	
REVIEW OF WASTE SERVICES AND TENDER MANAGEMENT   \$3,322.00	EFT14708	22/02/2019	STATE LAW PUBLISHER	ADVERTISING	-\$	1,466.50	
FFT14711   22/02/2019   TAYLOR BURRELL BARNETT   PLANNING SCHEME PREPARATION   -\$ 2,831.40	EFT14709	22/02/2019	SUSTAINABLE REEFS REEF AQUACULTURE PTY LTD	AQUARIUM SUPPLIES	-\$	407.00	
EFT14712       22/02/2019       TOLL IPEC       FREIGHT       -\$ 174.24         EFT14713       22/02/2019       TOTAL EDEN PTY LTD       IRRIGATION SUPPLIES       -\$ 89.79         EFT14714       22/02/2019       TOTALLY WORKWEAR MIDLAND       STAFF UNIFORMS       -\$ 273.08         EFT14715       22/02/2019       TECHWEST       ACCESS FOBS       -\$ 391.00         EFT14716       22/02/2019       VIBRA AIR FILTER CLEANING       -\$ 1,028.50         EFT14717       22/02/2019       WA COUNTRY HEALTH SERVICE - MIDWEST       STAFF RECRUITMENT MEDICAL       -\$ 1,028.50         EFT14718       22/02/2019       WESFARMERS KLEENHEAT GAS PTY LTD       ANNUAL CYLINDER SERVICE CHARGE 56 NIMITZ ST       -\$ 759.00         EFT14719       22/02/2019       CUSTOMER       REIMBURSE OVERPAYMENT OF RATES       -\$ 1,263.64         EFT14720       26/02/2019       AERODROME MANAGEMENT SERVICES PTY LTD (AMS)       ASIC CARD FOR AIRPORT STAFF       -\$ 66.00         EFT14721       26/02/2019       AMPAC DEBT RECOVERY       DEBT RECOVERY       -\$ 3,365.56	EFT14710	22/02/2019	TALIS CONSULTANTS PTY LTD	REVIEW OF WASTE SERVICES AND TENDER MANAGEMENT	-\$	3,322.00	
FET14713   22/02/2019   TOTAL EDEN PTY LTD   IRRIGATION SUPPLIES   STAFF UNIFORMS   STAFF	EFT14711	22/02/2019	TAYLOR BURRELL BARNETT	PLANNING SCHEME PREPARATION	-\$	2,831.40	
EFT14714   22/02/2019   TOTALLY WORKWEAR MIDLAND   STAFF UNIFORMS   \$273.08     EFT14715   22/02/2019   TECHWEST   ACCESS FOBS   \$391.00     EFT14716   22/02/2019   VIBRA AIR FILTER CLEANING   AIR FILTER CLEAN   \$1,028.50     EFT14717   22/02/2019   WA COUNTRY HEALTH SERVICE - MIDWEST   STAFF RECRUITMENT MEDICAL   \$1,928.00     EFT14718   22/02/2019   WESFARMERS KLEENHEAT GAS PTY LTD   ANNUAL CYLINDER SERVICE CHARGE 56 NIMITZ ST   \$759.00     EFT14719   22/02/2019   CUSTOMER   REIMBURSE OVERPAYMENT OF RATES   \$1,263.64     EFT14720   26/02/2019   AERODROME MANAGEMENT SERVICES PTY LTD (AMS)   ASIC CARD FOR AIRPORT STAFF     EFT14721   26/02/2019   AMPAC DEBT RECOVERY   DEBT RECOVERY   DEBT RECOVERY   \$3,365.56	EFT14712	22/02/2019	TOLL IPEC	FREIGHT	-\$	174.24	
EFT14715       22/02/2019       TECHWEST       -\$ 391.00         EFT14716       22/02/2019       VIBRA AIR FILTER CLEANING       -\$ 1,028.50         EFT14717       22/02/2019       WA COUNTRY HEALTH SERVICE - MIDWEST       STAFF RECRUITMENT MEDICAL       -\$ 198.00         EFT14718       22/02/2019       WESFARMERS KLEENHEAT GAS PTY LTD       ANNUAL CYLINDER SERVICE CHARGE 56 NIMITZ ST       -\$ 759.00         EFT14719       22/02/2019       CUSTOMER       -\$ 1,263.64         EFT14720       26/02/2019       AERODROME MANAGEMENT SERVICES PTY LTD (AMS)       ASIC CARD FOR AIRPORT STAFF       -\$ 66.00         EFT14721       26/02/2019       AMPAC DEBT RECOVERY       DEBT RECOVERY       -\$ 3,365.56	EFT14713	22/02/2019	TOTAL EDEN PTY LTD	IRRIGATION SUPPLIES	-\$	89.79	
EFT14716 22/02/2019 VIBRA AIR FILTER CLEANING AIR FILTER CLEAN .\$ 1,028.50 EFT14717 22/02/2019 WA COUNTRY HEALTH SERVICE - MIDWEST STAFF RECRUITMENT MEDICAL .\$ 198.00 EFT14718 22/02/2019 WESFARMERS KLEENHEAT GAS PTY LTD ANNUAL CYLINDER SERVICE CHARGE 56 NIMITZ ST .\$ 759.00 EFT14719 22/02/2019 CUSTOMER REIMBURSE OVERPAYMENT OF RATES .\$ 1,263.64 EFT14720 26/02/2019 AERODROME MANAGEMENT SERVICES PTY LTD (AMS) ASIC CARD FOR AIRPORT STAFF .\$ 66.00 EFT14721 26/02/2019 AMPAC DEBT RECOVERY DEBT RECOVERY .\$ 3,365.56	EFT14714	22/02/2019	TOTALLY WORKWEAR MIDLAND	STAFF UNIFORMS	-\$	273.08	
EFT14717 22/02/2019 WA COUNTRY HEALTH SERVICE - MIDWEST STAFF RECRUITMENT MEDICAL EFT14718 22/02/2019 WESFARMERS KLEENHEAT GAS PTY LTD ANNUAL CYLINDER SERVICE CHARGE 56 NIMITZ ST EFT14719 22/02/2019 CUSTOMER REIMBURSE OVERPAYMENT OF RATES EFT14720 26/02/2019 AERODROME MANAGEMENT SERVICES PTY LTD (AMS) ASIC CARD FOR AIRPORT STAFF EFT14721 26/02/2019 AMPAC DEBT RECOVERY DEBT RECOVERY  STAFF RECRUITMENT MEDICAL ANNUAL CYLINDER SERVICE CHARGE 56 NIMITZ ST -\$ 198.00 -\$ 759.00 -\$ 1,263.64 -\$ 66.00 -\$ 66.00 -\$ 3,365.56	EFT14715	22/02/2019	TECHWEST	ACCESS FOBS	-\$	391.00	
EFT14718 22/02/2019 WESFARMERS KLEENHEAT GAS PTY LTD ANNUAL CYLINDER SERVICE CHARGE 56 NIMITZ ST  EFT14719 22/02/2019 CUSTOMER REIMBURSE OVERPAYMENT OF RATES  EFT14720 26/02/2019 AERODROME MANAGEMENT SERVICES PTY LTD (AMS) ASIC CARD FOR AIRPORT STAFF  EFT14721 26/02/2019 AMPAC DEBT RECOVERY  ANNUAL CYLINDER SERVICE CHARGE 56 NIMITZ ST  REIMBURSE OVERPAYMENT OF RATES  ASIC CARD FOR AIRPORT STAFF  DEBT RECOVERY  DEBT RECOVERY  5 3,365.56	EFT14716	22/02/2019	VIBRA AIR FILTER CLEANING	AIR FILTER CLEAN	-\$	1,028.50	
EFT14719         22/02/2019         CUSTOMER         REIMBURSE OVERPAYMENT OF RATES         -\$ 1,263.64           EFT14720         26/02/2019         AERODROME MANAGEMENT SERVICES PTY LTD (AMS)         ASIC CARD FOR AIRPORT STAFF         -\$ 66.00           EFT14721         26/02/2019         AMPAC DEBT RECOVERY         DEBT RECOVERY         -\$ 3,365.56	EFT14717	22/02/2019	WA COUNTRY HEALTH SERVICE - MIDWEST	STAFF RECRUITMENT MEDICAL	-\$	198.00	
EFT14720         26/02/2019         AERODROME MANAGEMENT SERVICES PTY LTD (AMS)         ASIC CARD FOR AIRPORT STAFF         -\$         66.00           EFT14721         26/02/2019         AMPAC DEBT RECOVERY         DEBT RECOVERY         -\$         3,365.56	EFT14718	22/02/2019	WESFARMERS KLEENHEAT GAS PTY LTD	ANNUAL CYLINDER SERVICE CHARGE 56 NIMITZ ST	-\$	759.00	
EFT14721         26/02/2019         AMPAC DEBT RECOVERY         DEBT RECOVERY         -\$ 3,365.56	EFT14719	22/02/2019	CUSTOMER	REIMBURSE OVERPAYMENT OF RATES	-\$	1,263.64	
	EFT14720	26/02/2019	AERODROME MANAGEMENT SERVICES PTY LTD (AMS)	ASIC CARD FOR AIRPORT STAFF	-\$	66.00	
EFT14722 26/02/2019 AUSTRALIAN SAFETY ENGINEERS 6 YEAR SERVICE MSA BD COMPACT BREATHING APPARATUS FOR CHLORINE HANDLING -\$ 521.91	EFT14721	26/02/2019	AMPAC DEBT RECOVERY	DEBT RECOVERY	-\$	3,365.56	
	EFT14722	26/02/2019	AUSTRALIAN SAFETY ENGINEERS	6 YEAR SERVICE MSA BD COMPACT BREATHING APPARATUS FOR CHLORINE HANDLING	-\$	521.91	

Reference	Date	Name	Description		Municipal Account	Trust Account
EFT14723		KCTT (KC TRAFFIC AND TRANSPORT PTY LTD)	MURAT ROAD UPGRADE ENGINEERING SERVICES		\$ 12,989.64	Trust Account
EFT14724	26/02/2019	,	CAR PARKING REIMBURSEMENTS		\$ 12,989.64	<del> </del>
		MUMBY'S AUTO ELECTRICAL AND AIR CONDITIONING	MOTOR VEHICLE PARTS	-	•	<del>                                     </del>
EFT14725					\$ 200.00	
EFT14726		SKIPPER TRANSPORT PARTS	EQUIPMENT PARTS		\$ 162.16	
EFT14727		STIHL SHOP (CSP INDUSTRIES PTY LTD)	EQUIPMENT PARTS		\$ 1,830.00	-
EFT14728	26/02/2019	WEST AUSSIE REPTILES	HUSBANDRY AND VENOMOUS RELOCATION COURSE - CURATOR	-	\$ 950.00	<u> </u>
				TOTAL EFT PAYMENTS -	\$ 759,113.36	-\$ 278.00
	2 . / 2 2 / 2 2 . 2				4	
		BAMBOO NOMINEES	COFFEE FOR STAFF ROOM	<u>-</u> -	\$ 44.50	
		SURVEY MONKEY DUBLIN	SUBSCRIPTION 19/20	-	\$ 1,223.64	<u> </u>
	12/02/2019	QANTAS	FLIGHTS FOR CEO MEETINGS WITH RICHARD SEERS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORT 7/02/19	-	\$ 420.20	
			TOTAL CREDIT CARD CEO	-	\$ 1,688.34	
	01/02/2019	CURTAIN UNIVERSITY	STAFF TRAINING HEALTH OFFICER		\$ 1,320.00	
			TOTAL CREDIT CARD DCEO	-	\$ 1,320.00	
	08/02/2019	GEE MARINE KIPPA-RING	AQUARIUM SUPPLIES		\$ 1,620.00	
	28/02/2019		PRINTING	-	\$ 145.95	
						<u> </u>
			TOTAL CREDIT CARD EMCC		\$ 1,765.95	<del> </del>
	11/02/2019	QANTAS	STAFF TRAINING WALGA PAYG 22/5/19	-	\$ 503.11	
	11/02/2019		STAFF TRAINING WALGA GST 6/6/19	-	\$ 556.60	
		SURVEY MONKEY	SUBSCRIPTION 18/19	!	\$ 358.44	
			TOTAL CREDIT CARD EMCS	-	\$ 701.27	
				TOTAL CREDIT CARD PURCHASES -	\$ 5,475.56	-
				TOTAL CREDIT CARD PURCHASES - TOTAL PAYMENTS - February 2019 -	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-\$ 278.00

#### Supporting documentation of IT Infrastructure Leasing submission.

Advice from our current IT support provider is:

As an experienced IT Manager in Local Government, I would strongly advise you to lease, and these are some of the reasons:

- Preventing IT infrastructure from aging. In a report from Gartner, the following failure statistics
  were released a few years ago now, but it is still applicable. The percentage of failure of Desktops
  and Laptops
- By the age of 4 almost all Laptop batteries have deteriorated to the point that users have to keep their laptops on permanent power.
- Both Laptop and PC hardware failure rate increase exponentially after 4 years
- The process to repair an out of warranty PC includes the following:
  - o The user may be busy preparing an agenda for Council, the last thing anyone needs at that stage is an old hard drive to fail.
  - A backup PC may sit on the shelf (One or two backup PCs). The faulty PC now needs to be repaired, parts sourced and shipped, installed and the PC needs to be re-imaged for it to go back on the shelf as backup.
  - o The biggest question during budget preparation is, how many of our PCs will fail in the coming year and what do you provide for in the budget
- Computers and Operating systems have a tendency to slow down as they age. This is as a result of two things, 1) Hardware deteriorates, as it operates the properties of the components (silicon), changes as it heats up over the years, it affects performance. Hard drives get bad sectors and while it still works, it slows down, Operating systems gets weighed down with patches and other software that runs services. Without knowing it the system slowly performs worse year after year. By having a regular replacement strategy automatically allows this to be addressed.
- Users store documents on their local computers, yes, we know they shouldn't, but they do. The longer a document is on a computer, the bigger the risk of it getting lost when the computer fail. By replacing the computer every 4 years, there is an opportunity to move these documents to the server before it is lost
- Most brand name manufacturers provide the option for 4 years onsite warranty, or at least return to workshop warranty. This generally comes at no cost to the end user. This happens during a period of low failure rates, which means the interruption for your user and your IT support is less.
- With leasing you don't need to budget for hardware failure if your equipment is leased with warranty equal to the period of the lease.
- From an IT point of view, what happens when equipment is not leased; is that you end up with multi brand and many different configurations on your hardware. This prevents IT from setting up deploying a SOE. An SOE is a pre-built operating system with the required software ready to push to any PC that may have failed. If you have 10 brands of PC, using the SOE approach is simply too messy and your IT resource requirement increases.
- Operational software and Operating systems are replaced by improved versions and forward thinking organisations try and keep up with changes in this regard"

Our current lease expires in June 2019 which means we will have to go out for tender for a new lease arrangement.

The financial cost and budget are detailed below: Capital Cost - \$195,000 Cost installation labour & travel etc \$20,000

Total once off if Buy \$215,000

4 Year lease cost Indicative estimate from MAIA Leasing

\$14,810.72 per quarter for 48 Months Total over 4 Years - \$236,971.52 This includes the labour for installation.

Budget for each of the 4 Years:

2019/20 \$59,243 2020/21 \$59,243 2021/22 \$59,243 2022/23 \$59,243 **Total \$236,972** 

It is recommended if we go down the lease path that we buy out and retain some items of the total package and these include PC monitors, wireless link, server racks, Symantec Backup Exec 2014, switches, APC surge protectors and other peripheral IT equipment and an approximate cost of \$10K